the annual comprehensive financial report of the
City of Hudson Oaks, TX
for the fiscal year ending
September 30, 2022



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department

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Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



March 20, 2023

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Hudson Oaks, TX

Dear Mayor and City Council:

The City Administrator's Office is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is published to provide the City Council, residents, bondholders, city staff and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of the City government. Responsibility for both accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City.

To the best of our knowledge and belief the enclosed data are accurate in all respects and are organized in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of City operations, which are measured by the financial activity of its various funds. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

THE REPORT

The reporting model issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). We believe our presentation provides better information to use the annual comprehensive financial report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Hudson Oaks' MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

CITY PROFILE

Location

Hudson Oaks is located in Parker County, just 20 miles west of Fort Worth. Hudson Oaks is home to approximately 2,633 people and serves as a prime location for residents who desire a short commute time with the luxury of living in a city with no property tax. There are currently 2.6 square miles of land within the City's boundaries.

Government Structure

Founded in 1978, Hudson Oaks is a Type A General Law Municipality that operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of a mayor and five atlarge council members and is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as appointing members of various statutory and advisory boards, the City Administrator, City Attorney, the City Secretary and the Municipal Judge. The City Administrator is responsible for the enforcement of laws and ordinances, the appointment and supervision of the directors and department heads, and the performance of functions within the municipal organization.

Services Provided

The City provides services that are meant to be necessary and meaningful to the City, while maintaining a low cost to the citizens, including the benefit of no property tax. Major services provided under the general government and enterprise functions are: police, water and wastewater utility services, stormwater utility services, park facilities, streets, and administrative services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.



Regional Economy

Hudson Oaks is 20 miles west of downtown Fort Worth, which makes it an ideal location for people to live and commute. Hudson Oaks has had strong economic growth over the past years, thriving on commercial development as a sales tax dependent City. Unemployment rates have dropped, while City and County sales tax receipts continue to increase.

Local Economy

Hudson Oaks is a thriving economy between Weatherford and Fort Worth. Customers come from all over to shop in Hudson Oaks.

Approximately 70,000 vehicles a day travel through Hudson Oaks, which makes it an ideal place to do business. The stability of the local Wal-Mart and HEB Grocery store along with a variety of food establishments and large employers consistently brings consumers to the area. Sales tax has maintained consistent growth and is the pillar of the City's income. The COVID-19 pandemic did not significantly affect the City and the sales tax during 2021-2022. Hudson Oaks has a wide variety of outlets that consistently bring in sales tax. The sales tax revenue for 2021-

2022 has been conservatively budgeted. The new apartment complex which is approximately 100% occupied will bring more population to the City and provide a base for even more growth.



The City's residential developments are almost at capacity which in turn has begun to generate fewer residential building permits. The increase in valuation is due to the large commercial projects ongoing in the City. The City expects more density in the future, with larger commercial projects.





Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures are recorded when the services or goods are received, and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's utilities are maintained on the accrual basis.

In developing and maintaining the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but no absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial

statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The City code provides that the City Council shall adopt the annual budget prepared by the City Administrator. This budget is reviewed by the City Council and is formally adopted by the passage of a budget ordinance. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

Budgetary control has been established at the individual fund and department level. Financial reports are produced showing budget and actual expenditures by line item and are distributed monthly to City department management and to others upon request.

Individual line items are reviewed and analyzed for budgetary compliance. Personnel expenditures are monitored and controlled at a position level and capital expenditures are monitored and controlled item by item. Revenue budgets are reviewed monthly.

In addition, the City has implemented a five-year strategic plan process that projects full lineitem and capital expenditure detail for all departments. The first year of this strategic plan is utilized as a starting basis for the annual budget.

Cash Management

As of October 1, 2020, the City's depository contract is with First Financial Bank, N.A. It is a three-year relationship period with two one-year extension options.

The remaining idle cash is invested in government securities and government investment pools as allowed by the State of Texas Statutes and by the City's investment policy.

The ending balance of the City's investment portfolio for Fiscal Year 2021-2022 was approximately \$1,864,760. The overall portfolio provided \$241,312 in investment income, representing interest revenue net of realized gains, unrealized gains and losses and investment expenses.

It is the City's policy that all demand deposits and time deposits will have a collateralization level of not less than 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest, less an amount of \$250,000, which represents insurance by the FDIC or FSLIC on certain types of bank deposits. Evidence of pledged collateral shall be documented by safekeeping or a master repurchase agreement with the collateral pledged clearly listed in the agreement and safekeeping confirmations. Collateral is monitored monthly to ensure that the market value of the pledged securities equals or exceeds the related deposit of investment balance.

All investments transacted by the City are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. That is, funds are not wired or paid until verification has been made that the correct security has been received by the Custodian. Securities are held in the name of the City of held on behalf of the City. The original copy of the safekeeping statements is delivered to the City.

The City will not accept as depository collateral any security that is not specifically allowed to be held as a direct investment by the City's portfolio, and the maximum maturity of the collateral securities may be no greater than five years. Collateral is held by an independent third party with whom the depository bank has a custodial agreement. A clearly marked evidence of ownership (safekeeping receipt) is supplied to the City and retained. The safekeeping institution will be the Federal Reserve Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, or an institution not affiliated with the depository bank or the broker/dealer pledging the security. The safekeeping agreement includes the authorized signatories of the City and the depository bank.

All collateral shall be subject to verification and audit by the Financial Analyst or the City's independent auditors.

Long-Term Financing

The City intends that the length of any long-term financing matches the life of assets purchased with the financing. The City will generally use lease-purchase options of larger pieces of equipment with an expected useful life of at least five years. Certificates of Obligation or bonded indebtedness are issued for projects and other significant capital improvements with longer useful lives.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City develops a multi-year blueprint annually for planning the City's future capital expenditures, which coordinates and integrates community planning, development and financial capacity. This blueprint is the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP's goal is to implement necessary infrastructure and facility issues related to city growth and increased service demands and improve efficiency in the city. This strategic capital plan ensures that infrastructure needs projected over the next several years are identified, prioritized and properly funded.

Transparency

The City has been recognized by GFOA for both the Distinguished Budget award program and the Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting for the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

Section 7.13 of the City code requires the City Council to direct that an independent annual audit be made of all accounts of the City. This requirement has been complied with, and the independent auditor's report has been included in this report.

It should be noted that the auditors included all funds in their audit, performed their audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and stated that, in their opinion, the statements herein present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the City at September 30, 2022, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States of America and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Hudson Oaks for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the fifth year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the full support and involvement of the City Administrator and staff that provided information and analyses contained within this document. In addition, we acknowledge the thorough, professional, and timely way our independent auditors, George, Morgan and Sneed, P.C., conducted the audit. Finally, we express appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their continued support for maintaining the highest standard and professionalism of the management of the City's finances.

Sincerely,

Starling L. Nam

Sterling Naron City Administrator

MAYOR

Tom Fitzpatrick

MAYOR PRO-TEM

Daniel Cross

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Place 1 – Tom Marquardt

- Place 2 Brian Lixey
- Place 3 Marty Schrantz
- Place 4 Sean Cannon

CITY ADMINISTRATOR

Sterling Naron

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Ricky King – Public Works Hayden Brodowsky - Operations Shelley Scazzero – City Secretary Paul Conner – Municipal Court Judge

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hudson Oaks Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 - 14 and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions and related ratios, and schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 60 - 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained

during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund schedules and enterprise fund supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund schedules and enterprise fund supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund schedules and enterprise fund supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

George, Morgan - freed P.C.

George, Morgan & Sneed, P.C. Weatherford, Texas March 20, 2023

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of The City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, we offer readers of The City of Hudson Oaks' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of The City of Hudson Oaks for the year ended September 30, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Hudson Oaks exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$19,197,944 (*net position*) compared to \$16,862,895 for the prior year. Of this amount, \$4,230,500 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$2,275,049. The City's operations increased the governmental activities and increased business-type activities by \$1,917,437 and \$357,612 respectively.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Hudson Oaks' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,888,108 compared to \$1,161,223 for the prior year. 94% is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,272,030, or 93% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Hudson Oaks' basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the differences reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and fees).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets and parks, mayor and council, and planning and development. The business-type activities of the City include waterworks, wastewater and stormwater. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's nearterm financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. The Enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and wastewater operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for reimbursements for employee health care costs. Because this service predominately benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, wastewater and stormwater utility funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 7 through 9 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-59 of this report.

Other information.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on Exhibit A-1 through A-4.

The combining and individual nonmajor governmental funds and enterprise fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. These statements can be found on Exhibits B-1 through B-2 and Schedules 1 through 3 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,137,944 as of September 30, 2022. Below is a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position.

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and other assets	\$ 7,015,886	\$ 3,861,508	\$ 1,683,535	\$ 3,502,675	\$ 8,699,421	\$ 7,364,183		
Capital assets	15,830,167	16,175,362	20,099,321	18,690,531	35,929,488	34,865,893		
Total Assets	22,846,053	20,036,870	21,782,856	22,193,206	44,628,909	42,230,076		
Deferred Outflow of Resources	262,927	203,720	57,809	61,367	320,736	265,087		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	262,927	203,720	57,809	61,367	320,736	265,087		
Current liabilities	1,650,726	1,728,698	233,507	231,652	1,884,233	1,960,350		
Long-term liabilities	8,254,124	8,920,945	13,477,938	14,262,317	21,732,062	23,183,262		
Total liabilities	9,904,850	10,649,643	13,711,445	14,493,969	23,616,295	25,143,612		
Deferred Inflow of Resources Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,070,968	375,222	124,438	113,434	2,195,406	488,656		
1 otal Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,070,968	375,222	124,438	113,434	2,195,406	488,656		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	7,776,246	7,623,997	6,661,672	4,525,560	14,437,918	12,149,557		
Restricted Net Position (expendable)	170,641	99,247	298,885	233,675	469,526	332,922		
Unrestricted Net Position	3,186,275	1,492,481	1,044,225	2,887,935	4,230,500	4,380,416		
Total Net Position	\$ 11,133,162	\$ 9,215,725	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 7,647,170	\$ 19,137,944	\$ 16,862,895		

Condensed Statement of Net Position

The largest portion of the City's net position (75%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, automobiles, improvements, infrastructure and construction in progress); less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay

this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$469,526) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$4,230,500 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The following is a summary of the City's Statement of Activities.

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	oe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 940,041	\$ 471,390	\$ 3,144,775	\$ 2,930,853	\$ 4,084,816 \$	3,402,243		
Operating grants and contributions	25,303	50,658	-	-	25,303	50,658		
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
General revenues:								
Sales taxes	4,113,485	3,844,619	-	-	4,113,485	3,844,619		
Franchise taxes	196,346	173,610	-	-	196,346	173,610		
Investment earnings	236,342	5,595	4,970	458	241,312	6,053		
Other Revenue	137,848	293,236	-	-	137,848	293,236		
Total revenues	5,649,365	4,839,108	3,149,745	2,931,311	8,799,110	7,770,419		
Expenses								
General government	1,481,771	1,166,363	-	-	1,481,771	1,166,363		
Public safety	1,505,214	1,432,360	-	-	1,505,214	1,432,360		
Streets	612,629	689,805	-	-	612,629	689,805		
Parks and facilities	187,880	191,756	-	-	187,880	191,756		
Planning and development	310,768	181,560	-	-	310,768	181,560		
Mayor and council	4,167	5,468	-	-	4,167	5,468		
Interest and fiscal charges	218,301	300,899	-	-	218,301	300,899		
Hudson Oaks water	-	-	1,566,712	1,595,882	1,566,712	1,595,882		
Dyegard Water System	-	-	200,654	173,989	200,654	173,989		
Deercreek Management	-	-	103,557	138,290	103,557	138,290		
Wastewater	-	-	320,281	388,516	320,281	388,516		
Stormwater	-	-	12,127	14,094	12,127	14,094		
Total expenses	4,320,730	3,968,211	2,203,331	2,310,772	6,524,061	6,278,983		
Increase (decrease) in net position								
before transfers	1,328,635	870,897	946,414	620,539	2,275,049	1,491,436		
Transfers	588,802	25,924	(588,802)	(25,924)	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,917,437	896,821	357,612	594,615	2,275,049	1,491,436		
Net Position, Beginning	9,215,725	8,318,904	7,647,170	7,052,555	16,862,895	15,371,459		
Net Position, Ending	\$ 11,133,162	\$ 9,215,725	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 7,647,170	\$ 19,137,944 \$	16,862,895		

Condensed Statement of Activities

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,917,437. Key elements are as follows.

- Revenues increased \$810,257. Charges for services increased \$468,651 due to additional permits for large commercial projects. Sales tax increased \$268,866 primarily due to growth, new businesses built in the city and inflation factors. Investment earnings increased due to an increase in interest rates and a market adjustment for investment property values the City owns.
- Expenses increased \$352,519. General governmental expenses increased approximately \$315,408 mainly because an employee increase and professional services. Streets decreased \$77,176 due to less maintenance. Planning and development expenses increased \$129,208 due to increased expenditures associated with additional development.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities 1,600 **Thousands** 1,400 1,200 1,000 800 600 400 200 Public safety General Streets Parks and Planning and Mayor and Interest and facilities government development council fiscal charges Expenses Program revenues

Below are two graphs summarizing governmental revenue and expense:



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$357,612. Key elements are as follows.

- Revenues increased \$218,434. Charges for service increased \$213,922 due to an increase in • water consumption. Investment earnings increased \$4,512 due to increasing interest rates.
- Expenses decreased \$107,441. Waterworks expenses decreased \$29,170 primarily due to a • change in employees. Wastewater expenses decreased \$68,235 due to additional repairs and improvements made on the wastewater system in the prior year. Dyegard expenses increased due to additional repairs.

Below are two graphs summarizing business-type activities revenue and expense:



^{***********}



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At year end, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,888,108. (94%) of the ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,272,030. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$1,317,179. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Revenues increased about 19% or \$886,486 The City's sales tax revenues increased significantly during the year due to additional business and increased spending. Licenses and permit revenue increased 76% due to additional permits for large construction projects. Interest revenue increased due to an increase in interest rates and valuation assessment of property held for investments.
- Expenditures increased about 2% or \$71,731. General government expenditures increased \$224,066 as employee salary increases as well as adding an additional employee occurred. Public safety expenditures increased approximately 2% on increased police presence and overtime. Planning and development increased due to the growth in permits and the need for requirement more inspections.

Below is a comparison of the general fund's net change in fund balance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and September 30, 2021.

				Percent
			Increase	Increase
	2022	2021	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Revenues:				
Taxes				
Sales and use	\$ 4,115,575	\$ 3,777,991	\$ 337,584	9%
Franchise	189,890	177,967	11,923	7%
Licenses and permits	665,042	376,812	288,230	76%
Charges for services	25,341	11,419	13,922	122%
Municipal court fines	8,004	15,603	(7,599)	-49%
Interest	235,493	5,352	230,141	4300%
Intergovernmental	25,303	49,523	(24,220)	0%
Miscellaneous	321,833	285,328	36,505	13%
Total revenues	5,586,481	4,699,995	886,486	19%
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,136,456	912,390	224,066	25%
Public safety	1,498,739	1,462,237	36,502	2%
Streets	355,038	319,270	35,768	11%
Parks and facilities	189,714	521,863	(332,149)	-64%
Planning and development	310,768	181,560	129,208	71%
Mayor and council	4,167	5,468	(1,301)	-24%
Debt service	ŕ			
Principal	32,803	53,157	(20,354)	-38%
Interest and fiscal charges	2,483	2,492	(9)	0%
Total expenditures	3,530,168	3,458,437	71,731	2%
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers In	565,955	_	565,955	0%
Transfers Out	(1,330,282)	(830,498)	(499,784)	60%
Financed Purchases	25,193	25,193	(+)),/0+)	0%
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,317,179	\$ 436,253	\$ 880,926	202%
	φ 1,517,177	÷ 150,255	\$ 000,720	20270

The general debt service fund is the other major government fund. Changes in this fund include transfers in from other funds to pay debt service and debt service payment. Proceeds and payments to escrow agents also contributed to changes in this funds balance.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Proprietary Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,044,225. The change in net position was a \$357,612 increase. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City amended the general fund budget once during fiscal year 2022. Budgeted revenues were increased \$686,957. Budgeted expenditures were increased \$686,957. The most significant changes to expenditures were to increase the general government, planning and development and transfers out. General fund budget exceeded expenditures by \$475,224.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$35,929,489 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water and wastewater systems, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

- \$345,659 for trail improvements and construction in progress.
- \$33,840 for a new police vehicle.

Business-type activities:

- \$981,912 for land to build a new wastewater treatment plant.
- \$193,407 in stormwater improvements and repairs.
- \$748,737 water line to Fort Worth.

(Net of Depreciation)									
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	Total					
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Land	\$ 942,382	\$ 942,382	\$ 1,541,780	\$ 559,867	\$ 2,484,162	\$ 1,502,249			
Buildings	1,967,040	2,055,104	27,628	28,815	1,994,668	2,083,919			
Water plant	-	-	2,285,336	2,443,887	2,285,336	2,443,887			
Distribution systems	-	-	2,734,930	2,903,515	2,734,930	2,903,515			
Wastewater systems	-	-	2,120,147	2,251,989	2,120,147	2,251,989			
Automobiles	115,863	131,303	28,209	41,750	144,072	173,053			
Intangible Assets	-	-	405,587	434,135	405,587	434,135			
Equipment	96,650	145,724	17,857	30,869	114,507	176,593			
Improvements	63,176	76,410	-	-	63,176	76,410			
Infrastructure	11,982,479	12,530,016	-	-	11,982,479	12,530,016			
Leases	22,495	-	-	-	22,495	-			
Construction in progress	640,082	294,423	10,937,848	9,995,704	11,577,930	10,290,127			
Total	\$ 15,830,167	\$ 16,175,362	\$ 20,099,322	\$ 18,690,531	\$ 35,929,489	\$ 34,865,893			

The City of Hudson Oaks Capital Assets (Not of Depreciation)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hudson Oaks had total bonded debt, notes payable and capital leases payable of \$21,434,724.

	 Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total		
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Financed Purchases	\$ 59,290	\$	55,382	\$	17,393	\$	34,341	\$	76,683	\$	89,723
Lease financing	23,014		-		-		-		23,014		-
Certificates of Obligation	6,043,243		6,436,983		9,966,784		10,219,430		16,010,027		16,656,413
General Obligation bonds	1,881,500		2,059,000	_	3,443,500		3,911,200	_	5,325,000	_	5,970,200
Total	\$ 8,007,047	\$	8,551,365	\$	13,427,677	\$	14,164,971	\$	21,434,724	\$	22,716,336

City of Hudson Oaks' Outstanding Debt

More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in note 7 to the financial statements.

Economic factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Hudson Oaks commercial development again increased significantly in 2022. The new apartments are approximately 100% occupied bringing new residents into town. A continuing increase in major commercial construction projects continue to come into the City. As the City continues its mission for a no property tax City, the reliance on commercial development to produce sales tax is extremely important.

Looking ahead to 2023, inflation continues to impact sales tax. The sales tax base continues to grow over the inflation marks so far in fiscal year 2023. Infrastructure continues to improve in the City with additional access points, exits and other streets seeing improvements, paving the way for future development and more growth.

Much of the focus continues to be on growing the sales tax base as the City maintains its functionality without a property tax. A focus towards being a full-service City without a property tax is the main goal in Hudson Oaks and building a comprehensive and competitive sales tax marketplace accomplishes what the City strives to achieve.

The fiscal year 2023 general fund budget continues the City's conservative approach to fiscal matters. The budget includes additional funds for street maintenance, police protection, and employee retention while holding sales tax projections related to the developments to a minimum. This conservative approach will allow the City more flexibility if revenues exceed budget in the future to expand on developments to continue to grow the City. While the City expects business to continue to increase, some events have led to a more conservative approach than normal for 2023.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, 210 Hudson Oaks Drive, Hudson Oaks, Texas 76087.
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit 1

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

ASSETS: Cosh and exel equivalents \$ 2,332,653 \$ 1,075,237 \$ 3,407,890 Investments 2,032,067 1,864,760 Accounts - 209,811 209,811 Sales tax 754,468 - 754,468 Franchise taxes 91,519 - 91,519 Fines 36,128 - 36,128 Mascellameous receivables 429,271 65,411 553,832 Leases 1657,391 - 16,57,391 Prepaid items 15,959 3,166 19,161 Internal Balances 133,968 - 9,911 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 20,862 Depreciable 15,82,464 12,479,623 14,062,092 Depreciable controthow of RESO		Governmental Activities	Primary Government Business-type Activities	Total
Investments 1.600,793 263,967 1.844,760 Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles) 299,811 299,811 299,811 Sales tax 754,468 754,468 754,468 Franchise taxes 91,519 91,519 Files 36,128 - 36,128 Prepaid tenss 1.657,391 - 1.653,832 Leases 1.657,391 - 1.657,391 Cab and cab equivalents - 9,911 9,911 Capital assets (not of accumulated depreciation): - 9,911 9,911 Nondepreciable 1.582,644 12,479,623 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 14,247,033 21,782,856 44,033,900 Deffered outflows on pensions 266,932 53,318 300,250 Deffered outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,401 20,486 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,908 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,049,645 LIABULTIES: 2 2 57,800 5		¢ 0.000 (50	¢ 1.075.007	¢ 2.407.000
Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles) - 299,811 299,811 Accounts - 754,468 - 754,468 Franchise taxes 91,519 - 361,28 - 361,28 Miscellaneous receivables 492,271 65,411 558,382 1667,391 - 16,67,391 Iterame Blances 153995 3,166 19,161 - 9,011 29,111 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 9,011 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,011 29,111 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,011 29,111 20,022 20,029 21,867,306 14,062,092 21,867,306 14,062,092 21,867,306 14,062,092 21,867,306 14,062,092 21,867,305 21,867,305 21,867,306 21,867,306 21,867,306 21,867,306 21,867,307 2,64,403 2,045,401 20,486 20,486 20,486 20,456 24,4932 21,78,856 44,289,909 21,867,907 21,867,907 21,867,907 20,456 24,949,645 <				
Accounts - 29,811 29,811 Sales tax 754,468 - 754,468 Fines 31,519 - 91,519 Fines 34,212 - 36,213 Missellmeous receivables 402,971 65,411 558,382 Lesses 1,57,391 - 1,657,391 Prepaid items 15,995 3,166 19,161 Internal Balances 32,908 (33,906) - Restricted asset: - 9,911 9,911 0,911 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 0,911 0,911 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 0,911 0,911 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,218,736 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation): - 9,218,736 21,867,396 Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on oPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Cash and Deferred Outflows of Resources 22,31,86,390		1,600,793	263,967	1,864,760
Sales tax 754,468 - 754,468 Franchise taxes 91,519 - 91,519 Fines 36,128 - 36,128 Missellaneous receivables 402,971 65,411 553,382 Leases 1,557,391 - 1,657,391 - 1,673,391 Prepaid items 15,995 3,166 19,161 Internal Balances - 9,911 0,911 Cash and cash cquivalents - - 9,911 0,911 0,911 Cash and cash cquivalents - - 9,911 0,911 Cash and cash cquivalents - - 9,911 0,911 Cash and cash cquivalents - - 9,911 0,911 Cash and cash cquivalents - 21,867,396 21,867,396 Depreciable 1.582,464 12,479,628 14,4602,092 Depreciable net of accumulated depreciation 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 Defered outflows on Pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Defered outflows on Pensions 262,927 57,809 320,736 <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>200 811</td> <td>200.811</td>		_	200 811	200.811
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Miscellancous receivables 492,971 65,411 558,882 Leases 1,657,391 - 1,657,391 - Prepaid items 13,995 3,166 19,161 Internal Balances 33,968 (33,968) - Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 9,911 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - 9,916 1,4062,002 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,002,002 Defered outflows on pensions 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,028,900 Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 LIABILITIES: 262,927 57,809 320,736 Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Due armord pratreeme 615,475 - 615,475 Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Due armord pratreeme 615,475 - 615,475 Acco			_	
Less 1.657.391 - 1.657.391 Prepaid items 1.5995 3.166 19.161 Internal Balances 3.3968 (33.908) - Cash and cash equivalents - 9.911 9.911 Capital assets (et of accumulated depreciation): - 9.911 9.911 Capital assets (et of accumulated depreciation): - 9.913 21,867.396 Total Assets 22,846.053 21,782.856 44,628,909 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 266.932 53.318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 266.932 57.809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 2 23.108,980 \$ 21.840.665 \$ 44,949,645 LABUTHSY: - - - 615.475 - 615.475 Accrued interest payable 998,376 204,549 1.202.925 10.202.925 Uncarned grant revenue 615.475 - 615.475 Due in more war 795.002 780.724 1.575.26 Due in more war 795.002 780.724 1.575.26 Due in more war 7			65 411	
Prepaid items 15.995 3.166 19,161 Internal Balances 33,968 (33,968) - Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 9,911 Capital assets: 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 12,4247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 DefFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15.995 4,491 20,486 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 2 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: - 615,475 - 615,475 Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Ducarried mitters payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 99,04,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 Date innow release 1,66,361 - 1,616,361			,	
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Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 9,911 Capital assets (ret of accumulated depreciation): 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 2 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: 20,4549 1,202,925 1,202,925 1,202,925 1,202,925 Due amed grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 - 615,475 Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 1,2697,214 20,156,336 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,375,726 65,833 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,375,726 Due within one year 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738		55,700	(55,500)	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Nondepreciable 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 266,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 5 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,655 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 1,202,925 Oneamed grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 - 615,475 Accounts Payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 Due with none year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 21,269,214 20,366,295 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 9,784 9,725 58,846 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,003 2,135 9,728 58,846 23,616,295 24,647 1,616,361		-	9,911	9,911
Nondepreciable 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 DeFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 2 22,227 57,809 320,736 Cotal Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABLITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Unearned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more year 7,053 2,133 512,461 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on refunding 7,76,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Dubits Safety 18,497 - 18,497			,,,	,,,
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 14.247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,227 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accrued inferse payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Oncernet liabilities: Due within one year 7,95,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,067,214 20,366,295 13,711,445 23,616,295 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,603 2,135 9,728 56,846 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,76,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Dubit Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Net Inv	• • •	1,582,464	12.479.628	14.062.092
DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 LLABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Unearned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 - Accounts Payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,607,214 20,156,336 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Liabilities 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406	*			
Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Uncarned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accruct Interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 990,4362 12,697,214 20,156,336 Due within one year 745,012 12,697,214 20,156,336 Due in more than one year 745,012 12,697,214 20,156,336 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net I	Total Assets	22,846,053	21,782,856	44,628,909
Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Uncarned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accruct Interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 990,4362 12,697,214 20,156,336 Due within one year 745,012 12,697,214 20,156,336 Due in more than one year 745,012 12,697,214 20,156,336 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net I	DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Uncamed grant revenue 615,475 615,475 615,475 Accounts Payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 9904,850 13,711,445 22,616,295 DeFFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9904,850 13,711,445 22,616,295 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,603 2,143 2,195,406 NET POSITION: 2,007,0968 124,438 2,195,406 Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 288,974 288,974 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Ouber Service 95,333 9,911 105,244		246 932	53 318	300 250
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Uncarned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accruci interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 0 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows refued to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: N - 1,8497 - 18,497 Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Uncarned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accruci interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 0 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows refued to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: N - 1,8497 - 18,497 Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918	Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	262 927	57 809	320 736
LLABILITIES: 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Accounts Payable 615,475 - 615,475 Accrued interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9 9 12,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Capital Proj				
Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Unearned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accrued interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 Deferred inflows on oPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Dublic Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Dublic Safety 3,373 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 23,108,980	\$ 21,840,665	\$ 44,949,645
Uncarned grant revenue $615,475$ - $615,475$ Accrued interest payable $36,875$ $28,958$ $65,833$ Noncurrent liabilities:Due within one year $795,002$ $780,724$ $1,575,726$ Due in more than one year $7,459,122$ $12,697,214$ $20,156,336$ Total Liabilities $9,904,850$ $13,711,445$ $23,616,295$ DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $400,130$ $112,331$ $512,461$ Deferred inflows on pensions $400,130$ $112,331$ $512,461$ Deferred inflows on oPEB $7,603$ $2,135$ $9,738$ Deferred inflows related to leases $1,616,361$ - $1,616,361$ Total Deferred Inflow of Resources $2,070,968$ $124,438$ $2,195,406$ NET POSITION:Net Investments in Capital Assets $7,776,246$ $6,661,672$ $14,437,918$ Restricted Net Position - Debt Service $95,333$ $9,911$ $105,244$ Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects $3,373$ $3,373$ Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects $3,373$ $3,373$ Restricted Net Position - Other $53,438$ $ 53,438$ Unrestricted Net Position - Other $53,438$ $ 53,438$ Unrestricted Net Position $3,186,275$ $1,044,225$ $4,230,500$ Total Net Position $11,133,162$ $8,004,782$ $19,137,944$				
Accrued interest payable $36,875$ $28,958$ $65,833$ Noncurrent liabilities:Due within one year $795,002$ $780,724$ $1,575,726$ Due in more than one year $7459,122$ $12,697,214$ $20,156,336$ Total Liabilities $9,904,850$ $13,711,445$ $223,616,295$ DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $9,904,850$ $13,711,445$ $23,616,295$ Deferred inflows on pensions $400,130$ $112,331$ $512,461$ Deferred inflows on OPEB $7,603$ $2,135$ $9,738$ Deferred inflows on refunding $46,874$ $9,9722$ $56,846$ Deferred inflows related to leases $1,616,361$ - $1,616,361$ Total Deferred Inflow of Resources $2,070,968$ $124,438$ $2,195,406$ NET POSITION:Net Investments in Capital Assets $7,776,246$ $6,661,672$ $14,437,918$ Restricted Net Position - Public Safety $18,497$ - $18,497$ Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects $3,373$ $3,373$ Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects $3,373$ $3,373$ Restricted Net Position - Other $53,438$ - $53,438$ Unrestricted Net Position - Other $53,438$ - $53,438$ Unrestricted Net Position $3,186,275$ $1,044,225$ $4,230,500$ Total Net Position $11,133,162$ $8,004,782$ $19,137,944$			204,549	
Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9 100,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on relunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows of Resources 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>	-		-	
Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on oPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 - 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position - Other 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,16		36,875	28,958	65,833
Due in more than one year $7,459,122$ $12,697,214$ $20,156,336$ Total Liabilities $9,904,850$ $13,711,445$ $23,616,295$ DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $400,130$ $112,331$ $512,461$ Deferred inflows on pensions $400,130$ $112,331$ $512,461$ Deferred inflows on OPEB $7,603$ $2,135$ $9,738$ Deferred inflows on refunding $46,874$ $9,972$ $56,846$ Deferred inflows on refunding $2,070,968$ $124,438$ $2,195,406$ Net not all Deferred Inflow of Resources $2,070,968$ $124,438$ $2,195,406$ NET POSITION: $7,776,246$ $6,661,672$ $14,437,918$ Net Investments in Capital Assets $7,776,246$ $6,661,672$ $14,437,918$ Restricted Net Position - Dublic Safety $18,497$ $ 18,497$ Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees $ 288,974$ $288,974$ Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects $3,373$ $3,373$ Restricted Net Position - Other $53,438$ $ 53,438$ Unrestricted Net Position - Other $3,186,275$ $1,044,225$ $4,230,500$ Total Net Position $11,133,162$ $8,004,782$ $19,137,944$				
Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 - 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-			
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: - 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944				
Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: - 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Total Liabilities	9,904,850	13,711,445	23,616,295
Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: - 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 0ther 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944		400.100	110.001	510 AC1
Deferred inflows on refunding Deferred inflows related to leases $46,874$ $1,616,361$ $9,972$ $ 56,846$ $1,616,361$ Total Deferred Inflow of Resources $2,070,968$ $124,438$ $2,195,406$ NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets $7,776,246$ $18,497$ $6,661,672$ $ 14,437,918$ $18,497$ Restricted Net Position - Public Safety Restricted Net Position - Debt Service $95,333$ $ 9,911$ $105,244$ $288,974$ $288,974$ $288,974$ $288,974$ Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects $3,373$ $ 3,373$ 	1			
Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: - 1,8497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944			,	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION:	e			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Deterred inflows related to leases	1,010,301	-	1,010,301
Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,070,968	124,438	2,195,406
Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500	NET POSITION:			
Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	*		6,661,672	
Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	•		-	
Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944		95,333		
Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	*	-	288,974	
Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944				
Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944			-	
	Unrestricted Net Position	3,186,275	1,044,225	4,230,500
Total Liability, Deferred Inflows of Resourcs, and Net Position \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645	Total Net Position	11,133,162	8,004,782	19,137,944
	Total Liability, Deferred Inflows of Resourcs, and Net Position	\$ 23,108,980	\$ 21,840,665	\$ 44,949,645

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		harges for Services	Operating or Grants and Contributions		Gra	apital nts and ributions	
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 1,481,771	\$	214,968	\$	25,303	\$	-	
Public safety	1,505,214		60,031		-		-	
Streets	612,629		-		-		-	
Parks and facilities	187,880		-		-		-	
Planning and development	310,768		665,042		-		-	
Mayor and council	4,167		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	218,301		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	 4,320,730		940,041		25,303	. <u> </u>		
Business-type activities:								
Hudson Oaks water	1,566,712		1,872,034		-		-	
Wastewater	320,281		574,750		-		-	
Dyegard water system	200,654		310,363		-		-	
Deercreek management	103,557		190,898		-		-	
Stormwater utility system	12,127		196,730		-		-	
Total business-type activities	 2,203,331		3,144,775					
Total primary government	 6,524,061		4,084,816		25,303		-	

General Revenues: Taxes: Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes Investment Earnings Other Revenue Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position October 1

Net Position September 30

Exhibit 2

			ary Government	
G	overnmental	Bı	isiness-type	
	Activities		Activities	Total
\$	(1,241,500)	\$	-	\$ (1,241,500)
	(1,445,183)		-	(1,445,183)
	(612,629)		-	(612,629)
	(187,880)		-	(187,880)
	354,274		-	354,274
	(4,167)		-	(4,167)
	(218,301)		-	(218,301)
	(3,355,386)		-	 (3,355,386)
	-		305,322	305,322
	-		254,469	254,469
	-		109,709	109,709
	-		87,341	87,341
	-		184,603	184,603
	-		941,444	 941,444
	(3,355,386)		941,444	 (2,413,942)
	4,113,485		-	4,113,485
	196,346		-	196,346
	236,342		4,970	241,312
	137,848		-	137,848
	588,802		(588,802)	 -
	5,272,823		(583,832)	 4,688,991
	1,917,437		357,612	2,275,049
	9,215,725		7,647,170	 16,862,895
\$	11,133,162	\$	8,004,782	\$ 19,137,944

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	General Debt Service Fund		Debt Service Governmental		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Assets:								
Cash	\$	1,536,783	\$	95,333	\$	700,268	\$	2,332,384
Investments		1,600,763		-		30		1,600,793
Receivables								
Sales Tax		754,468		-		-		754,468
Franchise Tax		91,519		-		-		91,519
Fines and fees		36,128		-		-		36,128
Miscellaneous		491,309		-		1,662		492,971
Leases		1,657,391		-		-		1,657,391
Prepaid items		15,995		-		-		15,995
Due from other funds		102,242		-		41,706		143,948
Total assets	\$	6,286,598	\$	95,333	\$	743,666	\$	7,125,597
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		467,195		-		531,181		998,376
Unearned grant revenue		-		-		615,475		615,475
Due to Other Funds		7,738		-		102,242		109,980
Total liabilities		474,933		-		1,248,898		1,723,831
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Deferred revenue		897,297		-		-		897,297
Leases		1,616,361		-		-		1,616,361
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,513,658		-		-		2,513,658
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		15,995		-		-		15,995
Restricted fund balance		,						,
Public, educational, and government access fees		9,982		-		-		9,982
Public Safety		_		-		18,497		18,497
Parks		-		-		2,924		2,924
Capital Projects		-		-		3,373		3,373
Special Events		-		-		40,532		40,532
Debt Service		-		95,333		-		95,333
Assigned fund balance								
Unassigned fund balance		3,272,030		-		(570,558)		2,701,472
Total fund balances		3,298,007		95,333		(505,232)	. <u> </u>	2,888,108
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	6,286,598	\$	95,333	\$	743,666	\$	7,125,597

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,888,108
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of these assets was \$21,701,838 and the accumulated depreciation was \$5,871,671.	15,830,167
Long-term liabilities, including \$7,924,743 bonds payable, \$59,290 of capital leases payable, \$23,014 of lease financing, and \$169,331 compensated absences payable are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements.	(8,176,378)
Interest payable is not expected to be liquidated with available financial resources and is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements.	(36,875)
Franchise taxes receivable, sales tax receivable, and fines and fees receivable are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.	897,297
Deferred inflows on refunding is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. This resulted in a decrease to net position.	(46,874)
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$21,706, a deferred resource inflow related to pensions of \$400,130 and a deferred resource outflow related to pensions in the amount of \$246,932. This resulted in a decrease to net position.	(174,904)
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) as required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$56,040, a deferred inflow related to OPEB of \$7,603, a deferred outflow to OPEB of \$15,995. This results in a decrease to net position.	(47,648)
The City uses an internal service fund to charge costs of reimbursements to employees for health care costs above deductible amounts. The adjustment is to reflect the consolidation of the internal service fund activities related to governmental activities.	269
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,133,162

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

DEVENUES	Gener	al Fund	General Debt Service Fund		Debt Service Governmental		Governmental		Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES:										
Taxes Sales and Use	¢ 1	115 575	¢		\$		¢	4 115 575		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	115,575	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,115,575		
Franchise		189,890		-		-		189,890		
Licenses and permits		665,042		-		-		665,042		
Charges for services		25,341		-		-		25,341		
Municipal court fines		8,004		-		281		8,285		
Interest		235,493		632		217		236,342		
Intergovernmental		25,303		-		-		25,303		
Miscellaneous		321,833		-		171,971		493,804		
Total revenues	5,	586,481		632		172,469		5,759,582		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government	1,	136,456		-		111,646		1,248,102		
Public safety	1,	498,739		-		-		1,498,739		
Streets		355,038		-		-		355,038		
Parks and facilities		189,714		-		-		189,714		
Planning and development		310,768		-		-		310,768		
Mayor and council		4,167		-		-		4,167		
Capital outlay		-		-		213,095		213,095		
Debt service:										
Principal		32,803		557,500		-		590,303		
Interest and fiscal charges		2,483		234,283		-		236,766		
Total expenditures	3,	530,168		791,783		324,741		4,646,692		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	2	056,313		(791,151)		(152,272)		1,112,890		
(under) experientures	2,	050,515		(791,151)		(132,272)		1,112,090		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		565,955		886,381		598,748		2,051,084		
Transfers out	(1,	330,282)		-		(132,000)		(1,462,282)		
Issuance of financed purchases		25,193		-		-		25,193		
Total other financing sources (uses):	(739,134)		886,381		466,748		613,995		
Net change in fund balance	1,	317,179		95,230		314,476		1,726,885		
Fund balance, October 1	1,	980,828		103		(819,708)		1,161,223		
Fund balance, September 30	\$3,	298,007	\$	95,333	\$	(505,232)	\$	2,888,108		

Exhibit 6

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of	
The Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022	
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,726,885
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including \$379,499 of capital outlays and \$590,303 of debt principal payments is to increase net position.	969,802
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(759,226)
Current year issuance of capital lease payables are other financing sources in the fund financial statements. The effect of \$25,193 increase in capital lease payable is a decrease to net position.	(25,193)
Current year interest payable and compensated absences of the governmental funds are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the \$4,725 decrease in interest payable, \$28,403 increase in compensated absences payable and \$13,740 amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts is to decrease net position.	(9,938)
Sales tax, franchise tax, fines and fees, and other intergovernmental revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund statements.	(110,217)
GASB required the City to recognize their net pension liability, deferred resource inflow related to pensions and deferred resource outflow related to pensions. The changes in these balances decreased net position.	136,660
GASB required the City to recognize their other post employment benefit liability and deferred inflows related to OPEB. The changes in these balances decreased net position.	(5,932)
The City uses and internal service fund to charge the costs of health costs reimbursable to employees to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	(5,404)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,917,437

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

September 30, 2022

	September 50, 2022			Governmental
		Business-type Activitie	Activities	
	Water &	Other	Total	Internal Service
	Wastewater	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Fund
Assets				
Current Assets: Cash	\$ 755,027	\$ 220.210	\$ 1,075,237	\$ 260
Investments	\$ 755,027 263,967	\$ 320,210	\$ 1,075,257 263,967	\$ 269
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	279,680	20,131	299,811	-
Miscellaneous receivables	65,411	20,131	65,411	-
Due from other funds	7,738	_	7,738	
Prepaid expense	3,166	-	3,166	-
Restricted cash	2,995	6,916	9,911	-
Total current assets	1,377,984	347,257	1,725,241	269
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable	12,286,221	193,407	12,479,628	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	7,063,219	556,474	7,619,693	
Total noncurrent assets	19,349,440	749,881	20,099,321	
Total assets	20,727,424	1,097,138	21,824,562	269
Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Deferred Outflow of Resources Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	53,318		53,318	
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	4,491	-	4,491	-
Detened Outflow Related to OFEB	4,491		4,491	
Total deferred outflow of resources	57,809		57,809	
Liabilities			-	
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	204,549	-	204,549	-
Compensated absences payable	28,435	-	28,435	-
Due to other funds	-	41,706	41,706	-
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Current portion of long-term debt	726,250	26,039	752,289	-
Accrued interest payable	27,254	1,704	28,958	
Total current liabilities	986,488	69,449	1,055,937	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Net pension liability	6,094	-	6,094	-
OPEB liability	15,732	-	15,732	
Certificates of obligation	12,277,134	398,254	12,675,388	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,298,960	398,254	12,697,214	-
Total liabilities	13,285,448	467,703	13,753,151	-
	.,,			
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	112,331	-	112,331	-
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	2,135	-	2,135	-
Deferred Inflow on refunding	9,972		9,972	
Total deferred outflow of resources	124,438		124,438	
Net Position				
Net Investment in capital assets	6,336,084	325,588	6,661,672	-
Restricted for debt service (expendable)	2,995	6,916	9,911	-
Restricted for impact fees (expendable)	288,974	-	288,974	-
Unrestricted	747,294	296,931	1,044,225	269
Total net position	\$ 7,375,347	\$ 629,435	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 269

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

			Business-	type Activitie	s			ernmental ctivities
		Water &		Other		Total	Inter	nal Service
	V	Wastewater	Enter	prise Funds	Ente	erprise Funds		Fund
Operating revenues:					-			
Water, wastewater and Stormwater	\$	2,545,462	\$	196,730	\$	2,742,192	\$	-
Management contract charges		190,898		-		190,898		-
Late payment charges		13,725		-		13,725		-
Tap Fees		26,000		-		26,000		-
Impact fees		62,577		-		62,577		-
Customer assessment fees		20,920		-		20,920		-
Miscellaneous fees & charges		88,463		-		88,463		30,000
Total operating revenues		2,948,045		196,730		3,144,775		30,000
Operating expenses: Personal services		201 071				201.071		
Personal services Professional services		281,071		-		281,071		-
		128,653		-		128,653		35,428
Supplies		109,785		-		109,785		-
Operations		643,297		-		643,297		-
Maintenance and repairs		191,551		-		191,551		-
Well utilities		148,091		-		148,091		-
Depreciation		512,691		2,575		515,266		-
Total operating expenses		2,015,139		2,575		2,017,714		35,428
Operating income (loss)		932,906		194,155		1,127,061		(5,428)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest		4,909		61		4,970		24
Interest expense		(176,065)		(9,552)		(185,617)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(171,156)		(9,491)		(180,647)		24
Contributions and transfers:								
Transfers out		(588,802)		-		(588,802)		-
		(588,802)		-		(588,802)		-
Change in net position		172,948		184,664		357,612		(5,404)
Net Position, Beginning		7,202,399		444,771		7,647,170		5,673
Net Position, Ending	\$	7,375,347	\$	629,435	\$	8,004,782	\$	269

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

			Dusinas	a truna A ativitia				ernmental ctivities
			Busines	s-type Activities	T (1			
	Ţ	Water &	Other		Ent	Total	Inter	nal Service
Cash Barry from an anti-time anti-itime		Vastewater	Ente	erprise Funds	Ent	erprise Funds		Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢	2.024.627	¢	107 111	¢	2 221 729	¢	20.000
Cash received from customers and users	\$	3,024,627	\$	197,111	\$	3,221,738	\$	30,000
Cash paid to suppliers		(1,153,281)		-		(1,153,281)		(35,428)
Cash paid to employees		(322,530)		-		(322,530)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,548,816		197,111		1,745,927		(5,428)
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:								
Due to other funds		-		41,706		41,706		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Transfers in (out)		(588,802)		-		(588,802)		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(588,802)		41,706		(547,096)		-
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		((0) 205		(0= 000)		(710.007)		
Principal payments - certificates of obligation		(694,307)		(25,000)		(719,307)		-
Principal payments - financed purchases		(16,947)		-		(16,947)		-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,730,650)		(193,407)		(1,924,057)		-
Interest payments		(226,438)		(10,675)		(237,113)		-
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and								
related financing activities		(2,668,342)		(229,082)		(2,897,424)		-
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received		4,909		61		4,970		24
(Purchase) sale of investments		247,014		-		247,014		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing		2.7,011				2.7,011		<u> </u>
activities		251,923		61		251,984		24
		201,920		01		201,901		
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(1,456,405)		9,796		(1,446,609)		(5,404)
Cash, October 1		2,214,427		317,330		2,531,757		5,673
Cash, September 30	\$	758,022	\$	327,126	\$	1,085,148	\$	269
Describilition of income from enoustions								
Reconciliation of income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Income (loss) from operations	\$	932,906		194,155		1,127,061		(5,428)
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net	4	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		19 1,100		1,127,001		(0,120)
cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation		512,691		2,575		515,266		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		76,582		381		76,963		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		6,849		-		6,849		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources		3,558		-		3,558		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		61,247		-		61,247		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		(8,936)		-		(8,936)		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,136		-		3,136		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(48,373)		-		(48,373)		-
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		(1,848)		-		(1,848)		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources		11,004				11,004		
Net adjustments		615,910		2,956		618,866		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,548,816	\$	197,111	\$	1,745,927	\$	(5,428)
The easi provided by operating activities	φ	1,570,010	ψ	17/,111	ψ	1,773,727	ψ	(3,720)

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General Statement

The City of Hudson Oaks (the "City") is a General Law Type A city which adopted a counciladministrator form of government by ordinance in 2007. The City provides the following services as authorized by the State of Texas Local Government Code: public safety (police), public works, parks and recreation, water, wastewater, stormwater, and general administration.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds are included in the accompanying financial statements and conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u> and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Hudson Oaks has no component units.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all on the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and the internal service fund. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, however, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives payment.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges and transfers between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which cannot be eliminated.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax receipts and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the principal and interest payments on the city's general debt. Monthly transfers are made into this fund and debt payments are subsequently paid from this fund.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *water and wastewater fund* is used for activities which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Combining schedules can be found on page 64 - 66 of the financial statements, under enterprise fund supplementary information. There are no external parties that require separate segment reporting for the supplementary information.

The City reports other enterprise funds as nonmajor funds:

The *stormwater utility fund* accounts for the operation of the Stormwater Utility and provides funding for storm drainage capital improvements and enhanced maintenance of the storm drainage system in order to reduce stormwater related pollutants from entering the City's waterways. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and internet for the stormwater debt.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *internal service fund* accounts for health insurance reimbursements and health card advancements to employees of the government. The internal service und charges various other funds containing personnel to provide these services for employees. Because these services predominately benefit the governmental rather than the business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expense from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and wastewater fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity within three months or less when purchased. The City does not include cash in broker accounts pending investment or amounts invested in TexPool or TexStar as cash equivalents.

2) <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as Due To/From Other Funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are presented net of allowance for uncollectible accounts. Water, dyegard, wastewater, and stormwater funds accounts receivable with final status comprise the allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$28,347. In the governmental activities the fines and fees receivable are reported net of an allowance of \$144,491 which is 80% of the outstanding receivable.

3) <u>Unbilled Services</u>

Utility operating revenues (water, dyegard, wastewater and stormwater) are billed on monthly cycles. The City records estimated revenues for services delivered during the current fiscal year, which will be billed during the next fiscal year. \$163,067 of unbilled services is reported with accounts receivable in the proprietary fund.

4) <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

5) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The City has established Interest and Sinking Fund accounts in the utility capital projects fund. The use of these accounts is limited by bond ordinances and other legal restrictions.

6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. The



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government and proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings	40 years
Water plant	7-25 years
Distribution system	30 years
Office equipment	5-7 years
Automobiles and trucks	3-5 years

7) <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualifies in this category. Deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB, both reported in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items in this category. Unavailable revenues for governmental funds and deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statements are reported as deferred inflows of resources. At the end of the fiscal year the components of deferred inflows in the governmental funds were as follows:

Deferred Revenue	
Sales taxes	\$ 359,518
Franchise taxes	87,260
Court fines	36,642
Roadway assessments	 413,877
	\$ 897,297



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

8) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The City allows vacation leave with pay for all regular full-time employees after one full year of employment. Employees may carry no more than one-half of their earned vacations to the following year up to a maximum of thirty days (240 hours). Upon termination an employee may be allowed payment for accumulated vacation pay. Employees who terminate employment in good standing and who have not been terminated for disciplinary reasons are eligible to receive compensation for a portion of their accrued sick leave after their accrued hours exceed 100. All vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for vacation and sick pay is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

9) <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuances cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.





NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

11) Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The City implemented GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance.

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to formal action by City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through formal action of City Council.

Assigned – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. City Council has designated the City Administrator the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 17). When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to be spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been first spent out of committed funds, then assigned, and finally unassigned as needed. The City's financial goal is to have sufficient balance in the General Fund with sufficient working capital and margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The City strives to maintain a General Fund Balance of 30% of the City's general fund annual operating expenditures.



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

12) <u>Deficit fund equity</u>

On September 30, 2022, the general capital projects reported a deficit fund balance of \$570,558. The City will fund the general capital projects fund from the general fund for these deficits.

13) <u>Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

14) <u>Comparative Data</u>

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the government's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

15) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires the use of management's estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The City is authorized within the guidelines provided by the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code Chapter 2256 and local ordinances to invest (1) in obligations of the United States, its agencies, and instrumentalities, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) collateralized mortgage obligations issued and guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality of not less than "A" or its equivalent by a nationally-recognized investment firm, (5) certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in the State of Texas, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations described in (1) through (4) above that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates, (6) investment pools authorized by the Act and (7) fully collateralized repurchase agreements. In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the government has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments are with the



NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool"), the Texas Short-Term Asset Reserve Investment Pool ("TexStar"), and in certificates of deposit.

Under the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. through an agreement with the State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The State Comptroller is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasurer Safekeeping Trust Company authorized to operate TexPool. TexPool is subject to annual review by an independent auditor consistent with the Public Funds Investment Act. Audited financial statements of the Pool are available at First Public, 12009 Research Blvd. Austin, Texas 78759. In addition, TexPool is subject to review by the State Auditor's Office and by the Internal Auditor of the Comptroller's Office. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. TexPool does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that an issuer of an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. It is the government's policy to limit its investments to those investments rated at least AAAm. The credit quality rating for both TexPool and TexStar at year end was AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk – Investments: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the government manages its exposure to decline in fair values by limiting the weight average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time pf purchase. The maximum allowable maturity for operating funds is five years and two years for debt service funds. The weight average maturity for the government's investment in external investment pools is less than 60 days.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the requirements of State law, it is the policy of the City to require full collateralization of all City deposits. An appropriate third-party safekeeping agent, as designated by the City, shall maintain collateral on deposits. This policy applies to any deposits held in an approved depository in excess on the amount protected by Federal Deposit.

Insurance Corporation insurance. The City's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2022. The collateral is held by Frost National Bank in the City's name under a joint safekeeping agreement with First Financial Bank N.A.

The City invests in the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Fund (TexStar) and the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool). TexStar and TexPool are local government investment pools organized under the authority of the Interlocal Corporation Act 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. All investments of TexStar and TexPool are stated at amortized cost, which in most cases approximates the fair value of the securities. The objectives of TexStar and TexPool are to maintain a stable \$1.00 net asset value, however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the pools themselves. TexStar does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

The City controls credit risk by limiting investments to those investments authorized by both the



NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Public Funds Investment Act and by its investment policy.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs: Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

• Property acquisitions valued at \$283,140 within City limits for economic development purposes using property brokers opinion from sales and purchases around the area (Level 3 input).

			Perc	entage			Weig	ghted	Fair Val	lue
		Fair	of	Total	Standa	ırd	Ave	rage	Measuren	nents
Description	 Cost	 Value	Inves	stments	& Poo	r's	Mat	urity	Using	g
TexPool	\$ 367,603	\$ 367,603		19.71%	AAA	m	24 0	lays	Amortized	Cost
TexStar	1,214,017	1,214,017		65.10%	AAA	m	16 0	lays	Amortized	Cost
Land	 96,526	 283,140		15.18%					Level 3	
	\$ 1,678,146	\$ 1,864,760		100.00%						



NOTES 3 – LEASES RECEIVABLE

The city is reporting leases receivable of \$1,616,361 on September 30, 2022. For 2022, the City reported lease revenue of \$90,032 and interest revenue of \$71,426 related to lease payments received. The leases are summarized as follows:

	Lease			Lease		ease Interest			
Lease		Receivable		Revenue		vable Revenue		Revenue	
ESD No. 3 Lease	\$	101,597	\$	26,202	\$	1,298			
Nextlink Lease		1,266,150		51,988		58,012			
Water Tower Lease		248,614		11,842		12,116			
	\$	1,616,361	\$	90,032	\$	71,426			

Emergency Services District No. 3 (ESD NO. 3) Lease – On May 1, 2022, the City (lessor) entered into a lease agreement for building rent with ESD No. 3. The lease term is 2 years from the date of commencement. Based on the agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments through 2024.

Nextlink Lease – On October 1, 2018, the City (lessor) entered into an agreement with an internet provider (Nextlink) to provide Fiber internet services to the City and its residents. The lease term is 20 years from the date of commencement. Based on the agreement, the City is receiving quarterly payments through 2038.

Water Tower Lease – On January 27, 2005, the City (lessor) entered into a lease agreement for tower space to a wireless phone company. The lease term was 5 years with five available five year extensions with a 10% increase each extension period. Based on the agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments through 2030.

Future payments receivable are as follows:

	 Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 130,296	\$ 69,662
2024	107,905	64,553
2025	74,669	60,886
2026	78,938	57,416
2027	82,575	53,779
2028-2032	481,076	207,721
2033-2037	527,891	89,750
2038-2041	 133,011	4,488
	\$ 1,616,361	\$ 608,255



NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	09/30/2021	Additions	Retirements	09/30/2022
Non - Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 942,382	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 942,382
Construction in Progress	294,423	345,659		640,082
Total non-depreciable assets	1,236,805	345,659		1,582,464
Depreciable Assets:				
Equipment	538,989	-	-	538,989
Automobiles	363,513	33,840	-	397,353
Buildings	2,894,561	-	-	2,894,561
Improvements	267,429	-	-	267,429
Infrastructure	15,986,510	-	-	15,986,510
Leased equipment	34,532	-	-	34,532
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	20,085,534	33,840		20,119,374
Accumulated Depreciation: and Amortization				
Equipment	(393,265)	(49,074)	-	(442,339)
Automobiles	(232,210)	(49,280)	-	(281,490)
Buildings	(839,457)	(88,064)	-	(927,521)
Improvements	(191,019)	(13,234)	-	(204,253)
Infrastructure	(3,456,494)	(547,537)	-	(4,004,031)
Leased equipment	-	(12,037)		(12,037)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,112,445)	(759,226)	-	(5,871,671)
Governmental activities	¢ 16 2 00 004	¢ (270.727)	¢	¢ 15.020.177
capital assets, net	\$ 16,209,894	\$ (379,727)	\$	\$ 15,830,167



NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance			Balance
Business-type activities:	09/30/2021	Additions	Retirements	09/30/2022
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 559,867	\$ 981,913	\$ -	\$ 1,541,780
Construction in Progress	9,995,704	942,144		10,937,848
Total non-depreciable assets	10,555,571	1,924,057		12,479,628
Buildings	46,413	-	-	46,413
Water plant	4,333,489	-	-	4,333,489
Water distribution	5,749,304	-	-	5,749,304
Wastewater systems	3,840,683	-	-	3,840,683
Automobiles	171,995	-	-	171,995
Equipment	173,636	-	-	173,636
Intangible assets	787,886	-	-	787,886
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	15,103,406	-	-	15,103,406
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(17,598)	(1,187)	-	(18,785)
Water plant	(1,889,602)	(158,551)	-	(2,048,153)
Water distribution	(2,845,789)	(168,585)	-	(3,014,374)
Wastewater lines	(1,588,694)	(131,842)	-	(1,720,536)
Automobiles	(130,245)	(13,541)	-	(143,786)
Equipment	(142,767)	(13,012)	-	(155,779)
Intangible assets	(353,751)	(28,548)	-	(382,299)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,968,446)	(515,266)	-	(7,483,712)
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 18,690,531	\$ 1,408,791	\$ -	\$ 20,099,322



NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 254,446
Public safety	105,348
Highways and streets and parks	 399,432
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 759,226
Business-type activities:	
Hudson Oaks water system	\$ 268,586
Wastewater	138,143
Dyegard water system	105,318
Stormwater	 644
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 512,691

Intangible Assets

June 20, 2003, the water and wastewater fund purchased raw water capacity rights in Benbrook Lake, capacity rights in the Benbrook Pipeline and capacity rights in the Weatherford Treatment Facility. The Enterprise Fund purchased these rights through an agreement with Parker County Utility District #1.

The total cost associated with the buy-ins was \$787,886. This cost was financed with the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003. The debt was refunded with the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010. The Benbrook Lake and Treatment Facility capacity rights were then sold back to the City of Weatherford for a credit balance towards future impact fees and demand charges. As of September 30, 2018, there was no credit remaining from the City of Weatherford related to this buy-in purchase.

In April of 2004 the water and wastewater fund paid an additional \$104,935 of legal fees associated with the rights purchased through the agreement with Parker County Utility District #1 (PCUD #1). Per amendment number 1 effective March 31, 2004, \$147,916 of the legal fees are related to initial organization cost.

August 24, 2009, the City entered into an agreement with Parker County Special Utility District (PCSUD) to purchase PCSUD's raw water capacity reservation for \$490,834. The raw water capacity reservation reserves the right for the City to receive raw water from Tarrant Regional Water District. The raw water capacity reservation is based on a projected 30-year average daily use of 1.0 MGD.



NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

A summary of intangible assets as of September 30, 2022, follows:

	Term	Asset	cumulated epreciation		Net Asset
Depreciated intangible assets			 1		
TRWD Raw Water Buy-in	28 years	\$ 134,839	\$ (88,301)	\$	46,538
TRWD Raw Water Capacity	30 years	490,834	(190,916)		299,918
Legal Fees For Buy-ins	30 years	 162,213	 (103,082)	_	59,131
Total depreciated intangible assets		\$ 787,886	\$ (382,299)	\$	405,587
Aggregate Intangible Depreciation Expense:					
For the year ended September 30, 2022			\$ 28,548		

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of the interfund balances for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General fund	General capital projects	\$	102,242	
General fund Stormwater fund			41,706	
Total Governmental Funds		\$	143,948	
Water and wastewater	General fund	\$	7,738	
Total business-type activities funds		\$	7,738	



NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

The composition of the interfund transfers for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount		Purpose
General	Other governmental	\$	132,000	Debt service
Debt Service	General		731,534	Debt Service
Debt Service	Water and wastewater		154,847	Debt service
General fund	Water and wastewater		433,955	General projects
General capital projects	General		473,748	Capital Projects
Other governmental funds	General		125,000	Special events
Total Governmental Funds Transfer In		\$	2,051,084	

NOTE 6 – LEASES

The City, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving copiers and tasers. The total of the City's lease assets are recorded at a cost of \$34,532, less accumulated amortization of \$12,037. With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

The lease agreements are summarized as follows:

					Total		
		Payment	Interest		Lease	I	Balance
Description	Date	Terms	Rate	L	iability	09	/30/2022
Copier	10/12/2018	60 months	4.25%	\$	2,023	\$	159
Tasers	04/01/2019	5 years	4.00%		23,977		16,296
Copier	08/04/2020	60 months	2.25%		8,532		6,559
Total				\$	34,532	\$	23,014

The future lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

		Leases	
	 Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 10,347	\$ 778	\$ 11,125
2024	10,558	407	10,965
2025	 2,109	23	2,132
Total	\$ 23,014	\$ 1,208	\$ 24,222



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Financed Purchases

Governmental Activities:

On April 25, 2017, the general fund acquired computers for police vehicles with a financed purchase. The financed purchase requires monthly payments of \$565 beginning June 2017. The interest rate is 5%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$0.

On January 23, 2020, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning January 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$8,676.

On August 10, 2020, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a capital lease. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning August 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$8,684.

On May 19, 2021, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,659 beginning May 2021. The interest rate was 2.25%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$16,731.

On December 10, 2021, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,819 beginning December 2022. The interest rate was 2.49%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$25,193.

Business-type Activities:

On March 1, 2020, the water fund acquired two vehicles with a financed purchase. The financed purchase requires three annual payments of \$17,970 beginning March 2021. The interest rate is 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$17,393.



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Assets under finance purchase agreements and related accumulated depreciation as of September 30, 2022:

	 Governmental Activities		siness-type activities
Automobiles	\$ 254,862	\$	67,703
Equipment	29,116		-
Less accumulated depreciation	(190,899)		(39,494)
	\$ 93,079	\$	28,209

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments on September 30, 2022:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		
2023	\$	35,365	\$	17,970	
2023		17,478		-	
2024		8,819		-	
Total minimum lease payments		61,662		17,970	
Amount representing interest		(2,378)		(577)	
Present value of future					
minimum payments	\$	59,284	\$	17,393	



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds, certificates of obligation payable on September 30, 2022, consist of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities

\$1,800,000 2007 Certificates of Obligation, for construction of street, bridge, curb, and sidewalk improvements, together with utility relocation and drainage improvements, due in annual installments through August 1, 2027, 4.10%.	\$ 615,000
\$4,195,000 2016A Certificates of Obligation, for construction of road projects and a downtown development. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 2.00% - 5.00%	3,190,000
\$2,325,000 2018 Certificates of Obligation, for contruction of City fiber internet lines and Public Improvments District No. 1. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2038, 2.00% - 5.00%	2,040,000
\$125,000 2020 General Obligation refunding bonds, issued to refund the 2010 General Obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2023, 1.65%.	40,000
\$644,000 2021A General Obligation bonds, issued to refund the 2012 Certificates of Obligation, due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 1.33%	591,500
\$1,330,000 2021B General Obligation bonds, issued to refund the 2016B Certificates of Obligation, due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 1.97%	1,250,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,726,500



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Business-type Activities

\$550,000 2016A Certificates of Obligation, for drainage projects associated with the new downtown development. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 2.00% - 5.00%	410,000
\$2,370,000 2020 General Obligation Refunding, issued to refund the Dyegard 2010 bonds and the 2010 General Obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2035, 1.65%.	1,980,000
\$6,986,104 2019 Certificates of Obligation 48% share, issued to fund the Fort Worth water line project in conjuction with the City of Willow Park, due in annual installments through February 1, 2040, 0.95%	6,532,890
\$1,736,000 2021A General Obligation Refunding, issued to refund the 2012 CO and the 2014 CO bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2035, 1.33%.	1,463,500
\$3,009,600 2021 Certificates of Obligation 48% share, issued to fund the Fort Worth water line project in conjuction with the City of Willow Park, due in annual installments through February 1, 2051, 3.25%	3,009,600
Total Business-type activities	\$ 13,395,990



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	567,750	217,842	785,592	733,857	173,496	907,353	
2024	546,000	200,789	746,789	750,007	164,958	914,965	
2025	566,000	187,817	753,817	567,407	152,711	720,118	
2026	582,750	170,883	753,633	580,657	146,205	726,862	
2027	599,500	153,060	752,560	586,265	139,328	725,593	
2028 - 2032	2,519,500	542,124	3,061,624	3,038,373	585,042	3,623,414	
2033 - 2037	2,175,000	187,020	2,362,020	2,286,725	395,533	2,682,258	
2038 - 2042	170,000	3,400	173,400	1,766,174	269,638	2,035,812	
2043 - 2047	-	-	-	1,884,698	149,918	2,034,616	
2048 - 2052				1,201,827	24,679	1,226,506	
Debt service requirements	\$ 7,726,500	\$ 1,662,935	\$ 9,389,435	\$ 13,395,990	\$ 2,201,507	\$ 15,597,497	
Add: Unamortized premium	198,243		198,243	14,294		14,294	
Total	\$ 7,924,743	\$ 1,662,935	\$ 9,587,678	\$ 13,410,284	\$ 2,201,507	\$ 15,611,791	



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2022:

								Γ	Due within
	 9/30/21		Additions	F	Retirements	_	9/30/22		one year
Governmental Activities:									
Certificates of Obligation, 2007	\$ 720,000	\$	-	\$	105,000	\$	615,000	\$	110,000
Certificates of Obligation, 2016A	3,380,000		-		190,000		3,190,000		195,000
2016A Premium on Bond	117,089		-		7,938		109,151		7,938
Certificates of Obligation, 2018	2,125,000		-		85,000		2,040,000		90,000
2018 Premium on Bond	94,894		-		5,802		89,092		5,802
2020 General Obligation Refunding	85,000		-		45,000		40,000		40,000
2021A General Obligation Bond	644,000		-		52,500		591,500		57,750
2021B General Obligation Refunding	1,330,000		-		80,000		1,250,000		75,000
Financed Purchase	55,382		25,193		21,285		59,290		33,834
Lease financing	34,532		-		11,518		23,014		10,347
Net pension liability	172,864		21,706		172,864		21,706		-
OPEB liability	55,791		56,040		55,791		56,040		-
Compensated Absences	 140,928		169,331		140,928		169,331		169,331
Total Governmental Activities	8,955,480	ı	272,270		973,626		8,254,124		795,002
Business-type Activities:									
Certificates of Obligation, 2016A	435,000				25,000		410,000		25,000
2016A Premium on Bond	15,333				1,039		14,294		1,039
General Obligation Refunding, 2020	1,935,950		-		173,750		1,762,200		173,550
General Obligation Refunding, 2020	239,250		-		21,450		217,800		21,450
Fort Worth Water Line 2019 CO	6,759,497		-		226,607		6,532,890		226,607
Fort Worth Water Line 2021 CO	3,009,600		-		_		3,009,600		-
2021A General Obligation Refunding	1,736,000		-		272,500		1,463,500		287,250
Financed Purchases	34,341		-		16,948		17,393		17,393
Net pension liability	54,467		6,094		54,467		6,094		-
OPEB liability	17,580		15,732		17,580		15,732		-
Compensated Absences	 25,299		28,435		25,299		28,435		28,435
Total Business-type Activities	 14,262,317		50,261		834,640		13,477,938		780,724
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 23,217,797	\$	322,531	\$	1,808,266	\$	21,732,062	\$	1,575,726

For governmental activities, compensated absences payable, pension and OPEB liabilities are liquidated by the general fund.



NOTE 8 – CONDUIT DEBT AGREEMENTS

June 10, 2004, the City passed an ordinance authorizing and approving the creation of the Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation (a non-profit corporation) to finance and refinance education facilities for the purpose of aiding intuitions of higher education and accredited primary and secondary schools within the limitations set forth in Chapter 53, Texas Education Code.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the board of directors of the Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") entered into a \$4,000,000 loan agreement with Lakehill Preparatory School (the "Borrower") and Frost National Bank (the "Lender"). According to the terms of the loan agreement the Lender is making a loan to the Corporation and the Corporation is making a loan to the Borrower. The proceeds will be used by Borrower to refinance the construction, improvement, and equipping of school buildings and athletic facilities on Borrower's campus and payment of the costs of issuance. The Corporation's obligations under the loan agreement are payable solely from the loan payments received from the Borrower and other amounts received, if any, from the enforcement of the security provided by the Borrower Note, and do not constitute, give rise to or impose upon the Corporation or the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, a pecuniary liability, a charge upon the general credit thereof or a pledge of the general revenues of the City or the Corporation. The Corporation has assigned the Borrower Note to the Lender; therefore, the Lender will make loan payments directly to the Lender. The amount of Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation conduit debt obligations outstanding on September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Lakehill Preparatory School Loan Agreement \$ 1,030,000

June 10, 2004, the City passed an ordinance authorizing and approving the creation of the Hudson Oaks Health Development Corporation (a non-profit corporation) to acquire, construct, provide, improve, finance, and refinance health facilities to assist the maintenance of the public health, subject to the Texas Health Facilities Development Act. As of September 30, 2022, this corporation has not issued any debt.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. <u>PLAN DESCRIPTION</u>

The City participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.



NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. <u>BENEFITS PROVIDED</u>

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated as if the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Member may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member contributions and interest. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

The plan provisions for the City for the Plan Year 2021 were as follows:

Employee deposit rate	7%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiveing benefits	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	24
Active employees	22
	60

C. <u>CONTRIBUTIONS</u>

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The city's contribution rate is based on the liabilities crated from the benefit plan options selected by the city and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.


NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. <u>CONTRIBUTIONS (continued)</u>

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 11.85% and 12.15% in calendar years 2022 and 2021, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$206,729, and were equal to the required contributions.

D. <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u>

The city's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Morality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Genderdistinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality rates. The rates for actives, health retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a full generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for health retirees is used with a 4year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and a 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who became disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs to TMRS.



NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core-Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	<u>10.0%</u>	7.75%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.



NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$ 5,225,268	\$ 4,997,940	\$ 227,328
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost	288,820		288,820
Interest	358,917		358,917
Change of benefit terms	-		-
Difference between expected and actual			
performance	118,397		118,397
Changes of assumptions	0		0
Contributions- employer		199,929	(199,929)
Contributions- employee		115,859	(115,859)
Net investment income		652,868	(652,868)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(104,764)	(104,764)	-
Administrative expense		(3,015)	3,015
Other changes		21	(21)
Net Changes	661,370	860,898	(199,528)
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$ 5,886,638	\$ 5,858,838	\$ 27,800

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET POSITION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$1,178,911	\$27,800	(874,452)

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separatelyissued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.



NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

E. <u>PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFEERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND</u> <u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the city recognized pension expense of \$32,572.

On September 30, 2022, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic				
experience	\$	134,543	\$	179,279
Changes in actuarial assumptions		14,673		-
Differences between projected and actual investment				
earnings		-		333,182
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		151,034		-
Total	\$	300,250	\$	512,461
experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ \$	14,673 - 151,034	-	333,18

\$151,034 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net deferred
Year ended December 31:	outflows
	(inflows) of
	resources
2022	\$ (82,875)
2023	(160,720)
2024	(63,776)
2025	(55,874)
2026	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (363,245)



NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

TMRS administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

B. <u>BENEFITS PROVIDED</u>

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiveing benefits	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	4
Active employees	22
	34

C. TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.50% to 11.50% including inflation
Discount Rate*	1.84%
Retirees' share of benefit related costs	\$ 0

*The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2021.



NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Their rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 1.84%. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the OPEB Liability

	 Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$ 73,371	
Changes for the Year		
Service Cost	3,972	
Interest	1,499	
Change of benefit terms	-	
Difference between expected and actual		
performance	(8,810)	
Changes of assumptions	2,568	
Benefit payments	(828)	
Net Changes	 (1,599)	
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$ 71,772	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate



NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.00%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (0.84%)	Discount Rate (1.84%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (2.84%)
City's OPEB liability	\$91,024	\$71,772	\$57,360

D. <u>OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTLFOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED</u> INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$7,756.

On September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	2,939	\$	8,163
	16,782		1,575
	765		-
\$	20,486	\$	9,738
		Resources \$ 2,939 16,782 765	Resources 1 \$ 2,939 \$ 16,782 765

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net	deferred
Year ended December 31:	ou	tflows
	(inflows) of	
	res	sources
2022	\$	2,285
2023		2,285
2024		2,285
2025		1,964
2026		1,802
Thereafter		(638)
	\$	9,983



NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft or damage of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the City's participation in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TMLIRP) for liability, property, and workers' compensation and in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool (TMLIEBP) for employee health insurance. These are self-sustaining risk pools operated on a statewide basis for the benefit of several hundred Texas cities and other public entities. The City pays annual premiums to the TMLIRP, which retains risk of loss up to \$3,000,000 and obtains independent coverage for losses more than that amount. Monthly premiums are paid to the TMLIEBP, which retains risk of loss up to \$500,000 per individual and obtains independent coverage for losses more than that amount. There have been no reductions in coverage from the coverage in the prior year, and there have been no settlements that exceeded coverage in the current or past four fiscal years.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Federal and State Programs

The City participates in certain federal and state-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 13 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") 457. The plan, as amended, is available to all employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) were placed in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and not the beneficiaries. This action is in accordance with changes made to IRS Section 457. The City does not have any fiduciary responsibility or administrative duties relating to the deferred compensation plan other than remitting employees' contribution to the trustees. Accordingly, the City has not presented the assets and liabilities in the Plan in the basic financial statements.



NOTE 14 – WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICE CONTRACTS

A. Treated Water

During 2010, the City entered into a contract for treated water with the City of Weatherford wherein the City of Weatherford agreed to deliver treated water to an existing meter located at the City of Hudson Oaks LOR Water Plant #2. Charges to the City are based upon a volume charge. The wholesale water charge shall be recalculated annually and becomes effective on January 1st of each year.

B. <u>Wastewater Service</u>

The City entered into a 3-year wastewater service contract with the option of a 2-year extension upon mutual agreement with the City of Weatherford on May 13, 2020 wherein the City of Weatherford agreed to extend a wastewater collection line to the Weatherford city limits just west of the Hudson Oaks city limits and to provide sewage treatment service for amounts of wastewater collected by the City and delivered to the Weatherford System. The City constructed wastewater facilities including a wastewater collection line from the point of entry of the Weatherford System into the City and related lift stations. Charges to the City are based upon a flow charge for the transmission and treatment of wastewater received from the Hudson Oaks system and a capacity charge to compensate Weatherford for the capacity in the Weatherford system necessary to accept the maximum daily flow from the Hudson Oaks system.

C. Fort Worth Water Line Agreement with Willow Park

The City entered into an agreement with Willow park on November 15, 2018 for a 48% ownership in a shared water supply facility and transmission line from the City of Fort Worth. The subsequent debt issuance is shared between the two cities at the same percentage.

NOTE 15 – CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

- A. On August 26, 2010 the City entered into an interlocal agreement with the Town of Annetta, Texas in whereby the City agreed to assist Annetta in the operations and management of Annetta's water system.
- B. In November 2014, the City created the Hudson Oaks Public Improvements District No. 1, for the purposes of designing, acquiring and constructing public improvement projects in the District. The District includes approximately 46 acres in the City. The City has committed to fund improvements of up to \$3,534,000 in the District with \$2,000,000 being funded within 120 days of issuance of a notice to proceed on a new grocery store and once the store opens the remaining actual costs up to \$1,534,000. The City issued new bonds in 2018 to fund the initial \$2,000,000. There was no construction activity for the year ended September 30, 2022.

In July 2015 the City levied an annual assessment of \$.46 per \$100 of net taxable value against the properties in the District through year 2019. This assessment will be used to fund the long-term debt used to fund the public improvements. The City commenced assessments on October 1, 2017.



NOTE 16 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City is authorized to provide assistance for economic development under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. The economic development must serve the purpose of promoting state or local economic development by stimulating business or commercial activity within the City. The assistance may be in the form of loans, grants, tax rebates and use of City personnel and services. The City has entered into Chapter 380 Economic Development Program Agreements with companies and has agreed to provide grants and rebates of sales tax.

The City entered into an economic development agreement dated November 21, 2019, with a developer to reimburse the developer the cost of developing a commercial retail building. The agreement requires the City to rebate to the developer 50% of the City's sales tax collected from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for a period of four (4) years until the developer has been reimbursed the total sum of \$300,000, whichever occurs first. The City accrued \$95,946 on September 30, 2022 and previously paid \$31,304 in 2021 for a sales tax rebate for this economic development.

The City entered into an economic development agreement dated January 30, 2017, with a developer to construct a new facility and provide services to residents. The agreement requires the City to rebate all sales tax collected from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for taxable services provided outside City limits. The City rebated \$68,946 for the year September 30, 2022.

NOTE 17 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT

For 2022, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements and did not have an effect on the beginning net position. On October 1, 2021, the City recognized \$22,495 in net book value for the intangible right to use and a lease liability of \$22,495. The City also recognized \$1,616,361 in lease receivable and \$1,616,361 in deferred inflows related to leases.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 has the following effect on net position as reported September 30, 2021.

	Go	overnmental	General
		Activities	 Fund
Net Position and Fund Balance September 30, 2021	\$	9,215,725	\$ 1,980,828
Adjustments			
Lease Receivable		1,706,393	1,706,393
Deferred Inflows - Leases		(1,706,393)	(1,706,393)
Net Book Value Leased Asset		34,532	
Lease Liability		(34,532)	
Restated Net Position September 30, 2021	\$	9,215,725	\$ 1,980,828



NOTE 18 – CORONAVIRUS LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND

Under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CLFRF) provides emergency funding for eligible local governments. The City received \$615,475 that will be used for water and wastewater improvements. The \$615,475 is reported as unearned revenue in the ARPA Fund and will be recognized as revenue in the future when funds are spent on the projects.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 20, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Bue	lget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	1 11101	Tietuar	(Regative)
Taxes	\$ 4,097,865	\$ 4,321,068	\$ 4,305,465	\$ (15,603)
Licenses and permits	220,000	620,000	665,042	45,042
Charges for services	3,000	3,000	25,341	22,341
Municipal court fines	10,500	10,500	8,004	(2,496)
Interest	5,000	5,000	235,493	230,493
Intergovernmental	-	-	25,303	25,303
Miscellaneous	152,682	191,243	321,833	130,590
Total revenues	4,489,047	5,150,811	5,586,481	435,670
	.,,.			
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,406,967	1,578,711	1,136,456	442,255
Public safety	1,577,672	1,585,672	1,498,739	86,933
Streets	277,419	277,419	355,038	(77,619)
Parks and facilities	206,158	206,158	189,714	16,444
Planning and development	198,500	313,500	310,768	2,732
Mayor and council	9,500	9,500	4,167	5,333
Debt service:				
Principal	33,035	33,035	32,803	232
Interest and fiscal charges	1,397	1,397	2,483	(1,086)
Total expenditures	3,710,648	4,005,392	3,530,168	475,224
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	778,399	1,145,419	2,056,313	910,894
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	77,000	77,000	565,955	488,955
Transfers out	(855,399)	(1,247,612)	(1,330,282)	(82,670)
Issuance of financed purchases		25,193	25,193	
Total other financing sources (uses):	(778,399)	(1,145,419)	(739,134)	406,285
Net change in fund balance	-	-	1,317,179	1,317,179
Fund balance, October 1	1,980,828	1,980,828	1,980,828	
Fund balance, September 30	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 3,298,007	\$ 1,317,179

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	and Related Ratios For the Year Ended September 30, 2022													
	2021		2020	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability														
Service Cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Changes of benefit terms	\$ 288,820 358,917	\$	282,323 343,534	\$ 283,930 299,378	\$	252,831 261,963	\$	248,257 246,144	\$	224,824 233,278	\$	208,249 214,601	\$	199,076 195,208
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	118,397 - (104,764)	,	(319,892) (57,844)	83,445 39,975 (45,677)		66,530 - (39,488)		(156,684)		(160,582)		36,888 (26,499) (37,169)		(78,250) - (49,985)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	661,370	_	248,121	661,051		541,836		165,891		232,109		396,070		266,049
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	\$ 5,225,268	\$	4,977,147	\$ 4,316,096	\$	3,774,260	\$	3,608,369	\$	3,376,260	\$	2,980,190	\$	2,714,141
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$ 5,886,638	\$	5,225,268	\$ 4,977,147	\$	4,316,096	\$	3,774,260	\$	3,608,369	\$	3,376,260	\$	2,980,190
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions-Employer Contributions-Employee Net Investment Income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative Expense Other	199,929 115,859 652,868 (104,764) (3,015) 21		210,447 120,284 334,227 (57,844) (2,158) (83)	201,522 118,023 552,930 (45,677) (3,118) (94)	. <u> </u>	190,898 104,971 (102,492) (39,488) (1,979) (103)		196,686 103,564 400,904 (171,826) (2,076) (105)		173,428 94,181 170,372 (65,411) (1,923) (103)		152,320 88,724 3,416 (37,169) (2,081) (103)		134,567 82,097 116,357 (49,985) (1,214) (100)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	860,898		604,873	823,586		151,807		527,147		370,544		205,107		281,722
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning	4,997,940		4,393,067	3,569,481		3,417,674		2,890,527		2,519,983		2,314,876		2,033,154
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$ 5,858,838	\$	4,997,940	\$ 4,393,067	\$	3,569,481	\$	3,417,674	\$	2,890,527	\$	2,519,983	\$	2,314,876
Net Pension Liability-Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 27,800	\$	227,328	\$ 584,080	\$	746,615	\$	356,586	\$	717,842	\$	856,277	\$	665,314
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	99.53%	,	95.65%	88.26%		82.70%		90.55%		80.11%		74.64%		77.68%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,655,127	\$	1,718,338	\$ 1,686,044	\$	1,499,592	\$	1,479,480	\$	1,345,443	\$	1,267,491	\$	1,172,812
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.68%	•	13.23%	34.64%		49.79%		24.10%		53.35%		67.56%		56.73%

The Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios shows the changes in Total Pension Liability less the changes in Fiduciary Net Position, resulting in the net pension liability calculation for the city. Note that this is a 10-year schedule, to be created by the city prospectively, over the next 10-year period.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Exhibit A-3

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Schedule of Employer Contributions

and Related Ratios For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 206,729	\$ 205,883	\$ 201,662	\$ 192,399	\$ 195,378	\$ 190,996	\$ 167,446	\$ 146,854	\$ 136,130
determined contribution	\$ 206,729	\$ 205,883	\$ 201,662	\$ 192,399	\$ 195,378	\$ 190,996	\$ 167,446	\$ 146,854	\$ 136,130
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -								
Covered payroll	\$ 1,732,947	\$ 1,694,100	\$ 1,662,931	\$ 1,596,310	\$ 1,507,121	\$ 1,446,119	\$ 1,325,824	\$ 1,237,245	\$ 1,204,317
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.93%	12.15%	12.13%	12.05%	12.96%	13.21%	12.63%	11.87%	11.30%

The Schedule of Employer Contributions shows the city's required annual contributions from the actuarial valuation, compared with the actual contributions remitted. This schedule is based on the city's respective fiscal year-end, and will be built over the next 10-year period.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$	3,972	\$	3,093	\$	2,698	\$	2,849	\$ 2,367
Interest (on the Total OPEB liability)		1,499		1,558		1,561		1,408	1,338
Changes of benefit terms									-
Difference between expected and actual									
experience		(8,810)		10,991		1,555		(1,312)	-
Changes of assumptions		2,568		2,793		8,896		(3,067)	3,396
Benefit payments		(828)		(344)		(337)		(150)	(296)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(1,599)		18,091		14,373		(272)	 6,805
Total OPEB liability - Beginning		73,371		55,280		40,907		41,179	34,374
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$	71,772	\$	73,371	\$	55,280	\$	40,907	\$ 41,179
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,655,127	\$	1,718,338	\$	1,686,044	\$	1,499,592	\$ 1,479,480
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		4.34%		4.27%		3.28%		2.73%	2.78%

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1) Budget

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

The first budget reading for the ensuing year is presented to the City Council no later than the August City Council meeting. A second budget reading, if necessary, is presented no later than the September City Council meeting. A final budget is approved prior to the beginning of the budget year, and the budget is effective September 1 of the budget year. From its date of submission, the proposed budget shall be a public record, and copies are available for the public upon request. One amendment to the budget for the fiscal year was enacted and approved by the City Council.

2) Encumbrances

The City does not record encumbrances for goods and services.

3) Expenditures in excess of appropriations over \$5,000

Streets department had expenditures in excess of appropriations greater than \$5,000. The streets department had \$77,619 in excess of appropriations in which additional expenditures related to additional maintenance that occurred. All expenditures were covered by increases in budgeted and actual revenues as well as savings from other departments.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

NOTE 2- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later. Methods and Assumtions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed **Remaining Amortization Period** 23 years Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor 2.50% Inflatiom Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.75% Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018 Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Table. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Other Information: Notes There were no changes during the year.

NOTE 3 – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Police Seizure Forfeiture – This fund is used to account for revenue from police seizures.

Municipal Court Technology – This fund is used to account for Municipal Court fees collected for court technology.

Court Building Security – This fund is used to account for Municipal Court fees collected for court building security.

Park Dedication – This fund is used to account for park dedication donations and expenditures of those funds.

Special Events – This fund is used to account for community event revenues and expenditures of those funds.

PID No. 1 - This fund is used to account for taxes collected within the District and expenditures associated within the District.

ARPA - American Rescue Plan Funds - This fund is used to account for the Relief funds distributed by the federal government and to track expenditures associated with the use of the funds.

General Capital Projects – This fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of the government's major capital facilities and equipment, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

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CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet Schedule

Exhibit B-1

September 30, 2022	Poli	ice	м	unicipal		Court								Total			Total	Total
	Seiz Forfe	ure	(Court hnology	В	Court Building Security	Park dication		pecial vents	PII	D No. 1	ARP	A	Special Revenue		eneral al Projects	General	Nonmajor Governmenta
	Fur	nd		Fund		Fund	Fund	F	und		Fund	Fun	d	Funds		Fund	 Funds	Funds
Assets																		
Cash	\$ 3	8,587	\$	1,944	\$	12,966	\$ 2,924	\$	43,130	\$	1,711	\$ 615,	475	\$ 681,737	\$	18,531	\$ 18,531	\$ 700,268
Investments		-		-		-	-		-		-		-	-		30	30	30
Miscellaneous receivable		-		-		-	-		-		1,662		-	1,662		-	-	1,662
Due from other funds		-		-		-	 -		-		-		-			41,706	 41,706	41,706
Total assets	3	3,587		1,944		12,966	2,924		43,130		3,373	615,	475	683,399		60,267	60,267	743,666
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances																		
Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable		-		-		-	-		2,598		-		-	2,598		528,583	528,583	531,181
Unearned grant revenue		-		-		-	-		-		-	615,	475	615,475		-	-	615,475
Due to other funds		-		-		-	 -		-		-		-			102,242	 102,242	102,242
Total Liabilities						-	 -		2,598		-	615,	475	618,073		630,825	 630,825	1,248,898
Fund Balance:																		
Restricted fund balance	3	3,587		1,944		12,966	2,924		40,532		3,373		-	65,326		-	_	65,326
Unassigned fund balance		-		-		-	 -		-		-		-	-	((570,558)	 (570,558)	(570,558)
Total Fund Balance	3	3,587		1,944		12,966	 2,924		40,532		3,373		-	65,326	((570,558)	 (570,558)	(505,232)
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows and Fund Balance	\$ 3	3,587	\$	1,944	\$	12,966	\$ 2,924	\$	43,130	\$	3,373	\$ 615,	475	\$ 683,399	\$	60,267	\$ 60,267	\$ 743,666

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Nonmajor Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	S Fo	Police Seizure orfeiture Fund	Tec	Municipal Court Court Building echnology Security Fund Fund		Park Dedication Fund		Special Events Fund		PID No. 1 Fund		ARPA Fund		F	Total Special evenue Funds	General bital Projects Fund	Cap	Total General ital Projects Funds	Nor Gover	'otal nmajor rnmental unds	
Revenue:																					
Municipal court fines Interest	\$	-	\$	132	\$	149	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	281	\$ 217	\$	- 217	\$	281 217
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		104,620		67,351		-		171,971	-		-	1	71,971
mischarcous		_		_		_		_		104,020		07,551		_		1/1,2/1	 		_		,,,,,,,
Total Revenues		-		132		149		-		104,620		67,351		-		172,252	217		217	1	72,469
Expenditures: Current																					
General Government		-		-		-		-		111,646		-		-		111,646	-		-		11,646
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	 213,095		213,095	2	213,095
Total Expenditures		-		-		-		-		111,646		-		-		111,646	 213,095		213,095	3	24,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over																					
(under) expenditures		-		132		149		-		(7,026)		67,351		-		60,606	(212,878)		(212,878)	(1	52,272)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In										125,000						125.000	472 740		472 740		00 740
Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-		-		-		125,000	(- 132,000)		-		125,000 (132,000)	473,748		473,748		98,748 32,000)
Traisiers Out		-				-						152,000)				(152,000)	 			(1	52,000)
Total other financing sources (uses):		-		-		-		-		125,000	(132,000)		-		(7,000)	 473,748		473,748	4	66,748
Net change in fund balance		-		132		149		-		117,974		(64,649)		-		53,606	 260,870		260,870	3	314,476
Fund balance, October 1		3,587		1,812		12,817		2,924		(77,442)		68,022		-		11,720	 (831,428)		(831,428)	(8	319,708)
Fund balance, September 30	\$	3,587	\$	1,944	\$	12,966	\$	2,924	\$	40,532	\$	3,373	\$	-	\$	65,326	\$ (570,558)	\$	(570,558)	\$ (5	05,232)

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ENTERPRISE FUND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Water and Wastewater Fund

Department Combining Schedule of Net Position September 30, 2022

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Hudson Oaks		Dyegard	Deer Creek	Utility	To	tals
	Water	Wastewater	Water System	Management	Capital Projects	2022	2021
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash	\$ 311,034	\$ 159,420	\$ 194,156	\$ 90,417	\$ -	\$ 755,027	\$ 2,214,206
Investments	93,469	170,498	-	-	· _	263,967	510,980
Accounts receivable	,					,	
(net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	183,411	55,614	40,655	-	-	279,680	356,262
Miscellaneous	-	65,411	10,055	_	_	65,411	65,411
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	7,738	7,738	7,738
Prepaid items	2 166	-	-	-	7,738		
1	3,166		-	-		3,166	10,015
Restricted Cash		-			2,995	2,995	221
Total current assets	591,080	450,943	234,811	90,417	10,733	1,377,984	3,164,833
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable	-	-	-	-	12,286,221	12,286,221	10,555,571
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation					7,063,219	7,063,219	7,575,911
Total assets	591,080	450,943	234,811	90,417	19,360,173	20,727,424	21,296,315
Deferred Outflow of Resources							
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	41,361			11,957		53,318	56,266
		-	-		-		
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	3,458			1,033		4,491	5,101
Total deferred outflow of resources	44,819			12,990		57,809	61,367
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	132,657	31,847	192	2,417	37,436	204,549	143,302
Accrued payroll	102,007	51,017		2,,		201,019	8,936
Compensated absences payable	19,956		-	8,479	-	28,435	25,299
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	19,950	-	-	0,479	-	20,433	25,299
Current portion of long-term debt					726,250	726,250	710,848
	-	-	-	-			
Accrued interest payable					27,254	27,254	77,627
Total current liabilities	152,613	31,847	192	10,896	790,940	986,488	966,012
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Capital lease payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,399
Net pension liability	4,693	_	_	1,401	_	6,094	54,467
OPEB liability	12,115	_	_	3,617	_	15,732	17,580
Certificates of obligation	12,115	_	_	5,017	12,277,134	12,277,134	12,986,391
continues of conguton	······································				12,277,137	12,277,137	12,700,371
Total liabilities	169,421	31,847	192	15,914	13,068,074	13,285,448	14,041,849
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	86,503	-	-	25,828	-	112,331	102,796
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	1,644	-	-	491	-	2,135	666
Deferred amount of refunding					9,972	9,972	9,972
Total deferred outflow of resources	88,147			26,319	9,972	124,438	113,434
Net Position							
					C 24C 05C	() ()))	4 416 044
Net Investment in capital assets	-	-	-	-	6,346,056	6,346,056	4,416,844
Restricted for debt service (expendable)	-	-	-	-	2,995	2,995	221
Restricted for impact fees	288,974	-	-	-	-	288,974	226,397
Unrestricted	89,357	419,096	234,619	61,174	(66,924)	737,322	2,558,937
Total net position	\$ 378,331	\$ 419,096	\$ 234,619	\$ 61,174	\$ 6,282,127	\$ 7,375,347	\$ 7,202,399

Water and Wastewater Fund

Department Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2021

,	m	Comparative	Totals Ioi	une	i cai	Ended	September	50,	2021

	Hudson Oaks		Dyegard	Deer Creek	Utility		То	tals
	Water	Wastewater	Water	Management	Capital Projects	Elimination	2022	2021
Operating revenues:								
Water & Wastewater sales	\$ 1,673,810	\$ 564,250	\$ 307,402	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,545,462	\$ 2,377,002
Management contract charges	-	-	-	190,898	-	-	190,898	272,055
Late payment charges	11,264	-	2,461	-	-	-	13,725	11,940
Tap Fees	15,000	10,500	500	-	-	-	26,000	7,100
Impact fees	62,577	-	-	-	-	-	62,577	10,699
Customer assessment fees	20,920	-	-	-	-	-	20,920	5,826
Miscellaneous fees & Charges	88,463	-	-	-	-	-	88,463	52,711
Total operating revenues	1,872,034	574,750	310,363	190,898		-	2,948,045	2,737,333
Operating expenses:								
Personal services	199,779	-	-	81,292	-	-	281,071	490,478
Professional services	116,219	1,027	1,200	10,207	-	-	128,653	117,489
Supplies	103,978	-	775	5,032	-	-	109,785	108,111
Operations	478,214	159,350	4,499	1,207	27	-	643,297	577,417
Maintenance and repairs	146,979	378	38,375	5,819	-	-	191,551	191,192
Well utilities	123,434	6,110	18,547	-	-	-	148,091	106,713
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	512,691	-	512,691	513,405
Total operating expenses	1,168,603	166,865	63,396	103,557	512,718	-	2,015,139	2,104,805
Operating income (loss)	703,431	407,885	246,967	87,341	(512,718)		932,906	632,528
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest	656	2,334	-	-	1,919	-	4,909	448
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	(176,065)	-	(176,065)	(155,021)
Debt issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(38,517)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	656	2,334	-	-	(174,146)	-	(171,156)	(193,090)
Income (loss) before transfers	704,087	410,219	246,967	87,341	(686,864)		761,750	439,438
Contributions and transfers:								
Transfers In	43,015	-	-	-	2,711,786	(2,754,801)	-	-
Transfers out	(1,473,761)	(1,178,125)	(230,888)	(380,829)	(80,000)	2,754,801	(588,802)	(25,924)
Change in net position	(726,659)	(767,906)	16,079	(293,488)	1,944,922	-	172,948	413,514
Net Position, Beginning	1,104,990	1,187,002	218,540	354,662	4,337,205		7,202,399	6,788,885
Net Position, Ending	\$ 378,331	\$ 419,096	\$ 234,619	\$ 61,174	\$ 6,282,127	\$ -	\$ 7,375,347	\$ 7,202,399

Water and Wastewater Fund Department Combining Schedule of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Hu	dson Oaks				Dyegard	D	eer Creek		Utility		Тс	tal	
		Water	W	astewater		ter System		anagement	Car	oital Projects		2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities:														
Cash received from customers and users	\$	1,891,759	\$	570,272	\$	310,940	\$	251,656	\$	-	\$ 3	3,024,627	\$	2,744,404
Cash paid to suppliers		(923,042)		(175,670)		(64,814)		(27,164)		37,409		,153,281)		1,392,031)
Cash paid to employees		(236,811)		-		-		(85,719)		-		(322,530)		(539,114)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		731,906		394,602		246,126		138,773		37,409	-	,548,816		813,259
							-							
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:														
Due to other funds		17,969		-		-		-		(17,969)		-		102,533
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in (out)	(1,430,746)	((1,178,125)		(230,888)		(380,829)		2,631,786		(588,802)		(25,924)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,412,777)	((1,178,125)		(230,888)		(380,829)		2,613,817		(588,802)		76,609
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										((04 207)		((04 207)		((00.557))
Principal payments - certificates of obligation		-		-		-		-		(694,307)		(694,307)		(688,557)
Principal payments - loans payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Principal payments - capital leases		-		-		-		-		(16,947)	(1	(16,947)		(24,965)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-		-		-		-		(1,730,650)	(1	,730,650)		3,009,600)
Proceeds from bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,009,600
Proceeds from capital leases										-		-		-
Special assessments				-						-		-		41,026
Contribution for refunding bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		(21,489)
Interest payments		-		-		-		-		(226,438)		(226,438)		(95,702)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and														
related financing activities		-		-		-		-		(2,668,342)	(2	2,668,342)		(789,687)
Cash flows from investing activities:														
Interest received		656		2,334		_		_		1,919		4,909		448
(Purchase) sale of investments		(652)		247,666		_		_		1,717		247,014		(203)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing		(052)		217,000								217,011		(205)
activities		4		250,000						1,919		251,923		245
activities		7		230,000						1,919		231,923		243
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(680,867)		(533,523)		15,238		(242,056)		(15,197)	(1	,456,405)		100,426
		(000,007)		(000,020)		10,200		(2.2,000)		(10,157)	(.	., 120, 102)		100,120
Cash, October 1		991,901		692,943		178,918		332,473		18,192	2	2,214,427		2,114,001
Cash, September 30	\$	311,034	\$	159,420	\$	194,156	\$	90,417	\$	2,995	\$	758,022	\$	2,214,427
Reconciliation of income from operations														
to net cash provided by operating activities:														
Income (loss) from operations	\$	703,431	\$	407,885	\$	246,967	\$	87,341	\$	(512,718)	\$	932,906	\$	632,528
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net														
cash provided by (used in) operating activities														
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		512,691		512,691		513,405
Disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		19,725		(4,478)		577		60,758		-		76,582		(7,128)
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivables		-		-		-		-		-		-		14,199
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		6,849		-		-		-		-		6,849		(1,545)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources		2,236		-		-		1,322		-		3,558		11,872
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		38,933		(8,805)		(1,418)		(4,899)		37,436		61,247		(289,564)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		(6,438)		-		-		(2,498)		-		(8,936)		(1,023)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		1,904		-		-		1,232		-		3,136		(14,421)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(38,658)		-		-		(9,715)		-		(48,373)		(89,625)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(1,877)		-		-		29		-		(1,848)		3,942
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources		5,801		-		-		5,203		-		11,004		40,619
Net adjustments		28,475		(13,283)		(841)		51,432		550,127		615,910		180,731
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	731,906	\$	394,602	\$	246,126	\$	138,773	\$	37,409	\$ 1	,548,816	\$	813,259
Neuroph Investing Conital and Discussion Astroitics														
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities	¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	49 150
Increase in bonds due to refunding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	48,150
Capital lease Total	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	48,150
10001	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ		φ	-	φ	+0,150

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Hudson Oaks Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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Government-wide Changes in Net Position	73 - 74
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	75 - 76
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	77 - 78
Principal Sources of Revenue	79 - 80

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader asses the City's most significant local revenue sources.Sales Tax Revenue by Business Type81Water and Wastewater Sales by Type of Customer82 - 83Top Ten Utility Rate Payers84Utility Service Rates85

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Government-wide Outstanding Debt	86 - 87
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Direct and overlapping debt	89

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year. There is no statistical analysis for property tax as the City of Hudson Oaks does not levy an ad valorem tax to its residents or businesses.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental Activities					
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 7,776,246	\$ 7,623,997	\$ 6,444,911	\$ 6,126,451	\$ 5,941,949
Restricted	170,641	99,247	30,618	114,555	137,208
Unrestricted	3,186,275	1,492,481	1,843,375	1,882,630	1,104,308
Total governmental acitivities net position	\$ 11,133,162	\$ 9,215,725	\$ 8,318,904	\$ 8,123,636	\$ 7,183,465
Business-type activities					
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 6,661,672	\$ 4,525,560	\$ 4,294,233	\$ 4,307,311	\$ 4,349,604
Restricted	298,885	233,675	368,387	224,914	234,001
Unrestricted	1,044,225	2,887,935	2,389,935	1,992,189	1,504,320
	¢ 0.004.700	¢ 7 (47 170	¢ 7.052.555	¢ (504.414	¢ (007.005
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 7,647,170	\$ 7,052,555	\$ 6,524,414	\$ 6,087,925
Primary government					
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 14,437,918	\$ 12,149,557	\$ 10,739,144	\$ 10,433,762	\$ 10,291,553
Restricted	469,526	332,922	399,005	339,469	371,209
Unrestricted	4,230,500	4,380,416	4,233,310	3,874,819	2,608,628
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Total primary government net position	\$ 19,137,944	\$ 16,862,895	\$ 15,371,459	\$ 14,648,050	\$ 13,271,390

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 5,531,794 69,903 1,121,028	\$ 4,788,636 50,298 1,532,330	\$ 4,525,800 44,541 1,208,501	\$ 4,153,576 693,884 737,230	\$ 3,945,645 26,372 1,349,162
\$ 6,722,725	\$ 6,371,264	\$ 5,778,842	\$ 5,584,690	\$ 5,321,179
\$ 4,426,001 187,735 1,340,693	\$ 3,371,107 751,048 2,038,621	\$ 4,087,015 138,725 1,762,069	\$ 3,819,660 115,489 1,932,239	\$ 4,845,486 132,025 727,281
\$ 5,954,429	\$ 6,160,776	\$ 5,987,809	\$ 5,867,388	\$ 5,704,792
\$ 9,957,795 257,638 2,461,721	\$ 8,159,743 801,346 3,570,951	\$ 8,612,815 183,266 2,970,570	\$ 7,973,236 809,373 2,669,469	\$ 8,791,131 158,397 2,076,443
\$ 12,677,154	\$ 12,532,040	\$ 11,766,651	\$ 11,452,078	\$ 11,025,971

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	1,481,771	\$	1,166,363	\$	1,334,749	\$	1,479,708	\$	768,763
Public safety Streets		1,505,214 612,629		1,432,360 689,805		1,496,194 602,786		1,462,412 700,498		1,331,101 241,549
Parks and facilities		187,880		191,756		122,729		119,793		71,203
Planning and development		310,768		181,560		253,688		222,846		134,253
Mayor and council		4,167		5,468		8,679		4,530		15,666
Economic development grants		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		218,301		300,899		290,930		323,999		288,326
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-		91,036
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	4,320,730	\$	3,968,211	\$	4,109,755	\$	4,313,786	\$	2,941,897
Business-type activities										
Water	\$	1,566,712	\$	1,595,883	\$	1,621,068	\$	1,323,132	\$	1,435,879
Economic development grants		-		-		-		-		-
Wastewater		320,281		388,516		327,188		343,883		325,990
Dyegard water system		200,654		173,989		172,839		216,573		210,994
Deercreek management		103,557		138,290		122,961		140,208		135,674
Stormwater		12,127		14,094		20,982		157,909		56,181
Total business-type activities net position		2,203,331		2,310,772		2,265,038		2,181,705		2,164,718
Total primary government expenses	\$	6,524,061	\$	6,278,983	\$	6,374,793	\$	6,495,491	\$	5,106,615
D D										
Program Revenues Governmental Activities										
Charges for services	\$	940.041	\$	471,390	\$	314,028	\$	673,812	\$	368,067
Operating grants and contributions	-	25,303		50,658	*	68,152	*	70,936	+	69,261
Capital grants and contributions				-		59,900		1,132,776		78,922
Total governmental activities	\$	965,344	\$	522,048	\$	442,080	\$	1,877,524	\$	516,250
6	<u> </u>)-	<u> </u>	-)	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,,-	<u> </u>	
Business-type activities										
Water and sewer sales	\$	3,144,775	\$	2,930,853	\$	2,787,318	\$	2,687,013	\$	2,585,563
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities		3,144,775		2,930,853		2,787,318		2,687,013		2,585,563
Total primary government revenues	\$	4,110,119	\$	3,452,901	\$	3,229,398	\$	4,564,537	\$	3,101,813
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental Activities	¢	(3,355,386)	¢	(3,446,163)	¢	(3,667,675)	¢	(2,436,262)	¢	(2,425,647)
Business-type Activities	ψ	941,444	ψ	620,081	ψ	522,280	Ψ	505,308	ψ	420,845
Total primary government net expense	\$	(2,413,942)	\$	(2,826,082)	\$	(3,145,395)	\$	(1,930,954)	\$	(2,004,802)
i one primer, go common not expense		(2,110,9.12)	-	(2,020,002)	-	(0,110,000)	Ψ	(1,)00,000	Ψ	(2,001,002)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net	Pos	sition								
Governmental Activities Sales tax	\$	1 112 105	\$	2 844 610	\$	3,380,340	\$	2811 252	\$	2 200 050
Franchise tax	Э	4,113,485 196,346	Э	3,844,619 173,610	Э	3,380,340	Ф	2,844,353 194,412	Э	2,300,050 192,368
						33,143				<pre></pre>
Investment earnings Other revenue		236,342 137,848		5,595 293,236		264,263		72,907 178,071		60,797 65,560
Transfers		588,802		25,924		204,205		86,690		291,523
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		23,724		_		-		271,525
Total governmental activities	\$	5,272,823	\$	4,342,984	\$	3,862,943	\$	3,376,433	\$	2,910,298
	-	0,272,020	-	1,0 12,001	-	0,002,010	Ψ	5,570,155	Ψ	2,910,290
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings	\$	4,970	\$	458	\$	5,860	\$	17,871	\$	14,637
Transfers		(588,802)		(25,924)		-		(86,690)		(291,523)
Total business-type activities	\$	(583,832)	\$	(25,466)	\$	5,860	\$	(68,819)	\$	(276,886)
Total primary government	\$	4,688,991	\$	4,317,518	\$	3,868,803	\$	3,307,614	\$	2,633,412
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$	1,917,437	\$	896,821	\$	195,268	\$	940,171	\$	484,651
Business-type Activities	φ	357,612	φ	594,615	φ	528,140	φ	436,489	φ	143,959
Total primary government	\$	2,275,049	\$	1,491,436	\$	723,408	\$	1,376,660	\$	628,610
Printer J Bo remaining	Ψ	_,_,_,,,,,,,	Ψ	-,	Ψ	, _0, 100	Ψ	-,-,0,000	Ψ	0=0,010
CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

_		2017		2016		2015	2014			2013
	\$	673,893	\$	666,538	\$	705,554	\$	695,185	\$	622,322
	Ψ	1,324,595	Ψ	1,277,695	Ψ	1,140,082	Ψ	1,127,251	Ψ	1,032,743
		262,374		368,670		292,149		296,496		248,484
		71,223								
		144,939		146,778		165,319		-		-
		8,244								150.000
		277,803		122,302		- 91,412		- 117,554		150,000 111,547
		- 277,803		122,302		-		-		-
-	\$	2,763,071	\$	2,766,969	\$	2,394,516	\$	2,236,486	\$	2,165,096
=										
	\$	1,384,187	\$	1,547,911	\$	1,054,715	\$	999,905	\$	1,151,086
		-		207 (200						150,000
		333,288 208,995		306,680 215,052		- 297,909		- 292,818		256,581
		119,280		117,217		111,352		121,835		132,622
		90,027		223,515		258,116		288,412		240,266
-		2,135,777		2,410,375		1,722,092		1,702,970		1,930,555
_	\$	4,898,848	\$	5,177,344	\$	4,116,608	\$	3,939,456	\$	4,095,651
-										
	\$	398,530	\$	441,274	\$	423,587	\$	537,689	\$	460,030
	Ψ	70,000	ψ	12,242	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	ψ	-
		125,000		149,528		375,567		-		301,627
-	\$	593,530	\$	603,044	\$	799,154	\$	537,689	\$	761,657
-										
	¢			0.005.054	¢	2 01 6 2 50	^	1.044.040	¢	1 001 (01
	\$	2,211,119	\$	2,035,354	\$	2,016,359	\$	1,866,868	\$	1,831,601
		31,029		116,571 640,475		188,161		113,440		82,450
-		2,242,148		2,792,400		2,204,520		1,980,308		1,914,051
-	\$	2,835,678	\$	3,395,444	\$	3,003,674	\$	2,517,997	\$	2,675,708
-										
	\$	(2,169,541)	\$	(2,163,925)	\$	(1,595,362)	\$	(1,698,797)	\$	(1,403,439)
-	\$	$\frac{106,371}{(2,063,170)}$	\$	<u>382,025</u> (1,781,900)	\$	482,428 (1,112,934)	\$	277,338 (1,421,459)	\$	(16,504) (1,419,943)
=	φ	(2,003,170)	φ	(1,781,900)	φ	(1,112,934)	φ	(1,421,439)	φ	(1,419,943)
	\$	1,902,946	\$	1,940,291	\$	1,703,568	\$	1,615,229	\$	1,527,473
		170,423		177,958		193,272		169,518		137,113
		48,843		63,084		3,478		4,464		7,004
		80,745		438,764		96,822		57,541		71,699
		318,045		136,250		187,536 8,200		115,556		(93)
-	\$	2,521,002	\$	2,756,347	\$	2,192,876	\$	1,962,308	\$	1,743,196
=										<u> </u>
	\$	5,327	\$	2,192	\$	898	\$	814	\$	182
-	¢	(318,045)	¢	(136,250)	¢	(187,536)	¢	(115,556)	¢	93
=	\$ \$	(312,718)	\$	(134,058) 2,622,289	\$ \$	(186,638) 2,006,238	\$	(114,742) 1,847,566	\$ \$	275
-	φ	2,200,204	Φ	2,022,209	ð	2,000,238	¢	1,047,300	Ф	1,/43,4/1
	\$	351,461	\$	592,422	\$	597,514	\$	263,511	\$	339,757
_		(206,347)		247,967		295,790		162,596		(16,229)
	\$	145,114	\$	840,389	\$	893,304	\$	426,107	\$	323,528

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 15,995	\$ 16,520	\$ 25,721	\$ 30,486	\$ 15,254
Restricted	9,982	9,982	9,972	9,972	8,540
Assigned	-	-	-	-	185,000
Unassigned	 3,272,030	 1,954,326	 1,508,882	 1,346,488	 1,169,993
Total general fund	\$ 3,298,007	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 1,544,575	\$ 1,386,946	\$ 1,378,787
All Other Governmental funds					
Unreserved, Designated	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	2,198
Restricted	160,659	89,265	20,646	104,583	128,668
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 (570,558)	 (908,870)	 (122,063)	 (55,832)	 (4,256)
Total other governmental funds	\$ (409,899)	\$ (819,605)	\$ (101,417)	\$ 48,751	\$ 126,610

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

 2017	2016		2015		2014		 2013
\$ 19,586 6,830 185,000	\$	12,196 4,990 335,000	\$	34,170 2,740 235,000	\$	1,732	\$ 8,396 1,732
 1,162,257		1,273,229		1,132,955		1,115,147	 1,025,655
\$ 1,373,673	\$ 1	1,625,415	\$	1,404,865	\$	1,116,879	\$ 1,035,783
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
1,848		2,533		-		-	-
2,854,524	4	5,288,947		191,057		692,152	859,124
-		-		-		43,231	53,563
 (43,465)		(28,961)		(9,441)		-	 -
\$ 2,812,907	\$:	5,262,519	\$	181,616	\$	735,383	\$ 912,687

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 4,305,465	\$ 3,955,958	\$ 3,531,827	\$ 2,970,830	\$ 2,452,121
Licenses, fees, permits	665,042	376,812	296,401	600,157	280,676
Fines and penalties	8,285	16,098	12,665	21,371	39,209
Charges for services	25,341	11,419	4,962	5,927	3,155
Intergovernmental	25,303	49,523	25,201	-	80,183
Investment earnings	236,342	5,595	33,143	72,907	60,797
Other revenues	493,804	476,269	451,802	680,940	453,334
Total revenues	\$ 5,759,582	\$ 4,891,674	\$ 4,356,001	\$ 4,352,132	\$ 3,369,475
Expenditures					
General government	\$ 1,248,102	\$ 1,040,689	\$ 1,234,403	\$ 1,351,181	\$ 757,333
Public safety	1,498,739	1,462,237	1,450,893	1,370,287	1,441,122
Streets	355,038	319,270	426,391	444,480	64,319
Parks and facilities	189,714	521,863	155,843	119,238	72,159
Planning and development	310,768	181,560	253,688	222,846	134,253
Mayor and council	4,167	5,468	8,679	4,530	15,666
Capital outlay	213,095	831,540	14,784	146,045	5,510,941
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	590,303	565,407	537,012	505,919	476,881
Interest	236,766	264,364	320,537	372,584	260,553
Bond issuance costs	-	59,794	-	-	91,036
Total expenditures	\$ 4,646,692	\$ 5,252,192	\$ 4,402,230	\$ 4,537,110	\$ 8,824,263
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Proceeds from borrowings	-	1,974,000	50,606	28,588	2,482,082
Issuance of Financed purchases	25,193		,	, ,	
Other resources	-	(1,921,341)	3,084	-	-
Transfers in	2,051,084	856,422	924,562	871,455	1,017,378
Transfers out	(1,462,282)	(830,498)	(924,562)	(784,765)	(725,855)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 613,995	\$ 78,583	\$ 53,690	\$ 115,278	\$ 2,773,605
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,726,885	\$ (281,935)	\$ 7,461	\$ (69,700)	\$ (2,681,183)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	19.38%	20.51%	20.28%	20.12%	23.68%

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	2,067,663 278,502 73,611	\$	2,107,714 2,014 84,302	\$	1,871,133 339,196 113,374	\$	1,773,967 414,691 103,801	\$	1,669,995 322,735 121,207
	7,975		755		751		15,146		7,390
	139,572 48,843		12,242 63,031		129,280 3,478		- 4,464		216,000 7,004
	48,845		186,156		96,822		4,404 57,541		7,004 78,965
\$	2,907,502	\$	2,456,214	\$	2,554,034	\$	2,369,610	\$	2,423,296
Ψ	2,907,902	Ψ	2,130,211	Ψ	2,55 1,05 1	Ψ	2,507,010	Ψ	2,123,270
\$	617,406	\$	607,996	\$	729,223	\$	653,351	\$	584,677
	1,261,075		1,264,984		1,074,111		1,111,307		964,123
	83,678		309,874		176,048		299,554		496,790
	70,589		-		-		-		-
	144,939		146,778		165,319		-		-
	8,244		-		-		-		-
	3,064,538		758,915		659,038		174,276		1,149,639
	-		-		-		-		150,000
	404,828		282,548		282,577		266,232		110,797
	300,720		91,354		106,034		110,874		114,572
	-		184,986		-		-		-
\$	5,956,017	\$	3,647,435	\$	3,192,350	\$	2,615,594	\$	3,570,598
\$	-	\$	-	\$	185,000	\$	-	\$	-
	29,116		6,002,633		-		34,220		206,250
	-		-		-		-		
	1,012,065		431,630		544,003		406,378		197,279
	(694,020)		(295,380)		(356,467)		(290,822)		(197,372)
\$	347,161	\$	6,138,883	\$	372,536	\$	149,776	\$	206,157
\$	(2,701,354)	\$	4,947,662	\$	(265,780)	\$	(96,208)	\$	(941,145)
	14.05%		13.78%		16.88%		16.93%		9.31%

Principal Sources of Revenue Government-Wide Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Revenue Source		2022		2021		2020		2019			
Principal General Government Revenue Sources											
Sales tax	\$	4,115,575	\$	3,777,991	\$	3,347,576	\$	2,777,646			
Franchise tax		189,890		177,967		184,251		193,184			
Licenses and Permits		665,042		376,812		296,401		600,157			
All Other Sources		789,075		558,904		527,773		781,145			
	\$	5,759,582	\$	4,891,674	\$	4,356,001	\$	4,352,132			

Sales Tax is collected at point of purchase in the City of Hudson Oaks at a total rate of 8.25%. Of that total, 6.25% is State tax, .50% is County tax, and 1.5% is City tax.

Franchise taxes are charged for business conducted in the City but for which no location is available for ad valorem tax. The tax as a percentage of revenue is set by contractual agreements.

Licenses and Permits are charged to business performing various construction projects throughout the City. The revenue is collected before a permit is issued and follows an Ordinance passed by City Council.

Principal Water and Wastewater Funds Revenue Sources

Water Sales - Hudson Oaks	\$ 1,673,810	\$ 1,651,299	\$ 1,573,015	\$ 1,485,472
Wastewater Sales	564,250	446,026	431,579	401,672
All Other Sources	709,985	640,008	602,725	630,285
Total Enterprise Fund Revenue	\$ 2,948,045	\$ 2,737,333	\$ 2,607,319	\$ 2,517,429

Principal Sources of Revenue Government-Wide Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	Change: 2013-2022
\$ 2,268,003	\$ 1,892,655	\$ 1,927,350	\$ 1,687,718	\$ 1,608,529	\$ 1,524,171	170.02%
184,118	175,008	180,364	183,415	165,438	145,824	30.22%
280,676	278,502	355,804	339,196	414,691	322,735	106.06%
 636,678	561,337	346,786	343,705	180,952	430,566	83.26%
\$ 3,369,475	\$ 2,907,502	\$ 2,810,304	\$ 2,554,034	\$ 2,369,610	\$ 2,423,296	

\$ 1,431,124	\$ 1,124,593	\$ 1,126,216	\$ 1,133,462	\$ 1,011,033	\$ 980,713	70.67%
386,507	353,223	323,193	323,332	333,576	334,771	68.55%
601,455	560,456	585,945	559,565	522,259	516,117	37.56%
\$ 2,419,086	\$ 2,038,272	\$ 2,035,354	\$ 2,016,359	\$ 1,866,868	\$ 1,831,601	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Sales tax by Business Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Sales Tax by Category	2021	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	 2013
Retail:										
Motor Vehicle & Parts	\$ 869,940	\$ 672,456	\$ 513,317	\$ 424,339	\$ 383,315	\$ 378,243	\$ 2,014	\$ 266,845	\$ 268,017	\$ 255,229
Furniture & Home furnishings	7,987	6,174	4,713	3,896	3,178	4,047	3,163	986	1,538	271
Electronics & Appliance	89,674	69,317	52,913	43,741	40,832	30,377	2,771	1,235	2,078	16,314
Building materials	5,662	4,377	3,341	2,762	1,961	4,285	3,816	6,028	3,861	5,010
Apparel stores	11,682	9,030	6,893	5,698	6,647	332	6,423	5,798	5,637	5,822
General merchandise	1,266,514	979,005	1,087,215	898,757	649,684	642,848	641,719	617,950	612,194	615,866
All other Retail	213,116	164,737	125,751	103,954	255,699	249,280	636,479	208,466	191,840	144,591
Total Retail	\$ 2,464,574	\$ 1,905,096	\$ 1,794,144	\$ 1,483,147	\$ 1,341,316	\$ 1,309,412	\$ 1,296,385	\$ 1,107,308	\$ 1,085,165	\$ 1,043,103
Agriculture/Manufacturing/Mining	103,440	144,565	78,240	35,353	32,393	42,581	18,513	21,636	21,044	22,199
Services	401,895	725,875	980,429	710,202	277,468	230,017	260,724	245,024	276,562	256,082
Wholesalers	166,787	137,107	88,808	99,286	37,060	14,913	10,980	17,030	21,639	22,745
Accomodation & Food	461,738	436,886	338,607	342,369	279,805	237,838	224,249	191,829	164,350	167,072
All Other	517,141	428,462	67,348	107,290	299,961	57,894	116,499	104,891	39,769	12,970
Total Sales Tax Received	\$ 4,115,575	\$ 3,777,991	\$ 3,347,576	\$ 2,777,646	\$ 2,268,003	\$ 1,892,655	\$ 1,927,350	\$ 1,687,718	\$ 1,608,529	\$ 1,524,171
City Sales Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%

Source:

Zactax Sales Tax Analysis

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Water Sales and Wastewater Sales By Type of Customer Last Ten Years

WATER SALES

Type of Customer	2022	2021	2020	2019
Residential (Hudson Oaks & Dyegard)	\$ 1,273,499	\$ 1,188,997	\$ 1,242,496	\$ 1,134,600
Commercial	\$ 683,317	\$ 730,824	\$ 584,390	\$ 581,591
Other	\$ 24,396	\$ 11,155	\$ 29,499	\$ 30,358
Total	\$ 1,981,212	\$ 1,930,976	\$ 1,856,385	\$ 1,746,549

WASTEWATER SALES

Type of Customer		2022	2021	2020	2019		
Residential	\$	73,036	\$ 66,563	\$ 61,664	\$	66,852	
Commercial	\$	479,407	\$ 377,956	\$ 364,082	\$	331,288	
Other	\$	11,807	\$ 1,507	\$ 5,833	\$	3,532	
Total	\$	564,250	\$ 446,026	\$ 431,579	\$	401,672	

Note: Source data from monthly billing registers including adjustments.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Water Sales and Wastewater Sales By Type of Customer Last Ten Years

WATER SALES

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 1,258,970	\$ 991,231	\$ 942,041	\$ 1,021,365	\$ 933,875	\$ 897,228
\$ 424,169	\$ 362,011	\$ 397,720	\$ 356,589	\$ 307,777	\$ 311,011
\$ 28,679	\$ 11,552	\$ 33,012	\$ 91,573	\$ 112,740	\$ 107,591
\$ 1,711,818	\$ 1,364,794	\$ 1,372,773	\$ 1,469,527	\$ 1,354,392	\$ 1,315,830

WASTEWATER SALES

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 64,574	\$ 54,554	\$ 37,447	\$ 41,515	\$ 40,257	\$ 50,308
\$ 320,038	\$ 297,021	\$ 276,746	\$ 281,817	\$ 293,219	\$ 284,463
\$ 1,895	\$ 1,648	\$ 9,000	\$ 10,500	\$ 7,000	\$ 9,000
\$ 386,507	\$ 353,223	\$ 323,193	\$ 333,832	\$ 340,476	\$ 343,771

Top Ten Utility Rate Payers by Rate Type Compared to Five Years Ago (Unaudited) September 30, 2022

Ten Largest Water Customers	Annual Gallons Consumed (in hundreds of gallons)								
Customers	Rank	2022 Rank		2017					
Whitewater Express Carwash	1	515,890							
Splash Kingdom	2	335,850	1	261,060					
HEB Grocery	3	311,530							
Jerry's Chevrolet	4	209,490	2	222,460					
RLS II Property Management	5	184,590							
Southwest Ford	6	161,260							
Splash Kingdom	7	160,080							
BooRays Restaurant	8	147,280	7	140,570					
Cantrell Development West, LLC	9	139,940							
Jerry's Fleet	10	130,460							
Wal-Mart Stores			5	158,710					
Wal-Mart Stores Irrigation			6	144,040					
Southwest Nissan			3	187,050					
Wal-Mart Stores			8	128,760					
Jerry's Collision			9	101,300					
Jerry's Buick, Pontiac, GMC			10	95,030					
Jerry's Hyundai			4	175,750					

Utility Service Rates Water, Dyegard Water and Wastewater September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Hudson Oaks Water Rate Structure

Residential

Base Rate - N	Aeter Charge	Usage Char	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	41.00	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	78.00	0 to 5,000	\$4.29 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	115.00	5,001 to 10,000	\$4.95 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	245.00	10,001 to 30,000	\$6.33 per 1,000 gallons				
3.00 inch meter	300.00	30,001 to above	\$7.57 per 1,000 gallons				

Commercial

Base Rate -	Meter Charge	Usage Char	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	41.00	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	78.00	0 to 15,000	\$5.49 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	115.00	15,001 to 35,000	\$7.23 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	245.00	35,001 to 65,000	\$8.49 per 1,000 gallons				
3.00 inch meter	300.00	65,001 and above	\$9.99 per 1,000 gallons				

Dyegard Water Rate Structure

Base Rate - N	leter Charge	Usage Chai	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	59.50	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	82.00	0 to 5,000	\$4.29 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	119.00	5,001 to 10,000	\$4.95 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	215.00	10,001 to 30,000	\$6.33 per 1,000 gallons				
		30,001 to above	\$7.57 per 1,000 gallons				

Wastewater charge: Based on winter averaged gallons of water use.

Residential: \$18.00 base rate + \$4.78 per 1,000 gallons used upon winter averaging. Commercial: \$18.00 base rate + \$11.40 per 1,000 gallons used upon winter averaging.

Government Wide Outstanding Debt

Last Ten Years September 30, 2022

	 G	overn	mental Activiti	es			Business-type Activities						
Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	Ta Ce	Combined x & Revenue ertificates of Obligations		Notes and Lease/ Purchases		General Obligation Bonds		Combined Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation		Notes and Lease/ Purchases		
2013	\$ 890,000	\$	2,179,650	\$	226,701	\$	795,000	\$	4,785,350	\$	31,773		
2014	\$ 810,000	\$	2,072,250	\$	182,099	\$	665,000	\$	4,607,750	\$	-		
2015	\$ 730,000	\$	1,959,850	\$	91,922	\$	530,000	\$	5,620,150	\$	-		
2016	\$ 444,412	\$	7,829,045	\$	50,211	\$	612,519	\$	6,079,854	\$	-		
2017	\$ 348,236	\$	7,532,570	\$	53,248	\$	480,640	\$	5,810,875	\$	22,075		
2018	\$ 247,060	\$	9,804,278	\$	76,296	\$	343,761	\$	5,361,850	\$	39,484		
2019	\$ 185,884	\$	9,388,650	\$	58,965	\$	261,882	\$	4,989,124	\$	24,180		
2020	\$ 125,000	\$	8,917,220	\$	82,507	\$	2,370,000	\$	9,458,568	\$	59,306		
2021	\$ 2,059,000	\$	6,436,983	\$	55,382	\$	3,911,200	\$	10,219,430	\$	34,341		
2022	\$ 1,881,500	\$	6,043,243	\$	82,304	\$	3,443,500	\$	9,966,784	\$	17,393		

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 Total vernment-wide ndebtedness	Estimated Population	Total Debt per Capita	 Per Capita Income	Debt as Percent of Personal Income
\$ 8,908,474	1859	4,792.08	\$ 47,645	10%
\$ 8,337,099	1966	4,240.64	\$ 45,999	9%
\$ 8,931,922	2115	4,223.13	\$ 43,821	10%
\$ 15,016,041	2225	6,748.78	\$ 44,841	15%
\$ 14,247,644	2160	6,596.13	\$ 46,146	14%
\$ 15,872,729	2345	6,768.75	\$ 45,511	15%
\$ 14,908,685	2407	6,193.89	\$ 49,170	13%
\$ 21,012,601	2174	9,665.41	\$ 48,909	20%
\$ 22,716,336	2478	9,167.21	\$ 48,909	19%
\$ 21,434,724	2478	8,650.01	\$ 53,464	16%

Total Government-wide Indebtedness

Ratio of Annual Debt Service For General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	 Principal	 Interest and Charges	 Total Debt Service	otal General xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to Total General Expenditures
2013	\$ 187,400	\$ 109,831	\$ 297,231	\$ 2,205,826	13.47%
2014	\$ 192,400	\$ 104,508	\$ 296,908	\$ 2,142,755	13.86%
2015	\$ 192,400	\$ 98,980	\$ 291,380	\$ 2,215,816	13.15%
2016	\$ 202,400	\$ 90,430	\$ 292,830	\$ 2,274,478	12.87%
2017	\$ 378,750	\$ 298,872	\$ 677,622	\$ 2,087,659	32.46%
2018	\$ 445,000	\$ 256,955	\$ 701,955	\$ 2,317,438	30.29%
2019	\$ 460,000	\$ 368,774	\$ 828,774	\$ 3,392,413	24.43%
2020	\$ 510,000	\$ 314,680	\$ 824,680	\$ 3,331,021	24.76%
2021	\$ 512,250	\$ 261,872	\$ 774,122	\$ 3,458,437	22.38%
2022	\$ 557,500	\$ 234,283	\$ 791,783	\$ 3,530,168	22.43%

Estimated Direct and Overlaping Supported Gross Debt Schedule as of September 30, 2022

(unaudited)

Government Subdivision	 Gross Debt	Estimated Percent Applicable (1)	O	Direct and Estimated overlapping onded Debt
Direct:				
City of Hudson Oaks	\$ 8,007,047	100%	\$	8,007,047
Total direct debt			\$	8,007,047
Overlapping:				
Weatherford Independent School District	96,784,623	10.02%		9,697,819
Parker County	139,259,412	2.91%		4,052,449
Parker County Junior College District	1,570,000	2.91%		45,687
Total gross overlapping debt			\$	13,795,955
Total gross overlapping debt and direct debt			\$	21,803,002
Direct and overlapping gross debt per capita A.			\$	8,799

A. Based on population estimate of 2,478 as of 9/30/22.

Note 1: The "Estimated Percentage Overlapping" is determined by dividing the City's certified taxable value by the County and related other County entities certified taxable values. The share of market value for Weatherford Independent School District, Parker County and Parker County Junior College District are calculated by the Parker County appraisal district.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Year Ended September 30	U Estimated Population	Jnemployment Rate for Parker County	School Enrollment	Per Capita Income		
2013	1859	5.5%	355	\$	47,645	
2014	1966	4.6%	368	\$	45,999	
2015	2115	4.2%	431	\$	43,821	
2016	2225	4.3%	453	\$	44,841	
2017	2335	3.7%	509	\$	46,146	
2018	2407	3.1%	527	\$	45,511	
2019	2479	3.0%	541	\$	49,170	
2020	2174	6.1%	N/A	\$	48,909	
2021	2478	5.4%	N/A	\$	48,909	
2022	2478	3.0%	N/A	\$	53,464	

Sources:

Population, school enrollment and Per capita income from http://data.census.gov Unemployment rates from Texas Workforce Commission Web site

City Employees by Job Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Count of Employees by Year

Job Classification	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Waterworkers	6	7	7	7	6	6	7	7	8	6
Police Officers	12	11	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11
Clerical-Office	8	8	7	6	7	6	6	7	8	9
Total	26	26	26	25	25	23	24	25	27	26

Source: Texas Municipal League Workers Compensation audit figures and current year approved, budgeted positions.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	
City-owned Equipment					
Vehicles	19	18	17	15	
Mobile equipment	5	5	5	5	
Street Department					
Miles of roadway	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	
City Parks					
Maintained Public Parks	4 acres	4 acres	4 acres	4 acres	
Water Department					
Water lines (in miles)	26.57	26.57	26.57	26.57	
Wells	28	28	28	28	
Water plant	8	8	8	8	
Wastewater Department					
Lift Stations	6	6	6	6	
Sewer Lines (in miles)	11.75	11.75	11.75	11.75	

Source: City of Hudson Oaks records

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013	
14	13	12	14	14	14	
5	5	5	4	4	4	

21.86 miles 21.86 miles 21.86 miles 21.46 miles 21.46 miles 21.46 miles

4 acres	4 acres				
		05.50	05.50	0 4 4 6	21.22
26.57	26.23	25.73	25.53	24.46	21.22
27	27	27	27	27	27
8	8	8	8	8	8
6	6	5	5	5	5
11.75	11.51	10.71	10.51	9.7	9.7

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019
Municipal Court				
Citations issued	35	67	56	110
Police Department				
Calls for Service	4421	*2793	6063	6968
Arrests	52	73	35	61
Accidents	213	226	185	187
Community Services				
Building Permits Issued	274	137	224	203
Building Permits Value	\$ 57,050,032	\$ 20,996,390	\$ 17,528,870 \$	31,268,397
Utility Department				
Water connections	1,186	1,180	1,187	1,170
Sewer connections	213	207	202	194
Water Department, in gallons (000)				
Water purchased or pumped	236,920,800	198,447,000	195,112,374	196,400,499
Water sold to customers	190,269,300	181,686,091	177,888,997	179,456,650

Source: City of Hudson Oaks records from these departments. * Some data not available

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
141	470	634	739	931	1,023
5,683	4,123	6,679	7,791	9,361	11,218
75	151	123	156	197	252
200	227	170	167	160	131
148	142	241	175	185	218
\$ 12,254,451	\$ 15,089,718	\$ 22,081,434	\$ 21,121,918	\$ 27,702,865	\$ 16,627,435
1,153	1,143	1,124	1,123	1,099	1,063
182	172	163	147	126	110
213,704,600	188,959,200	191,223,700	195,881,380	187,782,000	303,751,900
187,197,147	172,927,000	180,189,000	176,945,792	173,770,113	175,366,617

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

George, Morgan . freed P.C.

Weatherford, Texas March 20, 2023