the comprehensive annual financial report of the
City of Hudson Oaks, TX
for the fiscal year ending
September 30, 2020



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Prepared by the Finance Department

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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March 18, 2021

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Hudson Oaks, TX

Dear Mayor and City Council:

The City Administrator's Office is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is published to provide the City Council, residents, bondholders, city staff and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of the City government. Responsibility for both accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City.

To the best of our knowledge and belief the enclosed data are accurate in all respects and are organized in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of City operations, which are measured by the financial activity of its various funds. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

THE REPORT

The reporting model issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). We believe our presentation provides better information to use the comprehensive annual financial report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Hudson Oaks' MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

CITY PROFILE

Location

Hudson Oaks is located in Parker County, just 20 miles west of Fort Worth. Hudson Oaks is home to approximately 2,633 people and serves as a prime location for residents who desire a short commute time with the luxury of living in a city with no property tax. There are currently 2.6 square miles of land within the City's boundaries.

Government Structure

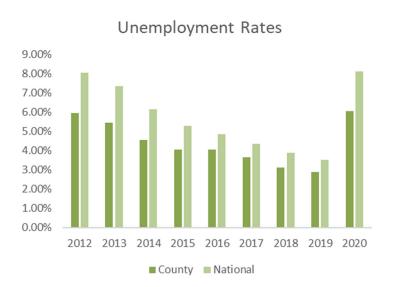
Founded in 1978, Hudson Oaks is a Type A General Law Municipality that operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of a mayor and five atlarge council members and is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as appointing members of various statutory and advisory boards, the City Administrator, City Attorney, the City Secretary and the Municipal Judge. The City Administrator is responsible for the enforcement of laws and ordinances, the appointment and supervision of the directors and department heads, and the performance of functions within the municipal organization.

Services Provided

The City provides services that are meant to be necessary and meaningful to the City, while maintaining a low cost to the citizens, including the benefit of no property tax. Major services provided under the general government and enterprise functions are: police, water and wastewater utility services, stormwater utility services, park facilities, streets, and administrative services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

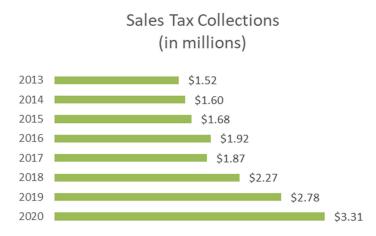


Regional Economy

Hudson Oaks is 20 miles west of downtown Fort Worth, which makes it an ideal location for people to live and commute. Hudson Oaks has had strong economic growth over the past years, thriving on commercial development as a sales tax dependent City. Unemployment rates have dropped, while City and County sales tax receipts continue to increase.

Local Economy

Hudson Oaks is a thriving economy between Weatherford and Fort Worth. Customers come from all over to shop in Hudson Oaks. Approximately 70,000 vehicles a day travel through Hudson Oaks, which makes it an ideal place to do business. The stability of the local Wal-Mart and HEB Grocery store along with a variety of food establishments and large employers consistently brings consumers to the area. Sales tax has maintained consistent growth and is the pillar of the City's income. The COVID-19 pandemic did not significantly affect the City and the sales tax during 2020-2021. Hudson Oaks has a wide variety of outlets that consistently bring in sales tax. The sales tax revenue for 2020-2021 has been conservatively budgeted. The new apartment complex which is approximately 50% occupied will bring more population to the City and provide a base for even more growth.



The City's residential developments are almost at capacity which in turn has begun to generate fewer residential building permits. The increase in valuation is due to the large commercial projects ongoing in the City. The City expects more density in the future, with larger commercial projects.



FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures are recorded when the services or goods are received, and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's utilities are maintained on the accrual basis.

In developing and maintaining the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but no absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The City code provides that the City Council shall adopt the annual budget prepared by the City Administrator. This budget is reviewed by the City Council and is formally adopted by the passage of a budget ordinance. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

Budgetary control has been established at the individual fund and department level. Financial reports are produced showing budget and actual expenditures by line item and are distributed monthly to City department management and to others upon request.

Individual line items are reviewed and analyzed for budgetary compliance. Personnel expenditures are monitored and controlled at a position level and capital expenditures are monitored and controlled item by item. Revenue budgets are reviewed monthly.

In addition, the City has implemented a five-year strategic plan process that projects full lineitem and capital expenditure detail for all departments. The first year of this strategic plan is utilized as a starting basis for the annual budget.

Cash Management

As of October 1, 2020, the City's depository contract is with First Financial Bank, N.A. It is a three-year relationship period with two one-year extension options.

The remaining idle cash is invested in government securities and government investment pools as allowed by the State of Texas Statutes and by the City's investment policy.

The ending balance of the City's investment portfolio for Fiscal Year 2019-2020 was approximately \$1,983,380. The overall portfolio provided \$39,003 in investment income, representing interest revenue net of realized gains, unrealized gains and losses and investment expenses.

It is the City's policy that all demand deposits and time deposits will have a collateralization level of not less than 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest, less an amount of \$250,000, which represents insurance by the FDIC or FSLIC on certain types of bank deposits. Evidence of pledged collateral shall be documented by safekeeping or a master repurchase agreement with the collateral pledged clearly listed in the agreement and safekeeping confirmations. Collateral is monitored monthly to ensure that the market value of the pledged securities equals or exceeds the related deposit of investment balance.

All investments transacted by the City are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. That is, funds are not wired or paid until verification has been made that the correct security has been received by the Custodian. Securities are held in the name of the City of held on behalf of the City. The original copy of the safekeeping statements is delivered to the City. The City will not accept as depository collateral any security that is not specifically allowed to be held as a direct investment by the City's portfolio, and the maximum maturity of the collateral securities may be no greater than five years. Collateral is held by an independent third party with whom the depository bank has a custodial agreement. A clearly marked evidence of ownership (safekeeping receipt) is supplied to the City and retained. The safekeeping institution will be the Federal Reserve Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, or an institution not affiliated with the depository bank or the broker/dealer pledging the security. The safekeeping agreement includes the authorized signatories of the City and the depository bank.

All collateral shall be subject to verification and audit by the Financial Analyst or the City's independent auditors.

Long-Term Financing

The City intends that the length of any long-term financing matches the life of assets purchased with the financing. The City will generally use lease-purchase options of larger pieces of equipment with an expected useful life of at least five years. Certificates of Obligation or bonded indebtedness are issued for projects and other significant capital improvements with longer useful lives.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City develops a multi-year blueprint annually for planning the City's future capital expenditures, which coordinates and integrates community planning, development and financial capacity. This blueprint is the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP's goal is to implement necessary infrastructure and facility issues related to city growth and increased service demands and improve efficiency in the city. This strategic capital plan ensures that infrastructure needs projected over the next several years are identified, prioritized and properly funded.

Transparency

The City has been recognized by GFOA for both the Distinguished Budget award program and the Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Also, during 2019, the City was recognized by the State of Texas for its transparency in Traditional Finances, Pensions and Debt. The City was awarded a transparency star for each of these programs.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

Section 7.13 of the City code requires the City Council to direct that an independent annual audit be made of all accounts of the City. This requirement has been complied with, and the independent auditor's report has been included in this report.

It should be noted that the auditors included all funds in their audit, performed their audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and stated that, in their opinion, the statements herein present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the City at September 30, 2020, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States of America and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Hudson Oaks for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the third year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the full support and involvement of the City Administrator and staff that provided information and analyses contained within this document. In addition, we acknowledge the thorough, professional, and timely way our independent auditors, George, Morgan and Sneed, P.C., conducted the audit. Finally, we express appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their continued support for maintaining the highest standard and professionalism of the management of the City's finances.

Sincerely,

Starling L. Nam

Sterling Naron City Administrator

MAYOR

Marc Povero

MAYOR PRO-TEM

Brian Lixey

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Place 1 – Tom Marquardt Place 3 – Marty Schrantz Place 4 – Tom Fitzpatrick Place 5 – Daniel Cross

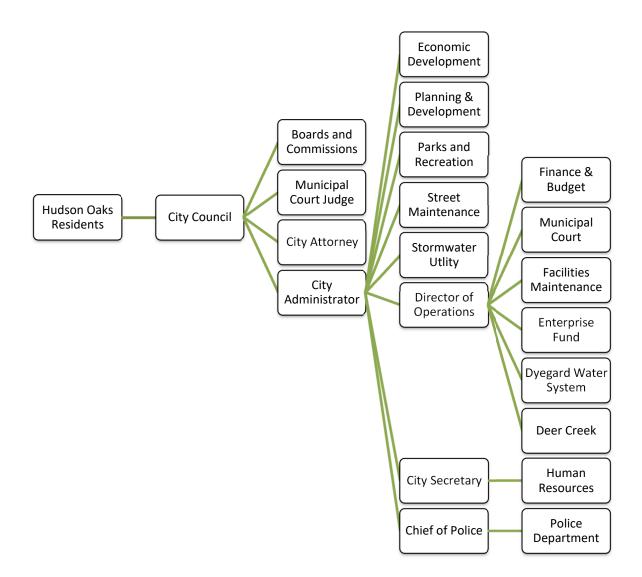
CITY ADMINISTRATOR

Sterling Naron

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Ricky King – Public Works Brittney Huff - Operations Shelley Scazzero – City Secretary Paul Conner – Municipal Court Judge

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hudson Oaks Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-13 and budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions and related ratios and schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 56-61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, enterprise fund supplementary information and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Geore, Moym . freed P.C.

Weatherford, Texas March 18, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of The City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, we offer readers of The City of Hudson Oaks' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of The City of Hudson Oaks for the year ended September 30, 2020.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Hudson Oaks exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$15,371,459 (*net position*) compared to \$14,648,050 for the prior year. Of this amount, \$4,233,310 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$723,408. The City's operations increased the governmental activities and increased business-type activities by \$195,268 and \$528,140 respectively.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Hudson Oaks' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,443,158 compared to \$1,435,697 for the prior year. 96% is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,508,882, or 47% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Hudson Oaks' basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the differences reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and fees).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets and parks, mayor and council, and planning and development. The business-type activities of the City include waterworks, wastewater and stormwater. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's nearterm financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The City maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. The Enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and wastewater operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for reimbursements for employee health care costs. Because this service predominately benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, wastewater and stormwater utility funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 7 through 9 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-55 of this report.

Other information.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on Exhibit A-1 through A-4.

The combining and individual nonmajor governmental funds and enterprise fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. These statements can be found on Exhibits B-1 through B-2 and Schedules 1 through 3 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$15,371,459 as of September 30, 2020. Below is a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position.

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Current and other assets	\$ 3,226,734	\$ 3,712,314	\$ 3,408,925	\$ 2,878,839	\$ 6,635,659	\$ 6,591,153		
Capital assets	15,569,638	15,759,950	16,182,105	9,582,498	31,751,743	25,342,448		
Total Assets	18,796,372	19,472,264	19,591,030	12,461,337	38,387,402	31,933,601		
Deferred Outflow of Resources	230,011	281,378	73,239	110,669	303,250	392,047		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	230,011	281,378	73,239	110,669	303,250	392,047		
Current liabilities	764,332	1,148,110	463,547	452,203	1,227,879	1,600,313		
Long-term liabilities	9,751,254	10,344,786	12,085,324	5,537,574	21,836,578	15,882,360		
Total liabilities	10,515,586	11,492,896	12,548,871	5,989,777	23,064,457	17,482,673		
Deferred Inflow of Resources	191,893	137,110	62,843	57,815	254,736	194,925		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	191,893	137,110	62,843	57,815	254,736	194,925		
Net Position:								
Net investment								
in capital assets	6,444,911	6,126,451	4,294,233	4,307,311	10,739,144	10,433,762		
Restricted Net Position (expendable)	30,618	114,555	368,387	224,914	399,005	339,469		
Unrestricted Net Position	1,843,375	1,882,630	2,389,935	1,992,189	4,233,310	3,874,819		
Total Net Position	\$ 8,318,904	\$ 8,123,636	\$ 7,052,555	\$ 6,524,414	\$ 15,371,459	\$ 14,648,050		

Condensed Statement of Net Position

The largest portion of the City's net position (70%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, automobiles, improvements, infrastructure and construction in progress); less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay

this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$4,233,310 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The following is a summary of the City's Statement of Activities.

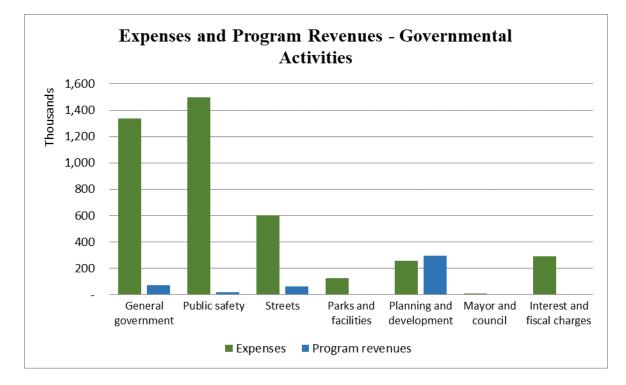
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total 2020 2019 2020 2019 2020 2019 Revenues: Program revenues: Charges for services \$ 314,028 \$ \$ 2,787,318 \$ 2,687,013 \$ 3,101,346 \$ 673,812 3,360,825 Operating grants and contributions 68,152 70,936 68,152 70,936 Capital grants and contributions 59,900 1,132,776 59,900 1,132,776 General revenues: Sales taxes 3,380,340 2,844,353 3,380,340 2,844,353 Franchise taxes 185,197 194,412 185,197 194,412 Investment earnings 33,143 72,907 5,860 17,871 39,003 90,778 Other Revenue 264,263 264,263 178,071 178,071 Total revenues 2,793,178 4,305,023 5,167,267 2,704,884 7,098,201 7,872,151 Expenses General government 1.334.749 1.479.708 1.334.749 1.479.708 Public safety 1,496,194 1,462,412 1,496,194 1,462,412 700,498 Streets 602,786 602,786 700,498 _ Parks and facilities 122,729 119,793 122,729 119,793 Planning and development 253,688 222,846 253,688 222,846 _ Mayor and council 8,679 4,530 8,679 4,530 -Interest and fiscal charges 290,930 323.999 290,930 323,999 Hudson Oaks water _ 1,621,068 1,323,132 1,621,068 1,323,132 Dyegard Water System 172,839 216,573 172,839 216,573 _ Deercreek Management 122.961 140,208 122,961 140,208 Wastewater 327,188 343,883 327,188 343,883 20,982 157,909 20,982 157,909 Stormwater Total expenses 4,109,755 4,313,786 2,265,038 2,181,705 6,374,793 6,495,491 Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 195,268 853,481 528,140 523,179 723,408 1,376,660 Transfers 86.690 (86.690)Increase (decrease) in net position 195,268 940.171 528,140 436,489 723,408 1,376,660 Net Position, Beginning 6,087,925 8,123,636 7,183,465 6,524,415 14,648,051 13,271,390 Prior Period Adjustment 8,318,904 8,123,636 7,052,555 6,524,414 15,371,459 \$ 14.648.050 Net Position, Ending \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

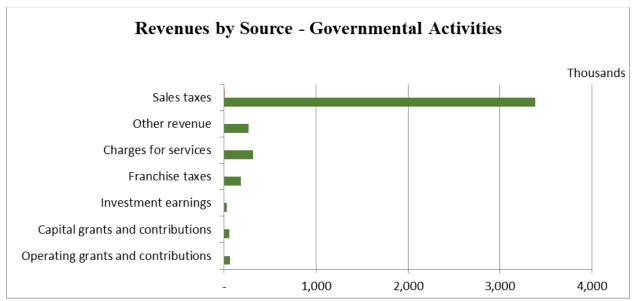
Condensed Statement of Activities

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$195,286. Key elements are as follows.

- Revenues decreased \$862,244. Other revenues increased \$86,192. Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1,072,876 due to street assessments levied in the prior year for projects completed. Sales tax increased \$535,987 primarily due to growth and new businesses built in the City.
- Expenses decreased \$204,031. General governmental expenses decreased approximately \$144,959 mainly due to economic development agreement expenses incurred in the prior year. Public safety expenses increased due to additional staffing during the COVID-19 pandemic. Street expenses decreased \$97,712.

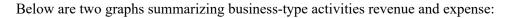
Below are two graphs summarizing governmental revenue and expense:

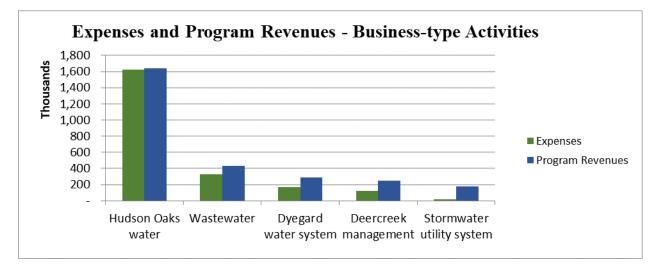


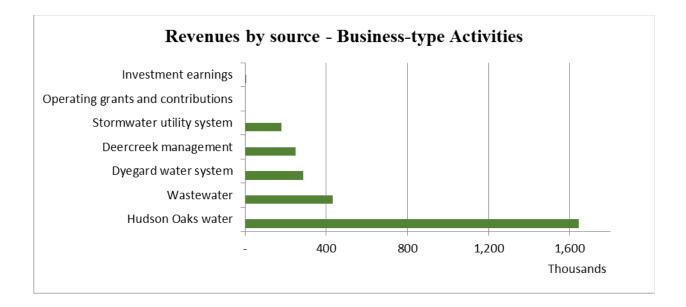


Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$528,140. Key elements are as follows.

- Revenues increased \$88,294. Charges for service increased \$100,305 due to an increase in water consumption. Investment earnings decreased \$12,011 due to decreasing interest rates.
- Expenses increased \$83,333. Waterworks expenses increased \$297,936 primarily due to an increase in regional demand fees due to the City of Weatherford and bond issuance costs. Stormwater expenses decreased \$136,927 due to underlying repairs made in the prior year.







Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At year end, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,443,176. (96%) of the ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,562,352. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$211,099. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Revenues increased about 5% or \$188,087. The City's sales tax revenues increased tremendously during the year mainly due to new retail and other businesses entering the City. Court fines declined 40% as the City continues its strong relationship with its residents and community policing model. Miscellaneous revenue decreased to due street assessments. Licenses and permit revenue decreased 51% to return to a more normal level. The prior year had a large construction project that affected the permit revenue. Interest also decreased 53% due to the falling interest rates.
- Expenditures decreased about 2% or \$61,392. General government expenditures decreased \$165,985 or about 14% as economic development incentive decreased. Public safety expenditures increased approximately 6% on increased police presence and overtime related to the pandemic.

					Increase	Percent Increase
	2020		2019		Decrease)	(Decrease)
Revenues:	 				/	
Taxes						
Sales and use	\$ 3,347,576	\$	2,777,646	\$	569,930	21%
Franchise	184,251		193,184		(8,933)	-5%
Licenses and permits	296,401		600,157		(303,756)	-51%
Charges for services	4,962		5,927		(965)	-16%
Municipal court fines	12,247		20,538		(8,291)	-40%
Interest	30,366		65,255		(34,889)	-53%
Intergovernmental	25,201		-		25,201	0%
Miscellaneous	351,310		401,520		(50,210)	-13%
Total revenues	 4,252,314		4,064,227		188,087	5%
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,015,318		1,181,303		(165,985)	-14%
Public safety	1,450,893		1,370,287		80,606	6%
Streets	426,391		444,480		(18,089)	-4%
Parks and facilities	146,267		119,238		27,029	23%
Planning and development	253,688		222,846		30,842	14%
Mayor and council	8,679		4,530		4,149	92%
Debt service	-))		, -	-
Principal	27,012		45,919		(18,907)	-41%
Interest and fiscal charges	2,773		3,810		(1,037)	-27%
Total expenditures	 3,331,021		3,392,413		(61,392)	-2%
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In	55 140				55 146	00/
	55,146		-		55,146	0%
Transfers Out	(869,416)		(692,243)		(177,173)	26%
Proceeds from capital lease	 50,606		28,588		22,018	77%
Net change in fund balance	\$ 157,629	\$	8,159	\$	149,470	1832%

Below is a comparison of the general fund's net change in fund balance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018.

The general debt service fund is the other major government fund. Changes in this fund include transfers in from other funds to pay debt service and debt service payment. Proceeds and payments to escrow agents also contributed to changes in this funds balance.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Proprietary Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$2,524,586. The change in net position was a \$528,140 increase. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City amended the general fund budget once during fiscal year 2020. Budgeted revenues were increased \$610,915. Budgeted expenditures were increased \$403,682. The most significant changes to expenditures was to increase the general government budget, public works budget and planning and development budget. General fund expenditures exceeded budget by \$292,423. The City received additional revenue to cover the expenditures that exceeded budget.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$31,751,742 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water and wastewater systems, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

- \$31,233 for a designer Christmas tree
- \$9,576 for new park lights
- \$1,705,000 for an additional three access points on the south side of interstate 20
- \$1,955,316 for PID No. 1 improvements
- \$59,900 in land donations
- \$72,818 for new police vehicles

Business-type activities:

- \$67,703 for new utility vehicles in public works
- \$6,986,374 construction in progress for the new water line from the City of Fort Worth
- \$50,117 for a new SCADA system

(Net of Depreciation)										
	Governm	ental Activities	Business-typ	be Activities	To	otal				
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019				
Land	\$ 942,382	2 \$ 848,478	\$ 559,867	\$ 559,867	\$ 1,502,249	\$ 1,408,345				
Buildings	1,796,749	9 1,862,934	30,002	31,190	1,826,751	1,894,124				
Water plant	-	-	2,602,652	2,747,436	2,602,652	2,747,436				
Distribution systems	-	-	2,525,782	2,658,551	2,525,782	2,658,551				
Wastewater systems	-	-	2,383,831	2,508,165	2,383,831	2,508,165				
Automobiles	118,767	7 84,177	55,291	-	174,058	84,177				
Intangible Assets	-	-	462,683	491,231	462,683	491,231				
Equipment	137,837	7 141,870	29,075	39,512	166,912	181,382				
Improvements	89,644	4 102,878	-	-	89,644	102,878				
Infrastructure	9,593,228	6,241,180	-	-	9,593,228	6,241,180				
Construction in progress	2,891,031	6,478,433	7,532,921	546,547	10,423,952	7,024,980				
Total	\$ 15,569,638	8 \$ 15,759,950	\$ 16,182,104	\$ 9,582,499	\$ 31,751,742	\$ 25,342,449				

The City of Hudson Oaks Capital Assets (Nat of Depreciation)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hudson Oaks had total bonded debt, notes payable and capital leases payable of \$21,012,601.

	_	Governmental Activities			 Business-ty	Activities	 Total			
	_	2020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019
Capital leases	\$	82,507	\$	58,965	\$ 59,306	\$	24,180	\$ 141,813	\$	83,145
Certificates of Obligation		8,917,220		9,388,648	9,458,568		4,989,128	18,375,788		14,377,776
General Obligation bonds	_	125,000		185,884	 2,370,000		261,882	 2,495,000		447,766
Total	\$	9,124,727	\$	9,633,497	\$ 11,887,874	\$	5,275,190	\$ 21,012,601	\$	14,908,687

City of Hudson Oaks' Outstanding Debt

More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in note 5 to the financial statements.

Economic factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Hudson Oaks commercial development increased significantly in 2020. The new grocery store has added additional revenue. The new apartments are approximately 50% occupied bringing new residents into town. A new retail center has opened, and two more major commercial construction projects are underway. As the City continues its mission for a no property tax City, the reliance on commercial development to produce sales tax is extremely important.

Overall permits increased in 2020, as the City continues to see a major increase in commercial development. New frontage roads were complete in 2020 on the southside of the interstate allowing for future development that the City expects in the future.

Looking ahead to 2021, the City was able to avoid any decrease in revenues related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The City has many essential businesses which increased the City's revenue. Infrastructure continues to improve in the City with additional access points, exits and other streets seeing improvements, paving the way for future development and more growth.

Much of the focus continues to be on growing the sales tax base as the City maintains its functionality without a property tax. A focus towards being a full-service City without a property tax is the main goal in Hudson Oaks and building a comprehensive and competitive sales tax marketplace accomplishes what the City strives to achieve.

Due to the pandemic in 2020, the City did not hold many major special events. A return to normalcy is expected in 2021 and the City plans to continue to host its marquee events such as Boomin 4th, Craft and Cork wine and beer festival, and the annual Christmas events.

The fiscal year 2021 general fund budget continues the City's conservative approach to fiscal matters. The budget includes additional funds for street maintenance, police protection, and employee retention while holding sales tax projections related to the developments to a minimum. This conservative approach will allow the City more flexibility if revenues exceed budget in the future to expand on developments to continue to grow the City. The future budget projections also take into account the pandemic which is still limiting capacity in certain places of business. While the City expects business to continue to increase, some events have led to a more conservative approach than normal for 2021.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, 210 Hudson Oaks Drive, Hudson Oaks, Texas 76087.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Primary Government Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 510,272	\$ 2,115,711	\$ 2,625,983
Investments	1,472,603	510,777	1,983,380
Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles)			
Accounts	-	366,128	366,128
Sales tax	571,805	-	571,805
Franchise taxes	89,420	-	89,420
Fines	37,372	-	37,372
Miscellaneous receivables	643,900	120,636	764,536
Prepaid items	25,721	8,470	34,191
Internal Balances	(134,514)	134,514	-
Due from Agency fund	10,155	-	10,155
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	152,689	152,689
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Nondepreciable	3,833,413	8,092,789	11,926,202
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	11,736,225	8,089,316	19,825,541
Total Assets	18,796,372	19,591,030	38,387,402
DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows on pensions	221,530	70,462	291,992
Deferred outflows on OPEB	8,481	2,777	11,258
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	230,011	73,239	303,250
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 19,026,383	\$ 19,664,269	\$ 38,690,652
	\$ 17,020,000	• 19,001,209	\$ 20,020,002
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	681,049	432,866	1,113,915
Accrued payroll	32,164	9,959	42,123
Accrued interest payable	51,119	20,722	71,841
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	717,285	814,492	1,531,777
Due in more than one year	9,033,969	11,270,832	20,304,801
Total Liabilities	10,515,586	12,548,871	23,064,457
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows on pensions	189,397	62,025	251,422
Deferred inflows on OPEB	2,496	818	3,314
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	191,893	62,843	254,736
NET DOUTION			
NET POSITION:	< · · · · · · · ·	1 00 1 000	10 700 144
Net Investments in Capital Assets	6,444,911	4,294,233	10,739,144
Restricted Net Position - Public Safety	17,722	-	17,722
Restricted Net Position - Debt Service	-	152,689	152,689
Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees	-	215,698	215,698
Restricted Net Position - Other	12,896	-	12,896
Unrestricted Net Position	1,843,375	2,389,935	4,233,310
Total Net Position	8,318,904	7,052,555	15,371,459
Total Liability, Deferred Inflows of Resourcs, and Net Position	\$ 19,026,383	\$ 19,664,269	\$ 38,690,652

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		-		Gr	Capital ants and ntributions
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 1,334,749	\$	2,376	\$	68,152	\$	-	
Public safety	1,496,194		15,251		-		-	
Streets	602,786		-		-		59,900	
Parks and facilities	122,729		-		-		-	
Planning and development	253,688		296,401		-		-	
Mayor and council	8,679		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	290,930		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	 4,109,755		314,028		68,152		59,900	
Business-type activities:								
Hudson Oaks water	1,621,068		1,643,446		-		-	
Wastewater	327,188		431,579		-		-	
Dyegard water system	172,839		285,368		-		-	
Deercreek management	122,961		246,926		-		-	
Stormwater utility system	20,982		179,999		-		-	
Total business-type activities	 2,265,038	. <u> </u>	2,787,318		-		-	
Total primary government	 6,374,793		3,101,346		68,152		59,900	

General Revenues: Taxes: Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes Investment Earnings Other Revenue Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position October 1

Net Position September 30

Exhibit 2

Go	overnmental	ry Government siness-type	
	Activities	ctivities	Total
\$	(1,264,221)	\$ -	\$ (1,264,221
	(1,480,943)	-	(1,480,943
	(542,886)	-	(542,886
	(122,729)	-	(122,729
	42,713	-	42,713
	(8,679)	-	(8,679
	(290,930)	-	(290,930
	(3,667,675)	 -	 (3,667,675
	-	22,378	22,378
	-	104,391	104,391
	-	112,529	112,529
	-	123,965	123,965
	-	159,017	159,017
	-	 522,280	 522,280
	(3,667,675)	522,280	(3,145,395
	3,380,340	-	3,380,340
	185,197	-	185,197
	33,143	5,860	39,003
	264,263	 -	 264,263
	3,862,943	 5,860	 3,868,803
	195,268	528,140	723,408
	8,123,636	 6,524,415	 14,648,051
\$	8,318,904	\$ 7,052,555	\$ 15,371,459

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

ASSETS	G	eneral Fund		General ot Service Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Cash	\$	373,170	\$	918	\$	125,901	\$	499,989
Investments	φ	1,457,228	Ŷ	-	Ψ	15,375	Ŷ	1,472,603
Receivables		, , .				-)		, , ,
Sales Tax		571,805		-		-		571,805
Franchise Tax		89,420		-		-		89,420
Fines and fees		37,372		-		-		37,372
Miscellaneous		643,900		-		-		643,900
Prepaid items		25,721		-		-		25,721
Due from other funds		72,958		53,507		98,186		224,651
Total assets	\$	3,271,574	\$	54,425	\$	239,462	\$	3,565,461
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		536,569		-		144,480		681,049
Accrued payroll		32,164		-		-		32,164
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		98,186		54,425		196,399		349,010
Total liabilities		666,919		54,425		340,879		1,062,223
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Deferred revenue		1,060,080				-		1,060,080
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		25,721		-		-		25,721
Restricted fund balance								
Public, educational, and government access fees		9,972		-		-		9,972
Public Safety		-		-		17,722		17,722
Parks		-		-		2,924		2,924
Assigned fund balance								
Construction Projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned fund balance		1,508,882		-		(122,063)		1,386,819
Total fund balances		1,544,575		-		(101,417)		1,443,158
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	3,271,574	\$	54,425	\$	239,462	\$	3,565,461

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,443,158
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of these assets was \$20,080,440 and the accumulated depreciation was \$4,510,802.	15,569,638
Long-term liabilities, including \$9,042,220 bonds payable, \$82,507 of capital leases payable and \$144,898 compensated absences payable are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements.	(9,269,625)
Interest payable is not expected to be liquidated with available financial resources and is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements.	(51,119)
Franchise taxes receivable, sales tax receivable, and fines and fees receivable are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.	1,060,080
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$439,987, a deferred resource inflow related to pensions of \$189,397 and a deferred resource outflow related to pensions in the amount of \$221,530. This resulted in a decrease to net position.	(407,854)
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) as required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$41,642, a deferred inflow related to OPEB of \$2,496, a deferred outflow to OPEB of \$8,481. This results in a decrease to net position.	(35,657)
The City uses an internal service fund to charge costs of reimbursements to employees for health care costs above deductible amounts. The adjustment is to reflect the consolidation of the internal service fund activities related to governmental activities.	10,283
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 8,318,904

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General Fund	General Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Taxes				
Sales and Use	\$ 3,347,576	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,347,576
Franchise	184,251	-	-	184,251
Licenses and permits	296,401	-	-	296,401
Charges for services	4,962	-	-	4,962
Municipal court fines	12,247	-	418	12,665
Interest	30,366	812	1,965	33,143
Intergovernmental	25,201	-	-	25,201
Miscellaneous	351,310	-	100,492	451,802
Total revenues	4,252,314	812	102,875	4,356,001
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	1,015,318	-	219,085	1,234,403
Public safety	1,450,893	-	-	1,450,893
Streets	426,391	-	-	426,391
Parks and facilities	146,267	-	9,576	155,843
Planning and development	253,688	-	-	253,688
Mayor and council	8,679	-	-	8,679
Capital outlay	-	-	14,784	14,784
Debt service:				
Principal	27,012	510,000	-	537,012
Interest and fiscal charges	2,773	317,764	-	320,537
Total expenditures	3,331,021	827,764	243,445	4,402,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	921,293	(826,952)	(140,570)	(46,229)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	55,146	771,230	98,186	924,562
Transfers out	(869,416)) -	(55,146)	(924,562)
Issuance of capital lease	50,606	-	-	50,606
Proceeds of bonds		125,000	-	125,000
Payment to refunding escrow agent	-	(121,916)	-	(121,916)
Total other financing sources (uses):	(763,664)	774,314	43,040	53,690
Net change in fund balance	157,629	(52,638)	(97,530)	7,461
Fund balance, October 1	1,386,946	52,638	(3,887)	1,435,697
Fund balance, September 30	\$ 1,544,575	\$ -	\$ (101,417)	\$ 1,443,158

Exhibit 6

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS	
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues ,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of	
The Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020	
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,461
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including \$220,545 of capital outlays, \$59,900 of donated land and \$537,064 of debt principal payments is to increase net position.	817,509
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(470,757)
Current year issuance of capital lease payables are other financing sources in the fund financial statements. The effect of \$50,606 increase in capital lease payable is a decrease to net position.	(50,606)
Current year interest payable and compensated absences of the governmental funds are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the \$4,157 decrease in interest payable, \$12,446 decrease in compensated absences payable and \$25,398 amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts is to decrease net position.	42,001
Transactions involving the issuance of refunding bonds are expenditures and other financing sources (uses) in the fund financial statements but change in deferred charges for refunding and noncurrent liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect is a decrease to net position.	(3,084)
Sales tax, franchise tax, fines and fees, and other intergovernmental revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund statements.	(110,878)
GASB required the City to recognize their net pension liability, deferred resource inflow related to pensions and deferred resource outflow related to pensions. The changes in these balances decreased net position.	(27,850)
GASB required the City to recognize their other post employment benefit liability and deferred inflows related to OPEB. The changes in these balances decreased net position.	(5,986)
The City uses and internal service fund to charge the costs of health costs reimbursable to employees to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	(2,542)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 195,268

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2020

	Septer	mber 30, 2020							
	Duciness type Astivities						Governmental		
			Busines	s-type Activitie	s		Activities		
		Water & astewater	Ente	Other erprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Fund		
Assets									
Current Assets:									
Cash	\$	1,979,350	\$	136,361	\$	2,115,711	\$	10,283	
Investments		510,777		-		510,777		-	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)		349,134		16,994		366,128		-	
Miscellaneous receivables		120,636		-		120,636		-	
Due from other funds		173,724		24,243		197,967		-	
Prepaid expense		8,470		-		8,470		-	
Restricted cash Total current assets		134,651		18,038		152,689		10 202	
1 otal current assets		3,276,742		195,636		3,472,378		10,283	
Noncurrent Assets:									
Capital Assets:									
Nondepreciable		7,545,971		546,818		8,092,789		-	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		8,089,316		-		8,089,316		-	
Total noncurrent assets		15,635,287		546,818		16,182,105		-	
Total assets		18,912,029		742,454		19,654,483		10,283	
Deferred Outflow of Resources									
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		70,462		-		70,462		-	
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		2,777		-		2,777			
Total deferred outflow of resources		73,239				73,239		-	
Liabilities						-			
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		432,866		-		432,866		-	
Accrued payroll		9,959		-		9,959		-	
Compensated absences payable		39,720		-		39,720		-	
Due to other funds		63,453		-		63,453		-	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:									
Current portion of long-term debt		748,733		26,039		774,772		-	
Accrued interest payable		18,310		2,412		20,722		-	
Total current liabilities		1,313,041		28,451		1,341,492		-	
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Capital lease payable		50,840		_		50,840		_	
Net pension liability		144,092				144,092			
OPEB liability		13,638		_		13,638			
Certificates of obligation		10,611,929		450,333		11,062,262		_	
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,820,499		450,333		11,270,832		-	
Total liabilities		12,133,540		478,784		12,612,324			
1 sur nuomnes		12,133,340		+/0,/0+		12,012,324			
Deferred Inflow of Resources									
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		62,025		-		62,025		-	
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		818				818			
Total deferred outflow of resources		62,843				62,843			
Net Position									
Net Investment in capital assets		4,223,787		70,446		4,294,233		-	
Restricted for debt service (expendable)		134,651		18,038		152,689		-	
Restricted for impact fees (expendable)		215,698				215,698		-	
Unrestricted		2,214,749		175,186		2,389,935		10,283	
Total net position	\$	6,788,885	\$	263,670	\$	7,052,555	\$	10,283	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Business-type Activitie	s	Governmental Activities
	Water &	Other	Total	Internal Service
	Wastewater	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Fund
Operating revenues:				
Water, wastewater and Stormwater	\$ 2,287,964	\$ 179,999	\$ 2,467,963	\$ -
Management contract charges	246,926	-	246,926	-
Late payment charges	11,934	-	11,934	-
Tap Fees	6,000	-	6,000	-
Impact fees	8,107	-	8,107	-
Customer assessment fees	3,334	-	3,334	-
Miscellaneous fees & charges	43,054	-	43,054	12,500
Total operating revenues	2,607,319	179,999	2,787,318	12,500
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	506,359	-	506,359	-
Professional services	157,637	-	157,637	15,097
Supplies	89,395	-	89,395	-
Operations	650,962	-	650,962	-
Maintenance and repairs	51,264	7,822	59,086	-
Well utilities	93,668	- -	93,668	-
Depreciation	511,739	-	511,739	-
Total operating expenses	2,061,024	7,822	2,068,846	15,097
Operating income (loss)	546,295	172,177	718,472	(2,597)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Interest	5,745	115	5,860	55
Interest expense	(123,757)	(11,969)	(135,726)	-
Debt issuance costs	(60,466)	-	(60,466)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(178,478)	(11,854)	(190,332)	55
Change in net position	367,817	160,323	528,140	(2,542)
Net Position, Beginning	6,421,068	103,347	6,524,415	12,825
Net Position, Ending	\$ 6,788,885	\$ 263,670	\$ 7,052,555	\$ 10,283

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

			D	A				ernmental
			Busines	s-type Activitie	S	T - + -1	Activities	
	v	Water & Vastewater	Ente	Other prise Funds	Ent	Total erprise Funds		nal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:				iprise i unus		erprise r unus		1 0110
Cash received from customers and users	\$	2,661,494	\$	178,987	\$	2,840,481	\$	12,500
Cash paid to suppliers		(1,026,667)		(8,241)		(1,034,908)	•	(15,097)
Cash paid to employees		(524,654)		-		(524,654)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,110,173		170,746		1,280,919		(2,597)
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:								
Due to other funds		(110,471)		-		(110,471)		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Transfers in (out)		-		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(110,471)		-		(110,471)		-
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Principal payments - certificates of obligation		(430,000)		(25,000)		(455,000)		-
Principal payments - capital leases		(15,713)		-		(15,713)		-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(7,060,235)		(271)		(7,060,506)		-
Proceeds from bond issuance		6,986,104		-		6,986,104		-
Special assessments		80,361		-		80,361		-
Interest payments		(142,616)		(12,799)		(155,415)		-
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and								
related financing activities		(582,099)		(38,070)		(620,169)		-
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received		5,745		115		5,860		55
(Purchase) sale of investments		(4,481)		-		(4,481)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing								
activities		1,264		115		1,379		55
Net increase (decrease) in cash		418,867		132,791		551,658		(2,542)
Cash, October 1		1,695,134		21,608		1,716,742		12,825
Cash, September 30	\$	2,114,001	\$	154,399	\$	2,268,400	\$	10,283
Reconciliation of income from operations								
to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Income (loss) from operations	\$	546,295		172,177		718,472		(2,597)
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net			-					
cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation		511,739		-		511,739		-
Disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		40,440		(1,012)		39,428		-
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivables		13,735		-		13,735		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources		37,430		-		37,430		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		16,259		(419)		15,840		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		4,185		-		4,185		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		10,911		-		10,911		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(77,354)		-		(77,354)		-
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		1,505		-		1,505		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources		5,028				5,028		
Net adjustments		563,878		(1,431)		562,447		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,110,173	\$	170,746	\$	1,280,919	\$	(2,597)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities								
Decrease in bond refunding	\$	155,700	\$	_	\$	155,700		
Capital lease	Ψ	50,840	Ψ	_	Ŷ	50,840		_
Captur touse	\$	206,540	\$		\$	206,540	\$	-
	Ψ	200,010	Ŷ		¥	200,010	¥	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund September 30, 2020

ASSETS	E	truction scrow ncy Fund
Assets: Miscellaneous receivable	\$	31,065
wiscentaleous receivable	φ	51,005
Total assets	\$	31,065
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	20,910
Due to Other Funds		10,155
Total liabilities	\$	31,065

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General Statement

The City of Hudson Oaks (the "City") is a General Law Type A city which adopted a counciladministrator form of government by ordinance in 2007. The City provides the following services as authorized by the State of Texas Local Government Code: public safety (police), public works, parks and recreation, water, wastewater, stormwater, and general administration.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds are included in the accompanying financial statements and conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u> and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Hudson Oaks has no component units.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all on the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and the internal service fund. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, however, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives payment.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges and transfers between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which cannot be eliminated.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax receipts and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the principal and interest payments on the city's general debt. Monthly transfers are made into this fund and debt payments are subsequently paid from this fund.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *water and wastewater fund* is used for activities which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Combining schedules can be found on page 64 - 66 of the financial statements, under enterprise fund supplementary information. There are no external parties that require separate segment reporting for the supplementary information.

The City reports Other enterprise funds as nonmajor funds:

The *stormwater utility fund* accounts for the operation of the Stormwater Utility and provides funding for storm drainage capital improvements and enhanced maintenance of the storm drainage system in order to reduce stormwater related pollutants from entering the City's waterways. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and internet for the stormwater debt.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *internal service fund* accounts for health insurance reimbursements and health card advancements to employees of the government. The internal service und charges various other funds containing personnel to provide these services for employees. Because these services predominately benefit the governmental rather than the business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The *escrow construction fund agency fund* is used to account for resources held in a purely custodial capacity for individuals and organizations outside the reporting government.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expense from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and wastewater fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity within three months or less when purchased. The City does not include cash in broker accounts pending investment or amounts invested in TexPool or TexStar as cash equivalents.

2) <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as Due To/From Other Funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are presented net of allowance for uncollectible accounts. Water, dyegard, wastewater, and stormwater funds accounts receivable with final status comprise the allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$17,723. In the governmental activities the fines and fees receivable are reported net of an allowance of \$149,488 which is 80% of the outstanding receivable.

3) <u>Unbilled Services</u>

Utility operating revenues (water, dyegard, wastewater and stormwater) are billed on monthly cycles. The City records estimated revenues for services delivered during the current fiscal year, which will be billed during the next fiscal year. \$146,117 of unbilled services is reported with accounts receivable in the proprietary fund.

4) <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

5) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The City has established Interest and Sinking Fund accounts in the utility capital projects fund. The use of these accounts is limited by bond ordinances and other legal restrictions.

6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. The



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government and proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings	40 years
Water plant	7-25 years
Distribution system	30 years
Office equipment	5-7 years
Automobiles and trucks	3-5 years

7) <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualifies in this category. Deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB, both reported in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items in this category. Unavailable revenues for governmental funds and deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statements are reported as deferred inflows of resources. At the end of the fiscal year the components of deferred inflows in the governmental funds were as follows:

Deferred Revenue	
Sales taxes	\$ 294,980
Franchise taxes	85,161
Court fines	36,040
Roadway assessments	 643,899
	\$ 1,060,080



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

8) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The City allows vacation leave with pay for all regular full-time employees after one full year of employment. Employees may carry no more than one-half of their earned vacations to the following year up to a maximum of thirty days (240 hours). Upon termination an employee may be allowed payment for accumulated vacation pay. Employees who terminate employment in good standing and who have not been terminated for disciplinary reasons are eligible to receive compensation for a portion of their accrued sick leave after their accrued hours exceed 100. All vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for vacation and sick pay is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

9) <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuances cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.





NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

11) <u>Fund Balances – Governmental Funds</u>

The City implemented GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance.

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to formal action by City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through formal action of City Council.

Assigned – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. City Council has designated the City Administrator the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 17). When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to be spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been first spent out of committed funds, then assigned, and finally unassigned as needed. The City's financial goal is to have sufficient balance in the General Fund with sufficient working capital and margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The City strives to maintain a General Fund Balance of 30% of the City's general fund annual operating expenditures.



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

12) Deficit fund equity

On September 30, 2020, the special events fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$122,063. The City will fund the special events fund from the general fund for this deficit.

13) <u>Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

14) <u>Comparative Data</u>

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the government's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

15) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires the use of management's estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The City is authorized within the guidelines provided by the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code Chapter 2256 and local ordinances to invest (1) in obligations of the United States, its agencies, and instrumentalities, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) collateralized mortgage obligations issued and guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality of not less than "A" or its equivalent by a nationally-recognized investment firm, (5) certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in the State of Texas, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations described in (1) through (4) above that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates, (6) investment pools authorized by the Act and (7) fully collateralized repurchase agreements. In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the government has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments are with the



NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool"), the Texas Short-Term Asset Reserve Investment Pool ("TexStar"), and in certificates of deposit.

Under the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. through an agreement with the State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The State Comptroller is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasurer Safekeeping Trust Company authorized to operate TexPool. TexPool is subject to annual review by an independent auditor consistent with the Public Funds Investment Act. Audited financial statements of the Pool are available at First Public, 12009 Research Blvd. Austin, Texas 78759. In addition, TexPool is subject to review by the State Auditor's Office and by the Internal Auditor of the Comptroller's Office. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. TexPool does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that an issuer of an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. It is the government's policy to limit its investments to those investments rated at least AAAm. The credit quality rating for both TexPool and TexStar at year end was AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk – Investments: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the government manages its exposure to decline in fair values by limiting the weight average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time pf purchase. The maximum allowable maturity for operating funds is five years and two years for debt service funds. The weight average maturity for the government's investment in external investment pools is less than 60 days.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the requirements of State law, it is the policy of the City to require full collateralization of all City deposits. An appropriate third-party safekeeping agent, as designated by the City, shall maintain collateral on deposits. This policy applies to any deposits held in an approved depository in excess on the amount protected by Federal Deposit.

Insurance Corporation insurance. The City's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2018. The collateral is held by Frost National Bank in the City's name under a joint safekeeping agreement with First Financial Bank N.A.

The City invests in the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Fund (TexStar) and the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool). TexStar and TexPool are local government investment pools organized under the authority of the Interlocal Corporation Act 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. All investments of TexStar and TexPool are stated at amortized cost, which in most cases approximates the fair value of the securities. The objectives of TexStar and TexPool are to maintain a stable \$1.00 net asset value, however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the pools themselves. TexStar does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

The City controls credit risk by limiting investments to those investments authorized by both the



NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Public Funds Investment Act and by its investment policy.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs: Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

• Property acquisitions valued at \$148,790 within City limits for economic development purposes using property brokers opinion from sales and purchases around the area (Level 3 input).

			Percen	ntage			Weighted	Fair Value
		Fair	of To	otal	Standard	d	Average	Measurements
Description	 Cost	 Value	Investr	nents	& Poor's	s	Maturity	Using
TexPool	\$ 364,853	\$ 364,853	1	8.40%	AAAm	1	34 days	Amortized Cost
TexStar	1,469,737	1,469,737	7	4.10%	AAAm	L	22 days	Amortized Cost
Land	96,526	148,790		7.50%				Level 3
	\$ 1,931,116	\$ 1,983,380	10	0.00%				



NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 09/30/2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance 09/30/2020	
Non - Depreciable Assets:	09/30/2019	7 Idditions		07/30/2020	
Land	\$ 848,478	\$ 93,904	\$ -	\$ 942,382	
Construction in Progress	6,478,433	72,914	(3,660,316)	2,891,031	
Total non-depreciable assets	7,326,911	166,818	(3,660,316)	3,833,413	
Depreciable Assets:					
Equipment	438,792	40,809	-	479,601	
Automobiles	240,522	72,818	-	313,340	
Buildings	2,566,375	-	-	2,566,375	
Improvements	267,429	-	-	267,429	
Infrastructure	8,959,966	3,660,316	-	12,620,282	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	12,473,084	3,773,943		16,247,027	
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Equipment	(296,922)	(44,842)	-	(341,764)	
Automobiles	(156,345)	(38,228)	-	(194,573)	
Buildings	(703,441)	(66,185)	-	(769,626)	
Improvements	(164,551)	(13,234)	-	(177,785)	
Infrastructure	(2,718,786)	(308,268)	-	(3,027,054)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,040,045)	(470,757)	-	(4,510,802)	
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 15,759,950	\$ 3,470,004	\$ (3,660,316)	\$ 15,569,638	



NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance			Balance	
Business-type activities:	09/30/2019	Additions	Retirements	09/30/2020	
Non-Depreciable Assets:					
Land	\$ 559,867	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 559,867	
Construction in Progress	546,547	6,986,374		7,532,921	
Total non-depreciable assets	1,106,414	6,986,374		8,092,788	
Buildings	46,413	-	-	46,413	
Water plant	4,333,489	-	-	4,333,489	
Water distribution	5,152,369	50,117	-	5,202,486	
Wastewater systems	3,833,533	7,150	-	3,840,683	
Automobiles	122,692	67,703	(18,400)	171,995	
Equipment	160,761	-	-	160,761	
Intangible assets	787,886	-	-	787,886	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	14,437,143	124,970	(18,400)	14,543,713	
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	(15,223)	(1,188)	-	(16,411)	
Water plant	(1,586,053)	(144,784)	-	(1,730,837)	
Water distribution	(2,493,818)	(182,886)	-	(2,676,704)	
Wastewater lines	(1,325,368)	(131,484)	-	(1,456,852)	
Automobiles	(122,692)	(12,412)	18,400	(116,704)	
Equipment	(121,249)	(10,437)	-	(131,686)	
Intangible assets	(296,655)	(28,548)	-	(325,203)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,961,058)	(511,739)	18,400	(6,454,397)	
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 9,582,499	\$ 6,599,605	\$ -	\$ 16,182,104	



NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 138,682
Public safety	86,552
Highways and streets and parks	 245,523
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 470,757
Business-type activities:	
Hudson Oaks water system	\$ 268,635
Wastewater	137,785
Dyegard water system	105,319
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 511,739

Intangible Assets

June 20, 2003, the water and wastewater fund purchased raw water capacity rights in Benbrook Lake, capacity rights in the Benbrook Pipeline and capacity rights in the Weatherford Treatment Facility. The Enterprise Fund purchased these rights through an agreement with Parker County Utility District #1.

The total cost associated with the buy-ins was \$787,886. This cost was financed with the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003. The debt was refunded with the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010. The Benbrook Lake and Treatment Facility capacity rights were then sold back to the City of Weatherford for a credit balance towards future impact fees and demand charges. As of September 30, 2018, there was no credit remaining from the City of Weatherford related to this buy-in purchase.

In April of 2004 the water and wastewater fund paid an additional \$104,935 of legal fees associated with the rights purchased through the agreement with Parker County Utility District #1 (PCUD #1). Per amendment number 1 effective March 31, 2004, \$147,916 of the legal fees are related to initial organization cost.

August 24, 2009, the City entered into an agreement with Parker County Special Utility District (PCSUD) to purchase PCSUD's raw water capacity reservation for \$490,834. The raw water capacity reservation reserves the right for the City to receive raw water from Tarrant Regional Water District. The raw water capacity reservation is based on a projected 30-year average daily use of 1.0 MGD.



NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

A summary of intangible assets as of September 30, 2020, follows:

			Ac	cumulated	Net
	Term	 Asset	Depreciation		 Asset
Depreciated intangible assets					 r
TRWD Raw Water Buy-in	28 years	\$ 134,839	\$	(77,663)	\$ 57,176
TRWD Raw Water Capacity	30 years	490,834		(155,458)	335,376
Legal Fees For Buy-ins	30 years	162,213		(92,082)	70,131
Total depreciated intangible assets		\$ 787,886	\$	(325,203)	\$ 462,683
Aggregate Intangible Depreciation Expense:					
For the year ended September 30, 2020			\$	28,548	

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of the interfund balances for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds as of September 30, 2020, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	I	Amount
Special events fund	General fund	\$	50,000
General capital projects	General fund		48,186
General fund	General debt service		51,625
General debt service	Water & wastewater		53,507
General fund	PID No. 1		1,781
General fund	Water & wastewater		9,397
General fund	Agency fund		10,155
Total Governmental Funds		\$	224,651
Deercreek	Utility capital projects	\$	549
Deercreek	Other governmental funds		170,375
Water and wastewater	General debt service		2,800
Stormwater utility	General capital projects		24,243
Total business-type activities funds		\$	197,967



NOTE 4 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

The composition of the interfund transfers for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds as of September 30, 2020, is as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Am	ount	Purpose
General fund	Other governmental	\$	55,146	Special events and capital projects
Debt Service	General		771,230	Debt Service
Capital projects	General		48,186	Capital projects
Other governmental funds	Special events fund		50,000	Special events
Total Governmental Funds	Transfer In	\$	924,562	

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Capital Leases

Governmental Activities:

On October 27, 2017, the general fund acquired two police vehicles with a capital lease. The lease requires three annual payments of \$14,281 beginning October 2018. The interest rate is 2.8%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2020 was \$14,066.

On April 25, 2017, the general fund acquired computers for police vehicles with a capital lease. The lease requires monthly payments of \$565 beginning June 2017. The interest rate is 5%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2020 was \$10,693.

On October 3, 2018 the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a capital lease. The lease requires annual payments of \$7,853 beginning October 2019. The interest rate is 5%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2020 was \$7,141.

On January 23, 2020 the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a capital lease. The lease required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning January 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2020 was \$25,303.

On August 10, 2020 the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a capital lease. The lease required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning August 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2020 was \$25,303.

Business-type Activities:

On December 20, 2017, the deercreek fund acquired a vehicle with a capital lease. The lease requires three annual payments of \$8,627 beginning December 2018. The interest rate is 3.25%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2209 was \$8,467.

On March 1, 2020, the water fund acquired two vehicles with a capital lease. The lease requires three annual payments of \$17,970 beginning March 2021. The interest rate is 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2020 was \$50,840.



NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The following is an analysis of capital assets purchased under capital leases as of September 30, 2020:

			siness-type Activities
Automobiles	\$ 170,849	\$	80,036
Equipment	29,116		-
Less accumulated depreciation	(55,552)		(12,412)
	\$ 144,413	\$	67,624

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2020:

	Governmental		Bus	iness-type
	A	Activities		ctivities
2021	\$	46,780	\$	26,672
2022		22,407		17,970
2023		17,887		17,970
Total minimum lease payments		87,074		62,612
Amount representing interest		(4,567)		(3,306)
Present value of future				
minimum payments	\$	82,507	\$	59,306



NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Bonds Payable

On May 28, 2020, the City issued \$2,495,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020. The bonds consisted of general obligation rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%. The net proceeds were used to partially refund General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 with a total principal amount of \$300,000 and Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010, with a total principal of \$2,085,000. The refunding decreased debt service payments for the City by \$419,874 with a net present value savings (economic gain) of \$376,007 or 15.76%

Bonds, certificates of obligation payable at September 30, 2020, consist of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities

\$1,800,000 2007 Certificates of Obligation, for construction of street, bridge, curb, and sidewalk improvements, together with utility relocation and drainage improvements, due in annual installments through August 1, 2027, 4.10%.	\$ 820,000
\$722,750 2012 Certificates of Obligation, issued for middle median improvements, due in annual installments through August 1, 2032, 2.00% - 3.50%.	680,000
\$4,195,000 2016A Certificates of Obligation, for construction of road projects and a downtown development. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 2.00% - 5.00%	3,565,000
\$1,540,000 2016B Certificates of Obligation, for construction of City fiber internet lines, due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 2.00% - 6.00%.	1,350,000
\$2,325,000 2018 Certificates of Obligation, for contruction of City fiber internet lines and Public Improvments District No. 1. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2038, 2.00% - 5.00%	2,205,000
\$125,000 2020 General Obligation refunding bonds, issued to refund the 2010 General Obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2023, 1.65%.	 125,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 8,745,000



ON OAKS	September 30, 2020	
	5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)	
Busi	ness-type Activities	
	24,300 2012 Certificates of Obligation, issued for water system improvements, due in annual llments through August 1, 2032, 2.00% - 3.50%.	1,245,000
	35,000 2014 Certificates of Obligation, for the construction, expansion and improvements to City's sanitary wastewater system, due in annual installments through August 1, 2024, 2.15%.	710,000
down	0,000 2016A Certificates of Obligation, for drainage projects associated with the new ntown development. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, % - 5.00%	460,000
	70,000 2020 General Obligation Refunding, issued to refund the Dyegard 2010 bonds and the General Obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2035, %.	2,370,000
proje	86,104 2019 Certificates of Obligation 48% share, issued to fund the Fort Worth water line ect in conjuction with the City of Willow Park, due in annual installments through Feberyar 1, 0, 0.95%	6,986,104
Tota	l Business-type activities	\$ 11,771,104

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	510,000	289,655	826,118	706,407	123,739	628,625	
2022	540,000	269,595	802,393	706,407	114,192	610,928	
2023	550,000	250,673	806,393	721,607	103,669	602,998	
2024	530,000	231,478	801,613	666,607	92,824	603,893	
2025	560,000	212,463	772,463	481,607	82,794	564,401	
2026 - 2030	2,645,000	731,200	3,376,200	2,546,578	315,779	2,862,357	
2031 - 2035	2,545,000	384,715	2,929,715	2,339,612	144,043	2,483,655	
2036 - 2040	865,000	56,220	921,220	3,602,279	107,371	3,709,650	
Debt service requirements	\$ 8,745,000	\$ 2,425,999	\$ 11,236,115	\$ 11,771,104	\$ 1,084,411	\$ 12,066,507	
Add: Unamortized premium	297,220		297,220	57,463		57,463	
Total	\$ 9,042,220	\$ 2,425,999	\$ 11,533,335	\$ 11,828,567	\$ 1,084,411	\$ 12,123,970	



NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2020:

		9/30/19		Additions	p	Retirements		9/30/20	Ι	Due within
Governmental Activities:		9/30/19		Additions		Cettrements		9/30/20		one year
Certificates of Obligation, 2007	\$	920,000	\$	_	\$	100,000	\$	820,000	\$	100,000
General Obligation Refunding, 2010	*	180,000	+	-	*	180,000	+	-	-	
2010 Pemium on bond		5,884		-		5,884		-		_
Certificates of Obligation, 2012		725,000		-		45,000		680,000		45,000
2012 Premium on Bond		16,466		_		1,266		15,200		1,266
Certificates of Obligation, 2016A		3,740,000		-		175,000		3,565,000		185,000
2016A Premium on Bond		132,967		-		7,940		125,027		7,938
Certificates of Obligation, 2016B		1,405,000		-		55,000		1,350,000		60,000
2016B Premium on Bond		58,983		-		3,521		55,462		3,521
Certificates of Obligation, 2018		2,280,000		-		75,000		2,205,000		80,000
2018 Premium on Bond		110,234		-		8,703		101,531		5,802
2020 General Obligation Refunding				125,000		-		125,000		40,000
Capital Leases		58,965		50,606		27,064		82,507		43,860
Net pension liability		525,169		439,987		525,169		439,987		-
OPEB liability		28,774		41,642		28,774		41,642		_
Compensated Absences		157,344		144,898		157,344		144,898		144,898
Compensated Prosenees		157,511		111,000		157,511		111,090		111,090
Total Governmental Activities		10,344,786		802,133		1,395,665		9,751,254		717,285
Business-type Activities:										
Certificates of Obligation, 2010		2,185,000		_		2,185,000		_		_
2010 Premium on bond		52,197		_		52,197		-		_
General Obligation Refunding, 2010		260,000		_		260,000		-		_
2010 Premium on bond		1,882		_		1,882		-		_
Certificates of Obligation 2012		1,330,000		_		85,000		1,245,000		90,000
2012 Premium on Bond		44,515		_		3,423		41,092		3,427
Certificates of Obligation, 2014		875,000				165,000		710,000		170,000
Certificates of Obligation, 2014		485,000				25,000		460,000		25,000
2016A Premium on Bond		17,412				1,040		16,372		1,039
General Obligation Refunding, 2020		-		2,109,300		-		2,109,300		173,350
General Obligation Refunding, 2020		_		260,700		_		2,109,300		21,450
Fort Worth Water Line		_		6,986,104		_		6,986,104		226,606
Capital Leases		24,180		50,840		15,714		59,306		220,000
Net pension liability		24,100		144,092		221,446		144,092		24,100
OPEB liability		12,133		13,638		12,133		13,638		-
Compensated Absences		28,809		39,720		28,809		39,720		39,720
Compensated Absences		28,809		39,720		28,809		39,720		39,720
Total Business-type Activities		5,537,574		9,604,394		3,056,644		12,085,324		774,772
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	15,882,360	\$	10,406,527	\$	4,452,309	\$	21,836,578	\$	1,492,057



NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

For governmental activities, compensated absences payable, pension and OPEB liabilities are liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 6 – CONDUIT DEBT AGREEMENTS

June 10, 2004, the City passed an ordinance authorizing and approving the creation of the Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation (a non-profit corporation) to finance and refinance education facilities for the purpose of aiding intuitions of higher education and accredited primary and secondary schools within the limitations set forth in Chapter 53, Texas Education Code.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the board of directors of the Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") entered into a \$4,000,000 loan agreement with Lakehill Preparatory School (the "Borrower") and Frost National Bank (the "Lender"). According to the terms of the loan agreement the Lender is making a loan to the Corporation and the Corporation is making a loan to the Borrower. The proceeds will be used by Borrower to refinance the construction, improvement, and equipping of school buildings and athletic facilities on Borrower's campus and payment of the costs of issuance. The Corporation's obligations under the loan agreement are payable solely from the loan payments received from the Borrower and other amounts received, if any, from the enforcement of the security provided by the Borrower Note, and do not constitute, give rise to or impose upon the Corporation or the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, a pecuniary liability, a charge upon the general credit thereof or a pledge of the general revenues of the City or the Corporation. The Corporation has assigned the Borrower Note to the Lender; therefore, the Lender will make loan payments directly to the Lender. The amount of Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation conduit debt obligations outstanding on September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Lakehill Preparatory School Loan Agreement \$ 1,650,000

June 10, 2004, the City passed an ordinance authorizing and approving the creation of the Hudson Oaks Health Development Corporation (a non-profit corporation) to acquire, construct, provide, improve, finance, and refinance health facilities to assist the maintenance of the public health, subject to the Texas Health Facilities Development Act. As of September 30, 2020, this corporation has not issued any debt.

NOTE 7 – DEFINIED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. <u>PLAN DESCRIPTION</u>

The City of Hudson Oaks participates as one of 888 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multipleemployer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com. All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.



NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. <u>BENEFITS PROVIDED</u>

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City for 2019 and 2018 were the same and were as follows:

Employee deposit rate	7%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiveing benefits	11
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	20
Active employees	24
	55

C. <u>CONTRIBUTIONS</u>

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.



NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. <u>CONTRIBUTIONS (continued)</u>

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 12.33% and 12.08% in calendar years 2020 and 2019, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$201,662, and were equal to the required contributions.

D. <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u>

The city's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.5% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Morality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Genderdistinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality rates. The rates for actives, health retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a full generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for health retirees is used with a 4year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and a 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who became disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs to TMRS.



NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternate asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core-Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	<u>10.0%</u>	7.75%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.



NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension			
	Liability	Liability Net Position				
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$ 4,316,096	\$ 3,569,481	\$ 746,615			
Changes for the Year						
Service Cost	283,930		283,930			
Interest	299,378		299,378			
Change of benefit terms	-		-			
Difference between expected and actual						
performance	83,445		83,445			
Changes of assumptions	39,975		39,975			
Contributions- employer		201,522	(201,522)			
Contributions- employee		118,023	(118,023)			
Net investment income		552,930	(552,930)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions	(45,677)	(45,677)	-			
Administrative expense		(3,118)	3,118			
Other changes		(93)	93			
Net Changes	661,051	823,587	(162,536)			
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$ 4,977,147	\$ 4,393,068	\$ 584,079			

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET POSITION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)	
City's net pension liability	\$1,559,406	\$584,079	(191,864)	

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separatelyissued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.



NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

E. <u>PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFEERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND</u> DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the city recognized pension expense of \$196,460.

On September 30, 2020, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Resources	Resources
\$ 110,062	\$ 116,281
31,541	3,089
-	132,052
150,389	-
\$ 291,992	\$ 251,422
	Resources \$ 110,062 31,541 - 150,389

\$150,389 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Ne	et deferred					
Year ended December 31:	outflows (inflows) of						
Year ended December 31:							
	r	esources					
2020	\$	(54,052)					
2021		(47,350)					
2022		34,714					
2023		(43,131)					
2024		-					
Thereafter		-					
	\$	(109,819)					



NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

TMRS administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiveing benefits	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	3
Active employees	24
	34

C. TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overpall payroll growth	3.50% to 11.50% including inflation
Retirees' share of benefit related costs	\$0

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.



NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the gender distinct RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustments with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the gender distinct RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 2.75%. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2018.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the OPEB Liability			
	Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	40,907	
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost		2,698	
Interest		1,561	
Change of benefit terms		-	
Difference between expected and actual			
performance		1,555	
Changes of assumptions		8,896	
Benefit payments		(337)	
Net Changes		14,373	
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$	55,280	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.75%)	Discount Rate (2.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.75%)			
City's OPEB liability	\$67,797	\$55,280	\$45,543			



NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

D. <u>OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTLFOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED</u> INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$5,489.

On September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following sources:

	Deferre	d Outflows of	Defer	red Inflows of	
	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic					
experience	\$	1,354	\$	992	
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		9,904		2,322	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		-	
Total	\$	11,258	\$	3,314	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	ou (inf	deferred tflows lows) of ources
2020	\$	1,230
2021		1,230
2022		1,230
2023		1,230
2024		1,230
Thereafter		1,795
	\$	7,945

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft or damage of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the City's participation in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TMLIRP) for liability, property, and workers' compensation and in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool (TMLIEBP) for employee health insurance. These are self-sustaining risk pools operated on a statewide basis for the benefit of several hundred Texas cities and other public entities. The City pays annual premiums to the TMLIRP, which retains risk of loss up to \$3,000,000 and obtains independent coverage for losses more than that amount. Monthly premiums are paid to the TMLIEBP, which retains risk of loss up to \$500,000 per individual and obtains independent coverage for losses more than that amount. There have been no reductions in coverage from the coverage in the prior year, and there have been no settlements that exceeded coverage in the current or past four fiscal years.



NOTE 10 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Federal and State Programs

The City participates in certain federal and state-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") 457. The plan, as amended, is available to all employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) were placed in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and not the beneficiaries. This action is in accordance with changes made to IRS Section 457. The City does not have any fiduciary responsibility or administrative duties relating to the deferred compensation plan other than remitting employees' contribution to the trustees. Accordingly, the City has not presented the assets and liabilities in the Plan in the basic financial statements.

NOTE 12 – WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICE CONTRACTS

A. Treated Water

During 2010, the City entered into a contract for treated water with the City of Weatherford wherein the City of Weatherford agreed to deliver treated water to an existing meter located at the City of Hudson Oaks LOR Water Plant #2. Charges to the City are based upon a volume charge. The wholesale water charge shall be recalculated annually and becomes effective on January 1st of each year.

B. <u>Wastewater Service</u>

The City entered into a 3-year wastewater service contract with the option of a 2-year extension upon mutual agreement with the City of Weatherford on May 13, 2020 wherein the City of Weatherford agreed to extend a wastewater collection line to the Weatherford city limits just west of the Hudson Oaks city limits and to provide sewage treatment service for amounts of wastewater collected by the City and delivered to the Weatherford System. The City constructed wastewater facilities including a wastewater collection line from the point of entry of the Weatherford System into the City and related lift stations. Charges to the City are based upon a flow charge for the transmission and treatment of wastewater received from the Hudson Oaks system and a capacity charge to compensate Weatherford for the capacity in the Weatherford system necessary to accept the maximum daily flow from the Hudson Oaks system.

C. Fort Worth Water Line Agreement with Willow Park

The City entered into an agreement with Willow park on November 15, 2018 for a 48% ownership in a shared water supply facility and transmission line from the City of Fort Worth. The subsequent debt issuance is shared between the two cities at the same percentage.



NOTE 13 – CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

- A. On August 26, 2010 the City entered into an interlocal agreement with the Town of Annetta, Texas in whereby the City agreed to assist Annetta in the operations and management of Annetta's water system.
- B. In November 2014, the City created the Hudson Oaks Public Improvements District No. 1, for the purposes of designing, acquiring and constructing public improvement projects in the District. The District includes approximately 46 acres in the City. The City has committed to fund improvements of up to \$3,534,000 in the District with \$2,000,000 being funded within 120 days of issuance of a notice to proceed on a new grocery store and once the store opens the remaining actual costs up to \$1,534,000. The City issued new bonds in 2018 to fund the initial \$2,000,000. There was no construction activity for the year ended September 30, 2020.

In July 2015 the City levied an annual assessment of \$.46 per \$100 of net taxable value against the properties in the District through year 2019. This assessment will be used to fund the long-term debt used to fund the public improvements. The City commenced assessments on October 1, 2017.

C. On June 1, 2016, the City issued 2016A Certificates of Obligation. The certificates were issued to fund a new downtown development within the City, the Oakey Corridor. As of September 30, 2019, \$2,738,979 has been incurred on the project.

NOTE 14 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City is authorized to provide assistance for economic development under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. The economic development must serve the purpose of promoting state or local economic development by stimulating business or commercial activity within the City. The assistance may be in the form of loans, grants, tax rebates and use of City personnel and services. The City has entered into Chapter 380 Economic Development Program Agreements with companies and has agreed to provide grants and rebates of sales tax.

The City entered into an economic development agreement dated November 14, 2016, with a developer to reimburse the developer the cost of developing a commercial retail building. The agreement requires the City to rebate to the developer 50% of the City's sales tax collected from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for a period of four (4) years until the developer has been reimbursed the total sum of \$46,137, whichever occurs first. The City accrued \$4,676 on September 30, 2020 for a sales tax rebate for this economic development.

The City entered into an economic development agreement dated January 30, 2017, with a developer to construct a new facility and provide services to residents. The agreement requires the City to rebate all sales tax collected from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for taxable services provided outside City limits. The City rebated \$355,110 for the year September 30, 2020.



NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 18, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 16 - FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued several statements that will be effective in future years. The City has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on its financial reporting.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* will improve financial reporting by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City has not yet determined the effect this statement will have on its financial reporting.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	D	1 /		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	lget Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				(1.09.001.0)
Taxes	\$ 2,896,200	\$ 3,508,385	\$ 3,531,827	\$ 23,442
Licenses and permits	247,200	247,200	296,401	49,201
Charges for services	3,000	3,000	4,962	1,962
Municipal court fines	34,200	15,000	12,247	(2,753)
Interest	15,000	27,700	30,366	2,666
Intergovernmental	-	-	25,201	25,201
Miscellaneous	165,361	170,591	351,310	180,719
Total revenues	3,360,961	3,971,876	4,252,314	280,438
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	723,285	993,300	1,015,318	(22,018)
Public safety	1,395,874	1,388,399	1,450,893	(62,494)
Streets	288,326	388,065	426,391	(38,326)
Parks and facilities	81,727	121,233	146,267	(25,034)
Planning and development	94,000	94,000	253,688	(159,688)
Mayor and council	7,500	9,397	8,679	718
Debt service:				
Principal	41,830	41,830	27,012	14,818
Interest and fiscal charges	2,374	2,374	2,773	(399)
Total expenditures	2,634,916	3,038,598	3,331,021	(292,423)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	726,045	933,278	921,293	(11,985)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	-	60,000	55,146	(4,854)
Transfers out	(675,000)	(825,000)	(869,416)	(44,416)
Issuance of capital lease	-		50,606	50,606
Total other financing sources (uses):	(675,000)	(765,000)	(763,664)	1,336
Net change in fund balance	51,045	168,278	157,629	(10,649)
Fund balance, October 1	1,386,946	1,386,946	1,386,946	
Fund balance, September 30	\$ 1,437,991	\$ 1,555,224	\$ 1,544,575	\$ (10,649)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

For the	ere	ar Ended Sep	tem	ber 30, 2020							
		2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015		2014
Total Pension Liability											
Service Cost	\$	283,930	\$	252,831	\$	248,257	\$	224,824	\$ 208,249	\$	199.076
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		299,378	*	261,963	*	246,144	*	233,278	214,601	*	195,208
Changes of benefit terms											
Differences between expected and actual experience		83,445		66,530		(156,684)		(160,582)	36,888		(78,250)
Change of assumptions		39,975						-	(26,499)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(45,677)		(39,488)		(171,826)		(65,411)	(37,169)		(49,985)
		(-))		(()))		(()		(),,
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		661,051		541,836		165,891		232,109	396,070		266,049
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	\$	4,316,096	\$	3,774,260	\$	3,608,369	\$	3,376,260	\$ 2,980,190	\$	2,714,141
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$	4,977,147	\$	4,316,096	\$	3,774,260	\$	3,608,369	\$ 3,376,260	\$	2,980,190
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Contributions-Employer		201,522		190,898		196,686		173,428	152,320		134,567
Contributions-Employee		118,023		104,971		103,564		94,181	88,724		82,097
Net Investment Income		552,930		(102,492)		400,904		170,372	3,416		116,357
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(45,677)		(39,488)		(171,826)		(65,411)	(37,169)		(49,985)
Administrative Expense		(3,118)		(1,979)		(2,076)		(1,923)	(2,081)		(1,214)
Other		(94)		(103)		(105)		(103)	 (103)		(100)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		823,586		151,807		527,147		370,544	205,107		281,722
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning		3,569,481		3,417,674		2,890,527		2,519,983	 2,314,876		2,033,154
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$	4,393,067	\$	3,569,481	\$	3,417,674	\$	2,890,527	\$ 2,519,983	\$	2,314,876
Net Pension Liability-Ending (a) - (b)	\$	584,080	\$	746,615	\$	356,586	\$	717,842	\$ 856,277	\$	665,314
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		88.26%		82.70%		90.55%		80.11%	74.64%		77.68%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,686,044	\$	1,499,592	\$	1,479,480	\$	1,345,443	\$ 1,267,491	\$	1,172,812
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		34.64%		49.79%		24.10%		53.35%	67.56%		56.73%

The Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios shows the changes in Total Pension Liability less the changes in Fiduciary Net Position, resulting in the net pension liability calculation for the city. Note that this is a 10-year schedule, to be created by the city prospectively, over the next 10-year period.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Schedule of Employer Contributions and Related Ratios

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 201,662	\$ 192,399	\$ 195,378	\$ 190,996	\$ 167,446	\$ 146,854	\$ 136,130
determined contribution	\$ 201,662	\$ 192,399	\$ 195,378	\$ 190,996	\$ 167,446	\$ 146,854	\$ 136,130
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -						
Covered payroll	\$ 1,662,931	\$ 1,596,310	\$ 1,507,121	\$ 1,446,119	\$ 1,325,824	\$ 1,237,245	\$ 1,204,317
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.13%	12.05%	12.96%	13.21%	12.63%	11.87%	11.30%

The Schedule of Employer Contributions shows the city's required annual contributions from the actuarial valuation, compared with the actual contributions remitted. This schedule is based on the city's respective fiscal year-end, and will be built over the next 10-year period.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2019		2018	2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$	2,698	\$ 2,849	\$ 2,367
Interest (on the Total OPEB liability)		1,561	1,408	1,338
Changes of benefit terms				-
Difference between expected and actual				
experience		1,555	(1,312)	-
Changes of assumptions		8,896	(3,067)	3,396
Benefit payments		(337)	(150)	(296)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		14,373	(272)	6,805
Total OPEB liability - Beginning		40,907	41,179	34,374
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$	55,280	\$ 40,907	\$ 41,179
Covered Payroll	\$	1,686,044	\$ 1,499,592	\$ 1,479,480
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.28%	2.73%	2.78%

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1) Budget

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

The first budget reading for the ensuing year is presented to the City Council no later than the August City Council meeting. A second budget reading, if necessary, is presented no later than the September City Council meeting. A final budget is approved prior to the beginning of the budget year, and the budget is effective September 1 of the budget year. From its date of submission, the proposed budget shall be a public record, and copies are available for the public upon request. One amendment to the budget for the fiscal year was enacted and approved by the City Council.

2) Encumbrances

The City does not record encumbrances for goods and services.

3) Expenditures in excess of appropriations over \$5,000

General government, public safety, streets, parks and facilities, and planning and development all had expenditures in excess of appropriations greater than \$5,000. The largest of these departments, planning and development, was \$159,688 in excess of appropriations in which additional expenditures related to permit inspections were incurred. All expenditures were covered by increases in budgeted and actual revenues.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

NOTE 2- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later. Methods and Assumtions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed Amortization Method **Remaining Amortization Period** 26 years Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor Inflatiom 2.50% Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.75% Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018 Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Mortality Table. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Other Information: Notes There were no changes during the year.

NOTE 3 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Police Seizure Forfeiture – This fund is used to account for revenue from police seizures.

Municipal Court Technology – This fund is used to account for Municipal Court fees collected for court technology.

Court Building Security – This fund is used to account for Municipal Court fees collected for court building security.

Park Dedication – This fund is used to account for park dedication donations and expenditures of those funds.

Special Events – This fund is used to account for community event revenues and expenditures of those funds.

PID No. 1 - This fund is used to account for taxes collected within the District and expenditures associated within the District.

General Capital Projects – This fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of the government's major capital facilities and equipment, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

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CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2020

September 30, 2020 Assets Cash Investments Due from other funds	S Fo	Police eizure rfeiture Fund 3,587	Tec	unicipal Court hnology Fund 1,579 -	E	Court Building Security Fund 12,556	De	Park dication Fund 2,924 -	1	Epecial Events Fund - - 50,000	D No. 1 Fund 1,781	S R	Total Special evenue Funds 22,427 - 50,000	General ital Projects Fund 103,474 15,375 48,186	Total General ital Projects Funds 103,474 15,375 48,186	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u> \$ 125,901 15,375 98,186
Total assets		3,587		1,579		12,556		2,924		50,000	 1,781		72,427	 167,035	 167,035	239,462
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances																
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		1,688 170,375	 - 1,781		1,688 172,156	 142,792 24,243	 142,792 24,243	144,480 196,399
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-		172,063	 1,781		173,844	 167,035	 167,035	340,879
Fund Balance: Restricted fund balance Unassigned fund balance		3,587		1,579		12,556		2,924	(- 122,063)	 -	(20,646 122,063)	 -	 -	20,646 (122,063)
Total Fund Balance		3,587		1,579		12,556		2,924	(122,063)	 -	(101,417)	 -	 	(101,417)
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows and Fund Balance	\$	3,587	\$	1,579	\$	12,556	\$	2,924	\$	50,000	\$ 1,781	\$	72,427	\$ 167,035	\$ 167,035	\$ 239,462

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	S Fo	Police leizure rfeiture Fund	(Tec	unicipal Court hnology Fund	E	Court Building Security Fund	De	Park edication Fund	Special Events Fund	P	ID No. 1 Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	General ital Projects Fund	Capi	Total General ital Projects Funds	No Gove	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Revenue: Municipal court fines Interest Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	229	\$	189 - -	\$	-	\$ 67,576	\$	89 32,916	\$ 418 89 100,492	\$ 1,876	\$	1,876	\$	418 1,965 100,492
Total Revenues		-		229		189			 67,576		33,005	100,999	 1,876		1,876		102,875
Expenditures: Current																	
General Government		-		-		-		-	219,085		-	219,085	-		-		219,085
Parks and facilities		-		-		-		9,576	-		-	9,576	-		-		9,576
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	 13,264		-	13,264	 1,520		1,520		14,784
Total Expenditures		-		-		-		9,576	 232,349		-	241,925	 1,520		1,520		243,445
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		229		189		(9,576)	 (164,773)		33,005	(140,926)	 356		356	((140,570)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	 50,000		- (55,146)	50,000 (55,146)	 48,186		48,186		98,186 (55,146)
Total other financing sources (uses):		-				-			 50,000		(55,146)	(5,146)	 48,186		48,186		43,040
Net change in fund balance		-		229		189		(9,576)	(114,773)		(22,141)	(146,072)	48,542		48,542		(97,530)
Fund balance, October 1		3,587		1,350		12,367		12,500	 (7,290)		22,141	44,655	 (48,542)		(48,542)		(3,887)
Fund balance, September 30	\$	3,587	\$	1,579	\$	12,556	\$	2,924	\$ (122,063)	\$		\$ (101,417)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ ((101,417)

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ENTERPRISE FUND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Water and Wastewater Fund

Department Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Hudson Oaks		Dyegard	Deer Creek	Utility	To	otals
	Water	Wastewater	Water System	Management	Capital Projects	2020	2019
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash	\$ 1,160,215	\$ 621,867	\$ 138,748	\$ 58,519	\$ 1	\$ 1,979,350	\$ 1,670,569
Investments	92,770	418,007	-	-	-	510,777	506,296
Accounts receivable							
(net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	207,782	52,468	41,244	47,640	-	349,134	389,574
Miscellaneous	14,199	106,437	-	-	-	120,636	214,732
Due from other funds	-	-	-	170,924	2,800	173,724	3,349
Prepaid items	8,470	-	-		_,	8,470	8,470
Restricted Cash	-				134,651	134,651	24,565
Total current assets	1,483,436	1,198,779	179,992	277,083	137,452	3,276,742	2,817,555
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable	-	-	_	-	7,545,971	7,545,971	559,867
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	8,089,316	8,089,316	8,476,084
Total assets	1,483,436	1,198,779	179,992	277,083	15,772,739	18,912,029	11,853,506
Defensed Orighter of Decension							
Deferred Outflow of Resources	54.011			10 001		70 4/2	100.007
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	54,911	-	-	15,551	-	70,462	109,907
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	2,133			644		2,777	762
Total deferred outflow of resources	57,044			16,195		73,239	110,669
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	407,746	20,877	222	4,021	-	432,866	416,607
Accrued payroll	7,763			2,196	-	9,959	5,774
Compensated absences payable	33,429			6,291		39,720	28,809
Due to other funds	55,429	-	-	0,291	63,453	63,453	28,809
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	-	-	-	-	05,455	03,433	549
				9 467	740 266	749 722	454 292
Current portion of long-term debt	-	-	-	8,467	740,266	748,733	454,282
Accrued interest payable				176	18,134	18,310	27,200
Total current liabilities	448,938	20,877	222	21,151	821,853	1,313,041	933,221
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Capital lease payable	-	-	-	-	50,840	50,840	8,467
Net pension liability	110,683	-	-	33,409	-	144,092	221,446
OPEB liability	10,476	-	_	3,162	-	13,638	12,133
Certificates of obligation		-	-		10,611,929	10,611,929	4,310,025
Continuates of congation					10,011,929	10,011,727	1,510,025
Total liabilities	570,097	20,877	222	57,722	11,484,622	12,133,540	5,485,292
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	47,644	-	-	14,381	-	62,025	56,674
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	628		-	190	-	818	1,141
Total deferred outflow of resources	48,272			14,571		62,843	57,815
Net Position							
					1 222 202	1 222 707	1 262 176
Net Investment in capital assets	-	-	-	-	4,223,787	4,223,787	4,263,176
Restricted for debt service (expendable)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for capital projects (expendable)	-	-	-	-	134,651	134,651	-
Restricted for impact fees Unrestricted	215,698	-	-	-	-	215,698	207,590
Onestricted	706,413	1,177,902	179,770	220,985	(70,321)	2,214,749	1,950,302
Total net position	\$ 922,111	\$ 1,177,902	\$ 179,770	\$ 220,985	\$ 4,288,117	\$ 6,788,885	\$ 6,421,068

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Water and Wastewater Fund

Department Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

in comparative	101413 101	the re	ai Linucu	September	50, 201

	Hudson Oaks		Dyegard	Deer Creek	Utility			tals
	Water	Wastewater	Water	Management	Capital Projects	Elimination	2020	2019
Operating revenues:	¢ 1.572.015	¢ 421.570	¢ 202.270	¢	¢	s -	¢ 2.297.044	¢ 0.140.001
Water & Wastewater sales	\$ 1,573,015	\$ 431,579	\$ 283,370	\$ - 246,926	\$ -	э -	\$ 2,287,964	\$ 2,148,221
Management contract charges	- 9,936	-	- 1,998	240,920	-	-	246,926 11,934	239,734 12,881
Late payment charges Tap Fees	· · · · · ·	-	1,998	-	-	-	6,000	12,881
1	6,000 8,107	-	-	-	-	-	,	· · ·
Impact fees Customer assessment fees	3,334	-	-	-	-	-	8,107 3,334	49,306
	· · · · ·	-	-	-	-	-	,	13,905
Miscellaneous fees & Charges	43,054	421 570	-	-			43,054	36,382
Total operating revenues	1,643,446	431,579	285,368	246,926			2,607,319	2,517,429
Operating expenses:								
Personal services	397,723	-	-	108,636	-	-	506,359	505,897
Professional services	139,610	7,396	10,631		-	-	157,637	69,145
Supplies	88,838	-	557	-	-	-	89,395	93,199
Operations	491,993	152,126	5,097	1,746	-	-	650,962	542,423
Maintenance and repairs	41,716	1,047	-	8,501	-	-	51,264	51,417
Well utilities	92,210	1,287	171	-	-	-	93,668	118,545
Depreciation	-		-	-	511,739	-	511,739	480,353
Total operating expenses	1,252,090	161,856	16,456	118,883	511,739	-	2,061,024	1,860,979
1 8 1								
Operating income (loss)	391,356	269,723	268,912	128,043	(511,739)		546,295	656,450
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	020	2 (12			1.264		5 745	17,500
Interest	838	3,643	-	-	1,264	-	5,745	17,580
Interest expense	-	-	-	(606)	(123,151)	-	(123,757)	(162,817)
Debt issuance costs	838			-	(60,466)		(60,466)	- (145.227)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	838	3,643		(606)	(182,353)		(178,478)	(145,237)
Income (loss) before transfers	392,194	273,366	268,912	127,437	(694,092)	-	367,817	511,213
					<u> </u>			
Contributions and transfers:								
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	694,870	(694,870)	-	-
Transfers out	(318,970)	(186,000)	(189,900)			694,870		(86,690)
Change in net position	73,224	87,366	79,012	127,437	778	-	367,817	424,523
Net Position, Beginning	848,887	1,090,536	100,758	93,548	4,287,339		6,421,068	5,996,545
Net Position, Ending	\$ 922,111	\$ 1,177,902	\$ 179,770	\$ 220,985	\$ 4,288,117	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 6,788,885	\$ 6,421,068

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Water and Wastewater Fund

Water and Wastewater rund Department Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Hu	ıdson Oaks				Dyegard	D	eer Creek		Utility	Тс	otal	
		Water	W	astewater		ater System	M	anagement	Cap	oital Projects	2020		2019
Cash flows from operating activities:													
Cash received from customers and users	\$	1,701,847	\$	417,578	\$	284,657	\$	257,412	\$	-	\$ 2,661,494	\$	2,466,525
Cash paid to suppliers		(821,733)		(165,225)		(19,661)		(20,048)		-	(1,026,667)		(564,185)
Cash paid to employees		(416,655)		-		-		(107,999)		-	(524,654)		(517,486)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		463,459		252,353		264,996		129,365		-	1,110,173		1,384,854
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:													
Due to other funds		-		-		-		(170,375)		59,904	(110,471)		549
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-	-		(549)
Transfers in (out)		(318,970)		(186,000)		(189,900)		-		694,870	-		(86,690)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(318,970)		(186,000)		(189,900)		(170,375)		754,774	(110,471)		(86,690)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:													
Principal payments - certificates of obligation								_		(430,000)	(430,000)		(420,000)
Principal payments - capital leases		-		-				(15,713)		-	(15,713)		(15,304)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-		-		-		-		(7,060,235)	(7,060,235)		(162,215)
Proceeds from bonds		-		-		-		-		6,986,104	6,986,104		-
Special assessments				80,361						-	80,361		80,361
Interest payments		-		-		-		(795)		(141,821)	(142,616)		(173,356)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and													
related financing activities		-		80,361		-		(16,508)		(645,952)	(582,099)		(690,514)
Cash flows from investing activities:													
Interest received		838		3,643						1,264	5,745		17,580
(Purchase) sale of investments		(838)		(3,643)				-		-	(4,481)		(11,552)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing		(000)		(0,0.0)							(1,101)		(11,000)
activities		-		-		-		-		1,264	1,264		6,028
Net increase (decrease) in cash		144,489		146,714		75,096		(57,518)		110,086	418,867		613,678
Cash, October 1		1,015,726		475,153		63,652		116,037		24,566	1,695,134		1,081,456
Cash, September 30	\$	1,160,215	\$	621,867	\$	138,748	\$	58,519	\$	134,652	\$ 2,114,001	\$	1,695,134
Reconciliation of income from operations													
to net cash provided by operating activities:													
Income (loss) from operations	\$	391,356	\$	269,723	\$	268,912	\$	128,043	\$	(511,739)	\$ 546,295	\$	656,450
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net).			<u> </u>	(-)//			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities													
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		511,739	511,739		480,353
Disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-	-		24,334
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		44,666		(14,001)		(711)		10,486		-	40,440		(49,774)
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivables		13,735		-		-		-		-	13,735		(1,130)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-		-	-		(482)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources		30,493		-		-		6,937		-	37,430		(60,777)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		32,634 3,570		(3,369)		(3,205)		(9,801) 615		-	16,259 4,185		286,692
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		10,709		-		-		202		-	10,911		(585) (9,946)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(66,489)		-		-		(10,865)		-	(77,354)		(9,940)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		769		_		_		736		_	1,505		(401)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources		2,016		-		-		3,012		-	5,028		(52,781)
Net adjustments		72,103		(17,370)		(3,916)		1,322		511,739	563,878		728,404
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	463,459	\$	252,353	\$	264,996	\$	129,365	\$	-	\$ 1,110,173	\$	1,384,854
Manual Investing Control on 171 and the 171													
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Decrease in bonds due to refunding	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	155,700	\$ 155,700	\$	
Capital lease	э	-	\$	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	50,840	\$ 155,700 50,840	э	-
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	206,540	\$ 206,540	\$	-
			_		_		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Hudson Oaks Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's

financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader asses the City's most significant local revenue sources.

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Water and Wastewater Sales by Type of Customer	78 - 79
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Utility Service Rates	81

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Government-wide Outstanding Debt	82 - 83
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Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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City Employees by Job Type	87
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. There is no statistical analysis for property tax as the City of Hudson Oaks does not levy an ad valorem tax to its residents or businesses.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Governmental Activities Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 6,444,911	\$ 6,126,451	\$ 5,941,949	\$ 5,531,794
Restricted	30,618	114,555	137,208	69,903
Unrestricted	1,843,375	1,882,630	1,104,308	1,121,028
Total governmental acitivities net position	\$ 8,318,904	\$ 8,123,636	\$ 7,183,465	\$ 6,722,725
Business-type activities				
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 4,294,233	\$ 4,307,311	\$ 4,349,604	\$ 4,426,001
Restricted	368,387	224,914	234,001	187,735
Unrestricted	2,389,935	1,992,189	1,504,320	1,340,693
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 7,052,555	\$ 6,524,414	\$ 6,087,925	\$ 5,954,429
Primary government				
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 10,739,144	\$ 10,433,762	\$ 10,291,553	\$ 9,957,795
Restricted	399,005	339,469	371,209	257,638
Unrestricted	4,233,310	3,874,819	2,608,628	2,461,721
Total primary government net position	\$ 15,371,459	\$ 14,648,050	\$ 13,271,390	\$ 12,677,154

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 4,788,636 50,298 1,532,330	\$ 4,525,800 44,541 1,208,501	\$ 4,153,576 693,884 737,230	\$ 3,945,645 26,372 1,349,162	\$ 3,572,025 12,764 1,442,408	\$ 3,457,023 14,228 1,546,941
\$ 6,371,264	\$ 5,778,842	\$ 5,584,690	\$ 5,321,179	\$ 5,027,197	\$ 5,018,192
\$ 3,371,107 751,048 2,038,621	\$ 4,087,015 138,725 1,762,069	\$ 3,819,660 115,489 1,932,239	\$ 4,845,486 132,025 727,281	\$ 4,743,012 197,820 881,405	\$ 4,977,526 53,565 747,361
\$ 6,160,776	\$ 5,987,809	\$ 5,867,388	\$ 5,704,792	\$ 5,822,237	\$ 5,778,452
\$ 8,159,743 801,346 3,570,951	\$ 8,612,815 183,266 2,970,570	\$ 7,973,236 809,373 2,669,469	\$ 8,791,131 158,397 2,076,443	\$ 8,315,037 210,584 2,323,813	\$ 8,434,549 67,793 2,294,302
\$ 12,532,040	\$ 11,766,651	\$ 11,452,078	\$ 11,025,971	\$ 10,849,434	\$ 10,796,644

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2020			2019		2018		2017
Expenses								
Governmental Activities	¢	1 224 740	¢	1 470 700	¢	7(0 7()	¢	(72.002
General government Public safety	\$	1,334,749 1,496,194	\$	1,479,708 1,462,412	\$	768,763 1,331,101	\$	673,893 1,324,595
Streets		602,786		700,498		241,549		262,374
Parks and facilities		122,729		119,793		71,203		71,223
Planning and development		253,688		222,846		134,253		144,939
Mayor and council		8,679		4,530		15,666		8,244
Economic development grants		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs		290,930		323,999		288,326		277,803
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	4,109,755	\$	4,313,786	\$	91,036 2,941,897	\$	2,763,071
roui governienai activites enpenses	-	1,107,700	-	1,010,700	-	2,7 11,077	Ψ	2,700,071
Business-type activities								
Water	\$	1,621,068	\$	1,323,132	\$	1,435,879	\$	1,384,187
Economic development grants		-		-		-		-
Wastewater		327,188		343,883		325,990		333,288
Dyegard water system Deercreek management		172,839 122,961		216,573 140,208		210,994 135,674		208,995 119,280
Stormwater		20,982		140,208		56,181		90,027
Total business-type activities net position		2,265,038		2,181,705		2,164,718		2,135,777
Total primary government expenses	\$	6,374,793	\$	6,495,491	\$	5,106,615	\$	4,898,848
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities	¢	214.020	¢	(72.012	¢	260.067	¢	200 520
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	\$	314,028 68,152	\$	673,812 70,936	\$	368,067 69,261	\$	398,530 70,000
Capital grants and contributions		59,900		1,132,776		78,922		125,000
Total governmental activities	\$	442,080	\$	1,877,524	\$	516,250	\$	593,530
-								
Business-type activities								
Water and sewer sales	\$	2,787,318	\$	2,687,013	\$	2,585,563	\$	2,211,119
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		31,029
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities Total primary government revenues	\$	2,787,318 3,229,398	\$	2,687,013	\$	2,585,563 3,101,813	\$	2,242,148
Total primary government revenues	-	5,227,570	-	1,001,007	Ψ	5,101,015	Ψ	2,055,070
Net (Expense) Revenue								
Governmental Activities	\$	(3,667,675)	\$	(2,436,262)	\$	(2,425,647)	\$	(2,169,541)
Business-type Activities		522,280		505,308		420,845		106,371
Total primary government net expense	\$	(3,145,395)	\$	(1,930,954)	\$	(2,004,802)	\$	(2,063,170)
Commel Bergering and Other Changes in No	6 D.a.							
General Revenues and Other Changes in Ne Governmental Activities	l Pos	sition						
Sales tax	\$	3,380,340	\$	2,844,353	\$	2,300,050	\$	1,902,946
Franchise tax	-	185,197		194,412	*	192,368		170,423
Investment earnings		33,143		72,907		60,797		48,843
Other revenue		264,263		178,071		65,560		80,745
Transfers		-		86,690		291,523		318,045
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	-	-	<i>•</i>	-	•	-
Total governmental activities	\$	3,862,943	\$	3,376,433	\$	2,910,298	\$	2,521,002
Business-type activities								
Investment earnings	\$	5,860	\$	17,871	\$	14,637	\$	5,327
Transfers	-	-		(86,690)	+	(291,523)	*	(318,045)
Total business-type activities	\$	5,860	\$	(68,819)	\$	(276,886)	\$	(312,718)
Total primary government	\$	3,868,803	\$	3,307,614	\$	2,633,412	\$	2,208,284
Change in Net Position	~	10-0-0	~	0.00		10.1	~	
Governmental Activities	\$	195,268	\$	940,171	\$	484,651	\$	351,461
Business-type Activities Total primary government	\$	528,140 723,408	\$	436,489	\$	143,959 628,610	\$	(206,347) 145,114
rour primary government	φ	123,700	φ	1,570,000	φ	020,010	φ	172,117

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2016		2015	2014		2013			2012	2011		
\$	666,538	\$	705,554	\$	695,185	\$	622 222	\$	611,863	\$	555 850	
\$	1,277,695	φ	1,140,082	Ф	1,127,251	Ф	622,322 1,032,743	Ф	1,004,471	Ф	555,859 971,556	
	368,670		292,149		296,496		248,484		316,225		338,921	
	500,070		2)2,11)		290,190		210,101		510,225		550,721	
	146,778		165,319		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		150,000		-		-	
	122,302		91,412		117,554		111,547		106,219		106,873	
	184,986		-		-		-		-		-	
\$	2,766,969	\$	2,394,516	\$	2,236,486	\$	2,165,096	\$	2,038,778	\$	1,973,209	
\$	1,547,911	\$	1,054,715	\$	999,905	\$	1,151,086 150,000	\$	1,069,189	\$	1,065,916	
	306,680		-		-		-		-		-	
	215,052		297,909		292,818		256,581		249,488		291,458	
	117,217		111,352		121,835		132,622		135,193		114,719	
	223,515		258,116		288,412		240,266		242,478		239,880	
\$	2,410,375 5,177,344	¢	1,722,092 4,116,608	¢	1,702,970 3,939,456	\$	1,930,555	\$	1,696,348 3,735,126	\$	1,711,973 3,685,182	
\$	3,177,344	\$	4,110,008	\$	3,939,430	\$	4,095,651	\$	3,/33,120	Э	3,083,182	
\$	441,274	\$	423,587	\$	537,689	\$	460,030	\$	352,724	\$	277,133	
Ψ	12,242	Ψ	-	φ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	35,760	
	149,528		375,567		-		301,627		-		-	
\$	603,044	\$	799,154	\$	537,689	\$	761,657	\$	352,724	\$	312,893	
¢	2 0 2 5 2 5 4	¢	2.016.250	¢	1.077.070	¢	1 021 (01	¢	1 720 715	¢	1 701 (77	
\$	2,035,354 116,571	\$	2,016,359	\$	1,866,868	\$	1,831,601	\$	1,730,715	\$	1,781,677	
	640,475		188,161		113,440		82,450		-		-	
	2,792,400		2,204,520		1,980,308		1,914,051		1,730,715		1,781,677	
\$	3,395,444	\$	3,003,674	\$	2,517,997	\$	2,675,708	\$	2,083,439	\$	2,094,570	
\$	(2,163,925)	\$	(1,595,362)	\$	(1,698,797)	\$	(1,403,439)	\$	(1,686,054)	\$	(1,660,316)	
\$	382,025	¢	482,428	\$	277,338	\$	(16,504) (1,419,943)	\$	34,367 (1,651,687)	\$	<u>69,704</u> (1,590,612)	
φ	(1,781,900)	φ	(1,112,754)	φ	(1,+21,+37)	φ	(1,+1),)+3)	φ	(1,051,007)	ψ	(1,570,012)	
\$	1,940,291	\$	1,703,568	\$	1,615,229	\$	1,527,473	\$	1,443,331	\$	1,364,008	
Ψ	177,958	Ψ	193,272	Ŷ	169,518	Ψ	137,113	Ψ	161,210	Ŷ	150,734	
	63,084		3,478		4,464		7,004		7,519		12,639	
	438,764		96,822		57,541		71,699		82,999		11,285	
	136,250		187,536		115,556		(93)		-		-	
-	-		8,200	<i>•</i>	-	-	-	-	-	<i>•</i>	-	
\$	2,756,347	\$	2,192,876	\$	1,962,308	\$	1,743,196	\$	1,695,059	\$	1,538,666	
\$	2,192	\$	898	\$	814	\$	182	\$	9,418	\$	7,541	
	(136,250)		(187,536)		(115,556)		93		-		-	
\$	(134,058)	\$	(186,638)	\$	(114,742)	\$	275	\$	9,418	\$	7,541	
\$	2,622,289	\$	2,006,238	\$	1,847,566	\$	1,743,471	\$	1,704,477	\$	1,546,207	
\$	592,422	\$	597,514	\$	263,511	\$	339,757	\$	9,005	\$	(121,650)	
φ	247,967	Ψ	295,790	Ψ	162,596	Ψ	(16,229)	ψ	43,785	Ψ	(121,030) 77,245	
\$	840,389	\$	893,304	\$	426,107	\$	323,528	\$	52,790	\$	(44,405)	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$	25,721	\$	30,486	\$	15,254	\$	19,586	\$	12,196
Restricted		9,972		9,972		8,540		6,830		4,990
Assigned		-		-		185,000		185,000		335,000
Unassigned		1,508,882]	1,346,488		1,169,993		1,162,257		1,273,229
Total general fund	\$	1,544,575	\$ 1	1,386,946	\$	1,378,787	\$	1,373,673	\$	1,625,415
All Other Governmental funds										
Unreserved, Designated	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Nonspendable		-		-		2,198		1,848		2,533
Restricted		20,646		104,583		128,668	,	2,854,524		5,288,947
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(122,063)		(55,832)		(4,256)		(43,465)		(28,961)
Total other governmental funds	\$	(101,417)	\$	48,751	\$	126,610	\$ 2	2,812,907	\$:	5,262,519

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2015		2014		2013	2012			2011	
\$	34,170	\$	_	\$	8,396	\$	_	\$	_	
Ψ	2,740	Ψ	1,732	Ψ	1,732	Ψ	886	Ψ	_	
	235,000		-		-		27,745		-	
	1,132,955		1,115,147		1,025,655	1,014,467		1,174,811		
\$	1,404,865	\$	1,116,879	\$	1,035,783	83 \$ 1,043,0		\$	1,174,811	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	191,057		692,152		859,124	1,775,663			1,085,857	
	-		43,231		53,563		70,855		57,773	
	(9,441)		-		-		-		-	
\$	181,616	\$	735,383	\$	912,687	\$	1,846,518	\$	1,143,630	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	3,531,827	\$	2,970,830	\$	2,452,121	\$	2,067,663
Licenses, fees, permits		296,401		600,157		280,676		278,502
Fines and penalties		12,665		21,371		39,209		73,611
Charges for services		4,962		5,927		3,155		7,975
Intergovernmental		25,201		-		80,183		139,572
Investment earnings		33,143		72,907		60,797		48,843
Other revenues		451,802		680,940		453,334		291,336
Total revenues	\$	4,356,001	\$	4,352,132	\$	3,369,475	\$	2,907,502
Expenditures								
General government	\$	1,234,403	\$	1,351,181	\$	757,333	\$	617,406
Public safety	•	1,450,893	•	1,370,287	•	1,441,122	•	1,261,075
Streets		426,391		444,480		64,319		83,678
Parks and facilities		155,843		119,238		72,159		70,589
Planning and development		253,688		222,846		134,253		144,939
Mayor and council		8,679		4,530		15,666		8,244
Capital outlay		14,784		146,045		5,510,941		3,064,538
Other		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		537,012		505,919		476,881		404,828
Interest		320,537		372,584		260,553		300,720
Bond issuance costs		-		-		91,036		-
Total expenditures	\$	4,402,230	\$	4,537,110	\$	8,824,263	\$	5,956,017
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proceeds from borrowings		50,606		28,588		2,482,082		29,116
Other resources		3,084		-		-		-
Transfers in		924,562		871,455		1,017,378		1,012,065
Transfers out		(924,562)		(784,765)		(725,855)		(694,020)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	53,690	\$	115,278	\$	2,773,605	\$	347,161
Net change in fund balances	\$	7,461	\$	(69,700)	\$	(2,681,183)	\$	(2,701,354)
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures		20.28%		20.12%		23.68%		24.65%

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 2,107,714 2,014 84,302 755 12,242 63,031 186,156	\$ 1,871,133 339,196 113,374 751 129,280 3,478 96,822	\$ 1,773,967 414,691 103,801 15,146 - 4,464 57,541	\$ 1,669,995 322,735 121,207 7,390 216,000 7,004 78,965	\$ 1,598,179 240,289 103,065 4,084 - 7,519 69,055	\$ 1,518,938 162,110 137,495 1,288 - 12,639 48,443
\$ 2,456,214	\$ 2,554,034	\$ 2,369,610	\$ 2,423,296	\$ 2,022,191	\$ 1,880,913
\$ 607,996 1,264,984 309,874 - 146,778 - 758,915 - 282,548 91,354	\$ 729,223 1,074,111 176,048 - 165,319 - 659,038 - 282,577 106,034	\$ 653,351 1,111,307 299,554 - - 174,276 - 266,232 110,874	\$ 584,677 964,123 496,790 - - 1,149,639 150,000 110,797 114,572	\$ 598,326 1,004,933 207,942 - - 289,173 - 80,846 100,590 21,280	\$ 513,843 952,699 229,355 - - 190,273 210,000 320,806 93,638 25,002
\$ <u>184,986</u> 3,647,435	\$ - 3,192,350	\$ - 2,615,594	\$ - 3,570,598	\$ 21,280 2,303,090	\$ 25,903 2,536,517
\$ 6,002,633	\$ 185,000	\$ 34,220	\$ 206,250	\$ 852,074	\$ 25,902
431,630 (295,380)	544,003 (356,467)	406,378 (290,822)	197,279 (197,372)	194,423 (194,423)	120,771 (120,771)
\$ 6,138,883	\$ 372,536	\$ 149,776	\$ 206,157	\$ 852,074	\$ 25,902
\$ 4,947,662	\$ (265,780)	\$ (96,208)	\$ (941,145)	\$ 571,175	\$ (629,702)
13.78%	16.88%	16.93%	9.31%	9.01%	17.66%

Principal Sources of Revenue Government-Wide Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Revenue Source		2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Principal General Government Revenue Source	ces				
Sales tax	\$	3,347,576	\$ 2,777,646	\$ 2,268,003	\$ 1,892,655
Franchise tax		184,251	193,184	184,118	175,008
Licenses and Permits		296,401	600,157	280,676	278,502
All Other Sources		527,773	781,145	636,678	561,337
	\$	4,356,001	\$ 4,352,132	\$ 3,369,475	\$ 2,907,502

Sales Tax is collected at point of purchase in the City of Hudson Oaks at a total rate of 8.25%. Of that total, 6.25% is State tax, .50% is County tax, and 1.5% is City tax.

Franchise taxes are charged for business conducted in the City but for which no location is available for ad valorem tax. The tax as a percentage of revenue is set by contractual agreements.

Licenses and Permits are charged to business performing various construction projects throughout the City. The revenue is collected before a permit is issued and follows an Ordinance passed by City Council.

Principal Water and Wastewater Funds Revenue Sources

Water Sales - Hudson Oaks	\$ 1,573,015	\$ 1,485,472	\$ 1,431,124	\$ 1,124,593
Wastewater Sales	431,579	401,672	386,507	353,223
All Other Sources	602,725	630,285	601,455	560,456
Total Enterprise Fund Revenue	\$ 2,607,319	\$ 2,517,429	\$ 2,419,086	\$ 2,038,272

Principal Sources of Revenue Government-Wide Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

							Change:
	2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	2011-2020
\$	1,927,350	\$ 1,687,718	\$ 1,608,529	\$ 1,524,171	\$ 1,439,506	\$ 1,375,636	143.35%
	180,364	183,415	165,438	145,824	158,673	143,302	28.58%
	355,804	339,196	414,691	322,735	240,289	162,110	82.84%
	346,786	343,705	180,952	430,566	183,723	199,865	164.06%
\$	2,810,304	\$ 2,554,034	\$ 2,369,610	\$ 2,423,296	\$ 2,022,191	\$ 1,880,913	
S							
\$	1,126,216	\$ 1,133,462	\$ 1,011,033	\$ 980,713	\$ 927,508	\$ 930,997	68.96%
	323,193	323,332	333,576	334,771	271,811	222,902	93.62%
	585,945	559,565	522,259	516,117	531,396	627,778	-3.99%
\$	2,035,354	\$ 2,016,359	\$ 1,866,868	\$ 1,831,601	\$ 1,730,715	\$ 1,781,677	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Sales tax by Business Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Sales Tax by Category	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Retail:										
Motor Vehicle & Parts	\$ 513,317	\$ 424,339	\$ 383,315	\$ 378,243	\$ 2,014	\$ 266,845	\$ 268,017	\$ 255,229	\$ 209,362	\$ 194,096
Furniture & Home furnishings	4,713	3,896	3,178	4,047	3,163	986	1,538	271	318	770
Electronics & Appliance	52,913	43,741	40,832	30,377	2,771	1,235	2,078	16,314	12,725	10,908
Building materials	3,341	2,762	1,961	4,285	3,816	6,028	3,861	5,010	2,541	7,863
Apparel stores	6,893	5,698	6,647	332	6,423	5,798	5,637	5,822	2,386	1,445
General merchandise	1,087,215	898,757	649,684	642,848	641,719	617,950	612,194	615,866	595,896	562,376
All other Retail	125,751	103,954	255,699	249,280	636,479	208,466	191,840	144,591	148,558	189,883
Total Retail	\$ 1,794,144	\$ 1,483,147	\$ 1,341,316	\$ 1,309,412	\$ 1,296,385	\$ 1,107,308	\$ 1,085,165	\$ 1,043,103	\$ 971,786	\$ 967,341
Agriculture/Manufacturing/Mining	78,240	35,353	32,393	42,581	18,513	21,636	21,044	22,199	22,013	12,151
Services	980,429	710,202	277,468	230,017	260,724	245,024	276,562	256,082	229,122	200,475
Wholesalers	88,808	99,286	37,060	14,913	10,980	17,030	21,639	22,745	27,359	26,469
Accomodation & Food	338,607	342,369	279,805	237,838	224,249	191,829	164,350	167,072	158,141	145,369
All Other	67,348	107,290	299,961	57,894	116,499	104,891	39,769	12,970	31,085	23,831
Total Sales Tax Received	\$ 3,347,576	\$ 2,777,646	\$ 2,268,003	\$ 1,892,655	\$ 1,927,350	\$ 1,687,718	\$ 1,608,529	\$ 1,524,171	\$ 1,439,506	\$ 1,375,636
City Sales Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%

Source:

2014 - 2020 - Zactax Sales tax analysis 2011 - 2013 - MuniServices Sales Tax Analysis and Reporting Service

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Water Sales and Wastewater Sales By Type of Customer Last Ten Years

WATER SALES

Type of Customer	2020	2019	2018	2017
Residential (Hudson Oaks & Dyegard)	\$ 1,242,496	\$ 1,134,600	\$ 1,258,970	\$ 991,231
Commercial	\$ 584,390	\$ 581,591	\$ 424,169	\$ 362,011
Other	\$ 29,499	\$ 30,358	\$ 28,679	\$ 11,552
Total	\$ 1,856,385	\$ 1,746,549	\$ 1,711,818	\$ 1,364,794

WASTEWATER SALES

Type of Customer	2020	2019		2018		2017	
Residential	\$ 61,664	\$	66,852	\$	64,574	\$	54,554
Commercial	\$ 364,082	\$	331,288	\$	320,038	\$	297,021
Other	\$ 5,833	\$	3,532	\$	1,895	\$	1,648
Total	\$ 431,579	\$	401,672	\$	386,507	\$	353,223

Note: Source data from monthly billing registers including adjustments.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Water Sales and Wastewater Sales By Type of Customer Last Ten Years

WATER SALES

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 942,041	\$ 1,021,365	\$ 933,875	\$ 897,228	\$ 930,683	\$ 963,707
\$ 397,720	\$ 356,589	\$ 307,777	\$ 311,011	\$ 236,309	\$ 218,917
\$ 33,012	\$ 91,573	\$ 112,740	\$ 107,591	\$ 94,162	\$ 157,651
\$ 1,372,773	\$ 1,469,527	\$ 1,354,392	\$ 1,315,830	\$ 1,261,154	\$ 1,340,275

WASTEWATER SALES

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 37,447	\$ 41,515	\$ 40,257	\$ 50,308	\$ 40,969	\$ 31,040
\$ 276,746	\$ 281,817	\$ 293,219	\$ 284,463	\$ 230,842	\$ 191,862
\$ 9,000	\$ 10,500	\$ 7,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 1,500
\$ 323,193	\$ 333,832	\$ 340,476	\$ 343,771	\$ 278,811	\$ 224,402

Top Ten Utility Rate Payers by Rate Type Compared to Five Years Ago (Unaudited) September 30, 2020

Ten Largest Water Customers	Annual Gallons ((in hundreds of g			
Customers	Rank	2020	Rank	2015
Jerry's Fleet	1	330,890		
Southwest Ford	2	264,770		
HEB Grocery	3	250,330		
Splash Kingdom	4	202,520	3	175,950
Jerry's Main Building	5	188,570	2	220,300
Jerry's Hyundai	6	185,230	1	246,920
Cantrell Development	7	155,930		
Wal-Mart Stores	8	153,110		
Shottenkirk Texas	9	150,200		
Chick-fil-A Irrigation	10	129,110		
Wal-Mart Stores			4	169,210
Wal-Mart Stores Irrigation			5	154,230
Southwest Ford			6	139,560
Jerry's Hyundai Irrigation			7	134,650
Jerry's Buick			8	130,920
New River Followship			9	112,420
Jerry's Collison			10	111,530

Utility Service Rates Water, Dyegard Water and Wastewater September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

Hudson Oaks Water Rate Structure

Residential

Base Rate - I	Meter Charge	Usage Char	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	41.00	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	78.00	0 to 5,000	\$4.29 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	115.00	5,001 to 10,000	\$4.95 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	245.00	10,001 to 30,000	\$6.33 per 1,000 gallons				
3.00 inch meter	300.00	30,001 to above	\$7.57 per 1,000 gallons				

Commercial

Base	Rate - Meter Charge	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	41.00	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate			
1.00 inch meter	78.00	0 to 15,000	\$5.49 per 1,000 gallons			
1.50 inch meter	115.00	15,001 to 35,000	\$7.23 per 1,000 gallons			
2.00 inch meter	245.00	35,001 to 65,000	\$8.49 per 1,000 gallons			
3.00 inch meter	300.00	65,001 and above	\$9.99 per 1,000 gallons			

Dyegard Water Rate Structure

Base Rate -	Meter Charge	Usage Char	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	59.50	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	82.00	0 to 5,000	\$4.29 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	119.00	5,001 to 10,000	\$4.95 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	215.00	10,001 to 30,000	\$6.33 per 1,000 gallons				
		30,001 to above	\$7.57 per 1,000 gallons				

Wastewater charge: Based on winter averaged gallons of water use.

Residential: \$18.00 base rate + \$4.78 per 1,000 gallons used upon winter averaging.

Commercial: \$18.00 base rate + \$11.40 per 1,000 gallons used upon winter averaging.

Government Wide Outstanding Debt Last Ten Years

September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities							Business-type Activities						
Fiscal Year	(General Obligation Bonds	Taz Ce	Combined x & Revenue ertificates of Obligations	Notes and Lease/ Purchases		General Obligation Bonds		Combined Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation		Notes and Lease/ Purchases			
2011	\$	890,000	\$	1,565,000	\$	-	\$	1,050,000	\$	2,915,000	\$	490,834		
2012	\$	890,000	\$	2,280,700	\$	30,198	\$	925,000	\$	4,954,300	\$	65,745		
2013	\$	890,000	\$	2,179,650	\$	226,701	\$	795,000	\$	4,785,350	\$	31,773		
2014	\$	810,000	\$	2,072,250	\$	182,099	\$	665,000	\$	4,607,750	\$	-		
2015	\$	730,000	\$	1,959,850	\$	91,922	\$	530,000	\$	5,620,150	\$	-		
2016	\$	444,412	\$	7,829,045	\$	50,211	\$	612,519	\$	6,079,854	\$	-		
2017	\$	348,236	\$	7,532,570	\$	53,248	\$	480,640	\$	5,810,875	\$	22,075		
2018	\$	247,060	\$	9,804,278	\$	76,296	\$	343,761	\$	5,361,850	\$	39,484		
2019	\$	185,884	\$	9,388,650	\$	58,965	\$	261,882	\$	4,989,124	\$	24,180		
2020	\$	125,000	\$	8,917,220	\$	82,507	\$	2,370,000	\$	9,458,568	\$	59,306		

 Total Gov	ernment-wide Indebt			
 Total vernment-wide ndebtedness	Estimated Population	Total Debt per Capita	er Capita Income	Debt as Percent of Personal Income
\$ 6,910,834	1741	3,969.46	\$ 42,605	9%
\$ 9,145,943	1870	4,890.88	\$ 44,847	11%
\$ 8,908,474	1659	5,369.79	\$ 47,645	11%
\$ 8,337,099	1871	4,455.96	\$ 45,999	10%
\$ 8,931,922	1952	4,575.78	\$ 43,821	10%
\$ 15,016,041	2160	6,951.87	\$ 44,841	16%
\$ 14,247,644	2160	6,596.13	\$ 46,146	14%
\$ 15,872,729	2345	6,768.75	\$ 45,511	15%
\$ 14,908,685	2407	6,193.89	\$ 49,170	13%
\$ 21,012,601	2633	7,980.48	\$ 48,909	16%

Total Government-wide Indebtedness

Ratio of Annual Debt Service For General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest and Charges	 Total Debt Service	otal General xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to Total General Expenditures
2011	\$ 70,000	\$ 94,065	\$ 164,065	\$ 1,670,016	9.82%
2012	\$ 101,050	\$ 113,322	\$ 214,372	\$ 1,991,797	10.76%
2013	\$ 187,400	\$ 109,831	\$ 297,231	\$ 2,205,826	13.47%
2014	\$ 192,400	\$ 104,508	\$ 296,908	\$ 2,142,755	13.86%
2015	\$ 192,400	\$ 98,980	\$ 291,380	\$ 2,215,816	13.15%
2016	\$ 202,400	\$ 90,430	\$ 292,830	\$ 2,274,478	12.87%
2017	\$ 378,750	\$ 298,872	\$ 677,622	\$ 2,087,659	32.46%
2018	\$ 445,000	\$ 256,955	\$ 701,955	\$ 2,317,438	30.29%
2019	\$ 460,000	\$ 368,774	\$ 828,774	\$ 3,392,413	24.43%
2020	\$ 510,000	\$ 314,680	\$ 824,680	\$ 3,331,021	24.76%

Estimated Direct and Overlaping Supported Gross Debt Schedule as of September 30, 2020 (unaudited)

Government Subdivision	 Gross Debt	Estimated Percent Applicable (1)	C	Direct and Estimated Overlapping conded Debt
Direct:				
City of Hudson Oaks	\$ 20,870,788	100%	\$	20,870,788
Total direct debt			\$	20,870,788
Overlapping:				
Weatherford Independent School District	113,501,325	9.67%		10,975,578
Parker County	144,375,000	2.87%		4,143,563
Parker County Junior College District	3,030,000	2.87%		86,961
Total gross overlapping debt			\$	15,206,102
Total gross overlapping debt and direct debt			\$	36,076,890
Direct and overlapping gross debt per capita A.			\$	13,702

A. Based on population estimate of 2,633 as of 9/30/20.

Note 1: The "EstimatedPercentage Overlapping" is determined by dividing the City's certified taxable value by the County and related other County entities certified taxable values. The share of market value for Weatherford Independent School District, Parker County and Parker County Junior College District are calculated by the Parker County appraisal district.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Unemployment Rate								
Year Ended	Tear Ended Estimated		School	Per Capita				
September 30	Population	Parker County	Enrollment	Income				
2011	1741	6.9%	416	\$	42,605			
2012	1870	5.9%	488	\$	44,847			
2013	1659	5.5%	355	\$	47,645			
2014	1871	4.6%	368	\$	45,999			
2015	1952	4.2%	431	\$	43,821			
2016	2160	4.3%	453	\$	44,841			
2017	2160	3.7%	509	\$	46,146			
2018	2345	3.1%	527	\$	45,511			
2019	2407	3.0%	541	\$	49,170			
2020	2633	6.1%	N/A	\$	48,909			

Sources:

Population, school enrollment and Per capita income from http://data.census.gov Unemployment rates from Texas Workforce Commission Web site

City Employees by Job Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Count of Employees by Year

Job Classification	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Waterworkers	7	7	6	6	7	7	8	6	7	7
Police Officers	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	12
Clerical-Office	7	6	7	6	6	7	8	9	7	7
Total	26	25	25	23	24	25	27	26	25	26

Source: Texas Municipal League Workers Compensation audit figures and current year approved, budgeted positions.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017
City owned Equipment				
City-owned Equipment	17	1.5	1.4	10
Vehicles	17	15	14	13
Mobile equipment	5	5	5	5
Street Department				
Miles of roadway	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.86 miles
City Parks				
Maintained Public Parks	4 acres	4 acres	4 acres	4 acres
Water Department				
Water lines (in miles)	26.57	26.57	26.57	26.23
Wells	28	28	27	27
Water plant	8	8	8	8
Wastewater Department				
Lift Stations	6	6	6	6
Sewer Lines (in miles)	11.75	11.75	11.75	11.51

Source: City of Hudson Oaks records

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2012	FY 2011
12	14	14	14	14	14
5	4	4	4	3	3

21.86 miles 21.46 miles 21.46 miles 21.46 miles 21.46 miles 21.31 miles

| 4 acres |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 25.73 | 25.53 | 24.46 | 21.22 | 21.22 | 21.22 |
| 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 10.71 | 10.51 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 8.9 |

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017
Municipal Court				
Citations issued	56	110	141	470
Police Department				
Calls for Service	6063	6968	5,683	4,123
Arrests	35	61	75	151
Accidents	185	187	200	227
Community Services				
Building Permits Issued	224	203	148	142
Building Permits Value	\$ 17,528,870	\$ 31,268,397	\$ 12,254,451	\$ 15,089,718
Utility Department				
Water connections	1,187	1,170	1,153	1,143
Sewer connections	202	194	182	172
Water Department, in gallons (000)				
Water purchased or pumped	195,112,374	196,400,499	213,704,600	188,959,200
Water sold to customers	177,888,997	179,456,650	187,197,147	172,927,000

Source: City of Hudson Oaks records from these departments.

In 2011, the City began servicing the Dyegard water system customers.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2012	FY 2011
634	739	931	1,023	808	1,073
6,679	7,791	9,361	11,218	12,214	12,841
123	156	197	252	407	328
170	167	160	131	87	77
241	175	185	218	124	148
\$ 22,081,434	\$ 21,121,918	\$ 27,702,865	\$ 16,627,435	\$ 15,778,748	\$ 15,513,979
φ 22,001,τ3τ	φ 21,121,910	\$ 27,702,805	\$ 10,027,435	φ 13,776,746	\$ 10,010,777
1,124	1,123	1,099	1,063	1,019	987
163	147	126	110	97	84
100					
191,223,700	195,881,380	187,782,000	303,751,900	178,441,100	184,669,900
180,189,000	176,945,792	173,770,113	175,366,617	175,470,230	178,692,200

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

George, Morgan . freed P.C.

Weatherford, Texas March 18, 2021